

KeyView

Software Version 12.1

Filter SDK C++ Programming Guide



Document Release Date: October 2018
Software Release Date: October 2018

Legal notices

Copyright notice

© Copyright 2016-2018 Micro Focus or one of its affiliates.

The only warranties for products and services of Micro Focus and its affiliates and licensors ("Micro Focus") are set forth in the express warranty statements accompanying such products and services. Nothing herein should be construed as constituting an additional warranty. Micro Focus shall not be liable for technical or editorial errors or omissions contained herein. The information contained herein is subject to change without notice.

Documentation updates

The title page of this document contains the following identifying information:

- Software Version number, which indicates the software version.
- Document Release Date, which changes each time the document is updated.
- Software Release Date, which indicates the release date of this version of the software.

You can check for more recent versions of a document through the [MySupport portal](#). Many areas of the portal, including the one for documentation, require you to sign in with a Software Passport. If you need a Passport, you can create one when prompted to sign in.

Additionally, if you subscribe to the appropriate product support service, you will receive new or updated editions of documentation. Contact your Micro Focus sales representative for details.

Support

Visit the [MySupport portal](#) to access contact information and details about the products, services, and support that Micro Focus offers.

This portal also provides customer self-solve capabilities. It gives you a fast and efficient way to access interactive technical support tools needed to manage your business. As a valued support customer, you can benefit by using the MySupport portal to:

- Search for knowledge documents of interest
- Access product documentation
- View software vulnerability alerts
- Enter into discussions with other software customers
- Download software patches
- Manage software licenses, downloads, and support contracts
- Submit and track service requests
- Contact customer support
- View information about all services that Support offers

Many areas of the portal require you to sign in with a Software Passport. If you need a Passport, you can create one when prompted to sign in. To learn about the different access levels the portal uses, see the [Access Levels descriptions](#).

Contents

| | |
|--|-----------|
| Part I: Overview of Filter SDK | 11 |
| Chapter 1: Introducing Filter SDK | 12 |
| Overview | 12 |
| Features | 12 |
| Platforms, Compilers, and Dependencies | 13 |
| Supported Platforms | 13 |
| Supported Compilers | 13 |
| C++ Filter SDK | 14 |
| Software Dependencies | 14 |
| Windows Installation | 15 |
| UNIX Installation | 16 |
| Package Contents | 17 |
| License Information | 18 |
| Enable Advanced Document Readers | 18 |
| Update License Information | 18 |
| Directory Structure | 19 |
| Chapter 2: Getting Started | 21 |
| Use the C++ Language Implementation of the API | 21 |
| Build the C++ API | 21 |
| Create a KeyView Session | 22 |
| Configure your session | 22 |
| Detect the Format of a File | 23 |
| Filter a File | 23 |
| Extract Subfiles | 23 |
| Extract Metadata | 24 |
| Exceptions | 24 |
| Generic IO Types | 24 |
| Part II: Use Filter SDK | 27 |
| Chapter 3: Use the File Extraction API | 28 |
| Introduction | 28 |
| Extract Subfiles | 29 |
| Extract Images | 30 |
| Extract Mail Metadata | 30 |
| Default Metadata Set | 30 |
| Extract the Default Metadata Set | 31 |
| Extract Subfiles from Outlook Express Files | 31 |
| Extract Subfiles from Mailbox Files | 31 |
| Extract Subfiles from Outlook Personal Folders Files | 32 |
| Use the Native or MAPI-based Reader | 32 |

| | |
|---|----|
| Use the Native PST Reader (pstnsr) | 33 |
| Use the MAPI Reader (psts) | 33 |
| System Requirements | 33 |
| MAPI Attachment Methods | 34 |
| Open Secured PST Files | 35 |
| Detect PST Files While the Outlook Client is Running | 35 |
| Extract Subfiles from Lotus Domino XML Language Files | 35 |
| Extract .DXL Files to HTML | 36 |
| Extract Subfiles from Lotus Notes Database Files | 36 |
| System Requirements | 36 |
| Installation and Configuration | 37 |
| Windows | 37 |
| Solaris | 37 |
| AIX 5.x | 38 |
| Linux | 38 |
| Open Secured NSF Files | 39 |
| Format Note Subfiles | 39 |
| Extract Subfiles from PDF Files | 39 |
| Improve Performance for PDFs with Many Small Images | 39 |
| Extract Embedded OLE Objects | 39 |
| Extract Subfiles from ZIP Files | 40 |
| Extract Metadata | 40 |
| Chapter 4: Use the Filter API | 41 |
| Generate an Error Log | 41 |
| Enable or Disable Error Logging | 42 |
| Use the API | 42 |
| Use Environment Variables | 42 |
| Change the Path and File Name of the Log File | 42 |
| Report Memory Errors | 42 |
| Use the API | 43 |
| Use Environment Variables | 43 |
| Specify a Memory Guard | 43 |
| Specify the Maximum Size of the Log File | 43 |
| Extract Metadata | 44 |
| Convert Character Sets | 44 |
| Determine the Character Set of the Output Text | 44 |
| Guidelines for Character Set Conversion | 45 |
| Set the Character Set During Filtering | 45 |
| Set the Character Set During Subfile Extraction | 46 |
| Extract Deleted Text Marked by Tracked Changes | 46 |
| Filter a File | 46 |
| Filter PDF Files | 47 |
| Filter PDF Files to a Logical Reading Order | 47 |
| Enable Logical Reading Order | 48 |
| Use the C++ API | 48 |
| Use the formats.ini File | 48 |

| | |
|---|----|
| Rotated Text | 49 |
| Extract Custom Metadata from PDF Files | 49 |
| Extract All Custom Metadata | 49 |
| Filter Tagged PDF Content | 49 |
| Skip Embedded Fonts | 50 |
| Use the formats.ini File | 50 |
| Use the C++ API | 50 |
| Control Hyphenation | 51 |
| Use the formats.ini File | 51 |
| Use the C++ API | 51 |
| Filter Spreadsheet Files | 51 |
| Filter Worksheet Names | 51 |
| Filter Hidden Text in Microsoft Excel Files | 51 |
| Specify Date and Time Format on UNIX Systems | 52 |
| Filter Very Large Numbers in Spreadsheet Cells to Precision Numbers | 52 |
| Extract Microsoft Excel Formulas | 53 |
| Configure Headers and Footers | 54 |
| Filter Hidden Data | 55 |
| Hidden Data in HTML Documents | 55 |
| Tab Delimited Output for Embedded Tables | 55 |
| Table Detection for PDF Files | 56 |
| Exclude Japanese Guide Text | 56 |
| Source Code Identification | 56 |
| Chapter 5: Sample Programs | 59 |
| Introduction | 59 |
| Build the Sample Programs | 59 |
| Run the Sample Programs | 60 |
| detect | 60 |
| extract | 61 |
| filter_document | 61 |
| metadata | 62 |
| subfiles | 62 |
| filter_container | 62 |
| Part III: C++ API Reference | 63 |
| Chapter 7: InputTypes and OutputTypes | 65 |
| Chapter 8: The keyview Namespace | 67 |
| The Session Class | 67 |
| Constructor | 67 |
| config | 68 |
| detect | 68 |
| filter | 68 |
| metadata_map | 68 |
| subfiles | 69 |
| The Configuration Class | 69 |

| | |
|-----------------------------------|----|
| Constructor | 69 |
| custom_pdf_metadata | 69 |
| date_time_field_codes | 69 |
| extraction_timeout | 70 |
| filename_field_code | 70 |
| formatted_mail | 70 |
| header_and_footer | 70 |
| header_and_footer_tags | 71 |
| hidden_text | 71 |
| no_encoding_conversion | 71 |
| out_of_process_log | 71 |
| out_of_process_memory_log | 72 |
| password | 72 |
| pdf_logical_reading | 72 |
| revision_marks | 72 |
| skip_comments | 73 |
| skip_embedded_fonts | 73 |
| skip_thumbnail | 73 |
| soft_hyphens | 73 |
| source_encoding | 74 |
| tagged_pdf_content | 74 |
| target_encoding | 74 |
| string& temporary_directory | 74 |
| timeout | 75 |
| unicode_byte_order_marker | 75 |
| The DetectionInfo Class | 75 |
| appleDoubleEncoded | 75 |
| appleSingleEncoded | 75 |
| category | 76 |
| category_name | 76 |
| description | 76 |
| encrypted | 76 |
| extension | 76 |
| format | 77 |
| macBinaryEncoded | 77 |
| version | 77 |
| wangGDLencoded | 77 |
| windowRMSEncrypted | 77 |
| The Container Class | 77 |
| The Subfile Class | 78 |
| extract | 78 |
| children | 78 |
| index | 78 |
| is_folder | 79 |
| mail_metadata | 79 |
| parent | 79 |

| | |
|---|-----|
| rawname | 79 |
| size | 79 |
| time | 80 |
| Enumerations | 80 |
| LogicalPDFDirection | 80 |
| Exceptions | 80 |
| Chapter 9: The keyview::io Namespace | 83 |
| InputFile | 83 |
| Constructors | 83 |
| OutputFile | 83 |
| Constructors | 83 |
| OutputStdout | 83 |
| Constructors | 84 |
| InMemoryFile | 84 |
| Constructors | 84 |
| Appendixes | 85 |
| Appendix A: Supported Formats | 86 |
| Supported Formats | 86 |
| Archive Formats | 87 |
| Binary Format | 89 |
| Computer-Aided Design Formats | 90 |
| Database Formats | 91 |
| Desktop Publishing | 92 |
| Display Formats | 92 |
| Graphic Formats | 93 |
| Mail Formats | 97 |
| Multimedia Formats | 100 |
| Presentation Formats | 103 |
| Spreadsheet Formats | 106 |
| Text and Markup Formats | 108 |
| Word Processing Formats | 109 |
| Appendix B: Detected Formats | 115 |
| Detected Formats | 116 |
| Appendix C: Character Sets | 176 |
| Multibyte and Bidirectional Support | 176 |
| Coded Character Sets | 184 |
| Appendix D: Extract and Format Lotus Notes Subfiles | 190 |
| Overview | 190 |
| Customize XML Templates | 190 |
| Use Demo Templates | 191 |
| Use Old Templates | 191 |
| Disable XML Templates | 191 |
| Template Elements and Attributes | 192 |

| | |
|---|-----|
| Conditional Elements | 192 |
| Control Elements | 193 |
| Data Elements | 194 |
| Date and Time Formats | 197 |
| Lotus Notes Date and Time Formats | 197 |
| KeyView Date and Time Formats | 198 |
| Appendix E: File Format Detection | 203 |
| Introduction | 203 |
| Extract Format Information | 203 |
| Determine Format Support | 203 |
| Example formats.ini file entries | 204 |
| Refine Detection of Text Files | 204 |
| Allow Consecutive NULL Bytes in a Text File | 205 |
| Translate Format Information | 206 |
| Distinguish Between Formats | 206 |
| Determine a Document Reader | 207 |
| Category Values in formats.ini | 207 |
| Appendix F: List of Required Files for Redistribution | 251 |
| Core Files | 251 |
| Support Files | 252 |
| Document Readers | 253 |
| Appendix G: Develop a Custom Reader | 260 |
| Introduction | 260 |
| How to Write a Custom Reader | 261 |
| Naming Conventions | 261 |
| Basic Steps | 262 |
| Token Buffer | 262 |
| Macros | 263 |
| Reader Interface | 264 |
| Function Flow | 264 |
| Example Development of fffFillBuffer() | 265 |
| Implementation 1—fpFillBuffer() Function | 265 |
| Structure of Implementation 1 | 266 |
| Problems with Implementation 1 | 266 |
| Implementation 2—Processing a Large Token Stream | 266 |
| Structure of Implementation 2 | 267 |
| Problems with Implementation 2 | 268 |
| Boundary Conditions | 268 |
| Implementation 3—Interrupting Structured Access Layer Calls | 269 |
| Structure of Implementation 3 | 271 |
| Development Tips | 271 |
| Functions | 272 |
| xxxsrAutoDet() | 272 |
| xxxAllocateContext() | 273 |
| xxxFreeContext() | 274 |

| | |
|---|---------|
| xxxInitDoc() | 274 |
| xxxFillBuffer() | 275 |
| xxxGetSummaryInfo() | 276 |
| xxxOpenStream() | 277 |
| xxxCloseStream() | 278 |
| xxxCharSet() | 278 |
| Appendix H: Password Protected Files | 280 |
| Supported Password Protected File Types | 280 |
| Send documentation feedback | 282 |

Part I: Overview of Filter SDK

This section provides an overview of the Micro Focus KeyView Filter SDK and describes how to use the C++ implementation of the API.

Chapter 1: Introducing Filter SDK

This section describes the Filter SDK package.

| | |
|--|----|
| • Overview | 12 |
| • Features | 12 |
| • Platforms, Compilers, and Dependencies | 13 |
| • Windows Installation | 15 |
| • UNIX Installation | 16 |
| • Package Contents | 17 |
| • License Information | 18 |
| • Directory Structure | 19 |

Overview

Micro Focus KeyView Filter SDK enables you to incorporate text extraction functionality into your own applications. It extracts text and metadata from a wide variety of file formats on numerous platforms, and can automatically recognize over 300 document types. It supports both file-based and stream-based I/O operations, and provides in-process or out-of-process filtering.

Filter SDK is part of the KeyView suite of products. KeyView provides high-speed text extraction, conversion to web-ready HTML and well-formed XML, and high-fidelity document viewing.

Features

- Document readers are threadsafe. The benefit of a threadsafe technology is that you can successfully extract text from hundreds of documents simultaneously. Documents are not queued for sequential filtering, but are actually filtered at the same time.
- Filter supports popular word processing, spreadsheet, and presentation formats. Body text, endnotes, footnotes, and additional items such as document metadata are all included as part of the filtering process.
- Sample programs are provided to demonstrate the functionality of the APIs.
- You can extract files embedded within files, such as email attachments or embedded OLE objects, by using the File Extraction API.
- You can configure memory management. If using the C API, you can provide your own memory allocator to the document readers.
- Filter allows for redirected input and output. You can provide an input stream that is not restricted to file system access.

- Filter automatically recognizes the file type being filtered and uses the appropriate filter. Your application does not need to rely on file name extensions to determine file types.
- You can filter documents to specific character encodings, such as Unicode or UTF-8.
- You can use Filter SDK in conjunction with other KeyView technologies, such as the Index, Highlight, and Annotate APIs.
- You can write custom document readers for formats not directly supported by KeyView.

Platforms, Compilers, and Dependencies

This section lists the supported platforms, supported compilers, and software dependencies for the KeyView software.

Supported Platforms

- CentOS 7
- FreeBSD 8.1 x86
- IBM AIX L6.1 PowerPC 32-bit and 64-bit
- IBM AIX L7.1 PowerPC 32-bit and 64-bit
- Mac OS X Mountain Lion 10.8 or higher on 32- and 64-bit Apple-Intel architecture
- Microsoft Windows Vista Business Edition x86 and x64. Other editions of Vista have not been tested, but are likely supported.
- Microsoft Windows 2008 Server Enterprise Edition x86 and x64
- Microsoft Windows 2008 Server R2
- Microsoft Windows 7 x86 and x64
- Microsoft Windows 8 x86 and x64
- Oracle Solaris 10 SPARC
- Oracle Solaris 10 x86 and x64
- Red Hat Enterprise Linux 5.0 x86 and x64
- Red Hat Enterprise Linux 6.0 x86 and x64
- SuSE Linux Enterprise Server 10, 10.1, 11, x86 and x64

Supported Compilers

| Platform | Architecture | Compiler Name | Compiler Version |
|-----------|--------------|---------------|--|
| Microsoft | x86 | cl | Microsoft 32-bit C/C++ Optimizing Compiler |

| Platform | Architecture | Compiler Name | Compiler Version |
|-------------|-------------------------------|---------------|--|
| Windows | | | Version 16.00.30319.01 for x86 |
| | x64 | cl | Microsoft C/C++ Optimizing Compiler Version 16.00.30319.01 for x64 |
| Sun Solaris | x86 64-bit | Sun Studio 12 | Sun C 5.9 SunOS_i386 Patch 124868-01 2007/07/12 |
| | SPARC 64-bit | Sun Studio 11 | Sun C 5.8 Patch 121015-06 2007/10/03 |
| Linux | x86 | gcc / g++ | 3.4.3 (Redhat 4), 4.1.0 (SuSE Linux 10) |
| | x64 | gcc / g++ | 4.1.0 (Redhat 4), 4.1.0 (SuSE Linux 10) |
| IBM AIX | Power | xLC_r / cc_r | IBM XL C/C++ Enterprise Edition V8.0 |
| Mac OSX | Apple-Intel 32-bit and 64-bit | LLVM | Apple LLVM 5.1 (clang-503.0.40) (based on LLVM 3.4svn) |
| FreeBSD | BSD x86 | gcc / g++ | 4.2.1 [FreeBSD] 20070719 |

Supported Compilers for Java Components

| Component | Compiler |
|-----------------|----------|
| Java components | Java 1.5 |

C++ Filter SDK

The C++ Filter SDK is supported on:

- Linux using GCC 5 or later
- Windows using Visual Studio 2015 or later

Software Dependencies

Some KeyView components require specific third-party software:

- Java Runtime Environment (JRE) or Java Software Developer Kit (JDK) version 1.5 is required for Java API and graphics conversion in Export SDK.
- Outlook 2002 client or later versions is required when processing Microsoft Outlook Personal Folders (PST) files using the MAPI-based reader (*pstsr*). The native PST reader (*pstnsr*) does not require an Outlook client.

NOTE:

If you are using 32-bit KeyView, you must install 32-bit Outlook. If you are using 64-bit KeyView, you must install 64-bit Outlook.

If the bit editions do not match, an error message from Microsoft Office Outlook is displayed:

Either there is a no default mail client or the current mail client cannot fulfill the messaging request. Please run Microsoft Outlook and set it as the default mail client.

Additionally, KeyView displays the following return code:

Error 32: KVErrors_PSTAccessFailed.

- Lotus Notes or Lotus Domino is required for Lotus Notes database (NSF) file processing. The minimum requirement is 6.5.1, but version 8.5 is recommended.
- The Microsoft .NET Framework is required if you are using the .NET implementation of the API.
- Microsoft Visual C++ 2013 and Microsoft Visual C++ 2010 Redistributables (Windows only).

Windows Installation

To install the SDK on Windows, use the following procedure.

To install the SDK

1. Run the installation program, `KeyViewProductNameSDK_VersionNumber_OS.exe`, where *ProductName* is the name of the product, *VersionNumber* is the product version number, and *OS* is the operating system.

For example:

`KeyViewFilterSDK_12.1_Windows_X86_64.exe`


The installation wizard opens.

2. Read the instructions and click **Next**.

The License Agreement page opens.

3. Read the agreement. If you agree to the terms, click **I accept the agreement**, and then click **Next**.

The Installation Directory page opens.

4. Select the directory in which to install the SDK. To specify a directory other than the default, click , and then specify another directory. After choosing where to install the SDK, click **Next**.

The License Key page opens.

5. Type the company name and license key that were provided when you purchased KeyView, and

then click **Next**.

- The company name is case sensitive.
- The license key is a string that contains 31 characters.

NOTE:

The installation program validates the company name and license key and generates the file `install\OS\bin\kv.lic` (where `install` is your chosen installation folder and `OS` is the name of the operating system platform). The license information is validated when the KeyView API is used. If you do not enter a license key at this step, or if you enter invalid information, the KeyView SDK is installed, but the API does not function. When you obtain a valid license key, you can either re-install the KeyView SDK, or manually update the license key file (`kv.lic`) with the new information. For more information, see [License Information, on page 18](#).

The Pre-Installation Summary dialog box opens.

6. Review the settings, and then click **Next**.

The SDK is installed.

7. Click **Finish**.

UNIX Installation

To install the SDK, use one of the following procedures.

To install the SDK from the graphical interface

- Run the installation program and follow the on-screen instructions.

To install the SDK from the console

1. Run the installation program from the console as follows:

```
./KeyViewFilterSDK_VersionNumber_Platform.exe --mode text
```

where:

`VersionNumber` is the product version.

`Platform` is the name of the platform.

2. Read the welcome message and instructions and press `Enter`.

The first page of the license agreement is displayed.

3. Read the license information, pressing `Enter` to continue through the text. After you finish reading the text, and if you accept the agreement, type `y` and press `Enter`.

You are asked to choose an installation folder.

4. Type an absolute path or press `Enter` to accept the default location.
You are asked for license information.
5. At the **Company Name** prompt, type the company name that was provided when you purchased KeyView, and then press `Enter`. The company name is case sensitive.
6. At the **License Key** prompt, type the license key that was provided when you purchased KeyView, and then press `Enter`. The license key is a string that contains 31 characters.

NOTE:

The installation program generates the file `install\OS\bin\kv.lic` (where `install` is your chosen installation folder and `OS` is the name of the operating system platform). The license information is validated when the KeyView API is used. If you do not enter a license key at this step, or if you enter invalid information, the KeyView SDK is installed but the API does not function. When you obtain a valid license key, you can either re-install the KeyView SDK, or manually update the license key file (`kv.lic`) with the new information. For more information, see [License Information, on the next page](#).

The Pre-Installation summary is displayed.

7. If you are satisfied with the information displayed in the summary, press `Enter`.

The SDK is installed.

Package Contents

The Filter SDK installation contains:

- All the libraries and executables necessary for extracting text from a wide variety of formats.
- The include files that define the functions and structures used by the application to establish an interface with Filter:

| | |
|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| <code>adapi.h</code> | <code>kvfilter.h</code> |
| <code>adinfo.h</code> | <code>kvioobj.h</code> |
| <code>kvcfsr.h</code> | <code>kvtoken.h</code> |
| <code>kvxtract.h</code> | <code>kvtypes.h</code> |
| <code>kvfilt.h</code> | <code>kvxtract.h</code> |
| <code>kvfilt2.h</code> | <code>kwautdef.h</code> |

- The Java API implemented in the package `com.verity.api.filter` contained in the file `KeyView.jar`.
- The .NET API implemented in the namespace `Autonomy.API.Filter` in the library `FilterDotNet.dll`.
- The C++ SDK, which can be found in the `cppapi` folder.
- Sample programs that demonstrate File Extraction and Filter functionality using the APIs.

- The files necessary to create a custom document reader, and the source for a sample document reader for UTF-8. See [Develop a Custom Reader, on page 260](#).

License Information

During installation, the installation program validates the organization name and license key that you enter, and generates the *install/OS/bin/kv.lic* file, where *install* is the directory in which you installed KeyView, and *OS* is the operating system. This file is opened and validated when the KeyView API is used.

The *kv.lic* file contains the organization name and the 31-digit license key you specified during installation. The contents of a *kv.lic* file looks similar to the following:

```
Company Name  
XXXXXXXX-XXXXXXXX-XXXXXXXX-XXXXXXXX
```

The license key controls whether the following are enabled:

- the full version of the KeyView SDK
- the trial version of the KeyView SDK
- language detection and advanced document readers—The following components are considered advanced features, and are licensed separately:
 - Microsoft Outlook Personal Folders (PST) reader (*pstsr* and *pstnsr*)
 - Lotus Notes database (NSF) reader (*nsfsr*)
 - Mailbox (MBX) reader (*mbxsr*)
 - Character set detection library (*kvlangdetect*)

If you change the license key at any time, you must update the licensing information in the *kv.lic* file. See [Update License Information](#).

Enable Advanced Document Readers

To enable advanced readers in one of the KeyView SDKs, you must obtain an appropriate license key from Micro Focus and update the installed license key with the new information as described in [Update License Information](#).

If you are enabling the MBX reader in an existing installation of Filter, in addition to updating the license key, change the parameter *208=eml* to *208=mbx* in the *formats.ini* file.

Update License Information

If you currently have an evaluation version of KeyView and have purchased a full version of the SDK, or you are adding a document reader (for example, the PST reader), you must update the license information that was installed with the original version of the KeyView SDK.

If you installed a full version of KeyView, but did not enter licensing information at the time of installation, you must also update the license information.

To update the information, do one of the following:

- Manually update the license information that is stored in the text file named `kv.lic`.
- Re-install the product and enter the new license information when prompted.

To update the KeyView license information

1. Open the license key file, `kv.lic`, in a text editor. The file is in the `install\OS\bin` directory, where `install` is the directory in which you installed KeyView, and `OS` is the operating system. The file contains the following text:

```
COMPANY NAME  
XXXXXXX-XXXXXXX-XXXXXXX-XXXXXXX
```

2. Replace the text `COMPANY NAME` with the company name that appears at the top of the License Key Sheet provided by Micro Focus. Enter the text exactly as it appears in the document.
3. Replace the characters `XXXXXX-XXXXXXX-XXXXXXX-XXXXXXX` with the appropriate license key from the License Key Sheet provided by Micro Focus. The license key is listed in the **Key** column in the **Standalone Products** table. The key is a string that contains 31 characters, for example, `2TQD22D-2M6FV66-2KPF23S-2GEM5AB`. Enter the characters exactly as they appear in the document, including the dashes, but do not include a leading or trailing space.
4. The finished `kv.lic` file looks similar to the following:

```
Autonomy  
24QD22D-2M6FV66-2KPF23S-2G8M59B
```

5. Save the `kv.lic` file.

Directory Structure

The following table describes the directories created during the Filter SDK installation. The variable `install` is the path name of the Filter installation directory (for example, `/usr/autonomy/KeyviewFilterSDK` on UNIX, or `C:\Program Files\Autonomy\KeyviewFilterSDK` on Windows).

The variable `OS` is the operating system for which the SDK is installed. For example, the `bin` directory on a standard 32-bit Windows installation would be located at `C:\Program Files\Autonomy\KeyviewFilterSDK\WINDOWS\bin`.

Installed directory structure

| Directory | Description |
|-----------------------------|--|
| <code>install\OS\bin</code> | Contains the libraries, the format detection file <code>formats.ini</code> , the license key file <code>kv.lic</code> , and other supporting files. |
| <code>install\OS\lib</code> | (Solaris installations only) Contains the redistributable <code>libstlport.so.1</code> library, which is required to run KeyView on Solaris platforms. |

Installed directory structure, continued

| Directory | Description |
|---|--|
| <code>install\dotnetapi</code> | Contains the source files for the .NET API. |
| <code>install\dotnetapi\dotnethelp</code> | Contains the help for the .NET API. |
| <code>install\dotnetapi\sample</code> | Contains the sample programs for the .NET API. |
| <code>install\cppapi</code> | Contains the source files for the C++ API. |
| <code>install\cppapi\sample</code> | Contains the sample programs for the C++ API. |
| <code>install\guide</code> | Contains the KeyView Filter SDK programming guides in PDF and HTML format. |
| <code>install\include</code> | Contains the header files required for Filter. |
| <code>install\javaapi\javadoc</code> | Contains the Javadoc for the Java API. |
| <code>install\javaapi\sample</code> | Contains the source files and sample programs for the Java API. |
| <code>install\rel_notes</code> | Contains the <i>KeyView Filter SDK Release Notes</i> in PDF format. |
| <code>install\samples\filter</code> | Contains a sample program demonstrating the Filter interface for the C API. |
| <code>install\samples\filterca</code> | Contains a C sample program demonstrating extraction of a content access stream. |
| <code>install\samples\pdfini</code> | Contains the initialization file used to extract custom metadata from PDF documents. |
| <code>install\samples\tstxtract</code> | Contains a C sample program demonstrating the File Extraction interface. |
| <code>install\samples\utf8sr</code> | Contains the source for the sample document reader for UTF-8 files. You can use this to create your own custom document readers. |
| <code>install\samples\utf8sr\bin</code> | Contains the C program <code>filtertest</code> . You can use this program to test your custom document readers. See Develop a Custom Reader, on page 260 . |

Chapter 2: Getting Started

This section provides an overview of Filter SDK, and describes how to use the C++ implementation of the API.

| | |
|--|----|
| • Use the C++ Language Implementation of the API | 21 |
| • Build the C++ API | 21 |
| • Create a KeyView Session | 22 |
| • Detect the Format of a File | 23 |
| • Filter a File | 23 |
| • Extract Subfiles | 23 |
| • Extract Metadata | 24 |
| • Exceptions | 24 |
| • Generic IO Types | 24 |

Use the C++ Language Implementation of the API

The C++ API is designed to make extraction of content from documents as straightforward as possible. The primary advantage over the C API is the use of C++ features to provide a simpler interface that is easy to use.

The API consists of:

- Header files that define all of the classes and methods required to provide access to document content. These can be included in your own code to provide easy access to the API.
- Source files that should be compiled into a static library that you can then link to from your code. These implement the functionality that you can access through the headers.

You can find details of all the classes and methods mentioned in this section in the [C++ API Reference](#) section of this guide. The C++ Filter SDK also comes with a number of [Sample Programs](#).

Build the C++ API

This section describes the build process for Windows and Linux.

To build the C++ API on Windows

NOTE:

To build on Windows, you need at least Microsoft Visual Studio 2015.

1. Switch to the `cppapi/bin` directory.
2. At the Visual Studio command prompt, run `nmake -f Makefile`.

This command creates a file called `filtersdk.lib`. You can statically link this into your own binaries in order to use the Filter SDK.

To build the C++ API on Linux

1. Switch to the `cppapi/bin` directory.
2. Run the appropriate command:

GCC 5

```
export CXXFLAGS="-std=c++11"  
make
```

GCC 6

```
make
```

This command creates a file called `filtersdk.a`. You can link this into your own binaries in order to use the Filter SDK.

To build the C++ API on Mac OSX

1. Switch to the `cppapi/bin` directory.
2. Run the following command:

```
export CXXFLAGS="-stdlib=libc++ -std=c++11"
```
3. Run the following command:

```
make -f GNUmakefile
```

Create a KeyView Session

To use the C++ Filter SDK, link the library built in [Build the C++ API](#), and include the following headers in your code:

```
#include "Keyview_FilterSDK.hpp"  
#include "Keyview_IO.hpp"
```

To use the SDK, you must create a KeyView session:

```
auto KV = keyview::Session{bin_path};
```

`bin_path` should be an `std::string` that holds the location of the KeyView Filter SDK binaries.

The `Session` class provides methods to detect, filter, get metadata, and open container files. It also maintains a configuration state that can affect the behaviour of the other API methods.

Configure your session

You can set additional optional configuration options by using the `config()` method of the `Session` object, which returns a reference to the active configuration. The following example provides a password for filtering password-protected files:

```
KV.config().password("myPassword");
```

You can also chain configuration options:

```
KV.config().password("abcde").hidden_text(true).header_and_footer(true);
```

The full set of configuration options you can set are documented in [The Configuration Class](#), on [page 69](#).

Detect the Format of a File

You can detect the format of a file by using the `detect` method. For example:

```
auto myinput = keyview::io::InputFile{ std::string("InputFile.docx") };
auto detection_info = KV.detect(myinput);

// Print out what we found
std::cout << "Format:\t" << static_cast<int>(detection_info.format()) << "\n";
std::cout << "Description:\t" << detection_info.description() << "\n";
std::cout << "Version:\t" << detection_info.version() << "\n";
std::cout << "Category:\t" << static_cast<int>(detection_info.category()) << "\n";
std::cout << "Category Name:\t" << detection_info.category_name() << "\n";
std::cout << "Encrypted:\t" << std::boolalpha << detection_info.encrypted() <<
"\n";
```

Filter a File

You can get a plain text version of the file content by using the `filter` method:

```
auto myinput = keyview::io::InputFile{ std::string("InputFile.docx") };
auto myoutput = keyview::io::OutputFile{ std::string("out.txt") };
KV.filter(myinput, myoutput);
```

Extract Subfiles

You can iterate over subfile information using the `subfiles` method. Each element returned by the iterator contains information about the subfile, and a method to let you extract it if you want to:

```
auto myinput = keyview::io::InputFile{ std::string("InputFile.zip") };
for (const auto& subfile : KV.subfiles(myinput))
{
    auto subfile_path = subfile.rawname();
    auto myoutput = keyview::io::OutputFile{ subfile_path };
    subfile.extract(myoutput);
}
```

NOTE:

This very simple example does not account for folders within container files. For a more

complete example, see the [extract](#) sample program.

NOTE:

The `subfiles` method actually returns an instance of the `keyview::Container` class, defined in `Keyview_Container.hpp` (see [The Container Class, on page 77](#) for more information). This provides access to information about the container, and access to each subfile. Please note that the container maintains a reference to the input file, and so cannot be used after the input file has been destroyed.

Extract Metadata

You can obtain the metadata for a file by calling the [metadata_map](#) method:

```
auto myinput = keyview::io::InputFile{ std::string("InputFile.docx") };
auto metadata = KV.metadata_map(myinput);
for (const auto& it : metadata)
{
    std::cout << it.first << ": " << it.second << '\n';
}
```

The metadata map contains a mapping from field names to field values.

Exceptions

All of the C++ API methods can throw exceptions. KeyView errors take the form of an instance of `keyview_error`, which is itself derived from `std::exception`. The exceptions that can be thrown are defined in `Keyview_Errors.hpp`.

In application code, it is possible to catch and correctly handle many of these exceptions. For example, while processing many files, a `format_not_supported_error` might be thrown. The correct behavior for an application might be to skip this file, or to add it to a list of files that could not be recognized. Similarly, if a `password_protected_error` is thrown and caught, an application might prompt a user to enter a password and then retry.

Generic IO Types

The C++ API makes use of generic types for input and output. For example, the signature of the `filter` method is:

```
template <typename Input_Type, typename Output_Type>
void filter(Input_Type& input, Output_Type& output);
```

Some input and output types are defined in `Keyview_IO.hpp`. These are [InputFile, on page 83](#), [OutputFile, on page 83](#), and [InMemoryFile, on page 84](#). You can create your own input and output types if required.

The requirements of an `InputType` are that it provides `read`, `seek`, and `tell` methods that conform to the example signatures of the `keyview::InputFile`. The requirement of an `OutputType` is that it provides

a write method that conforms to the example signature of the `keyview::OutputFile`. A class can be valid as both an `InputType` and `OutputType`.

Part II: Use Filter SDK

This section explains how to perform some basic tasks by using the File Extraction and Filter APIs, and describes the sample programs.

Chapter 3: Use the File Extraction API

This section describes how to extract subfiles from a container file by using the File Extraction API.

| | |
|---|----|
| • Introduction | 28 |
| • Extract Subfiles | 29 |
| • Extract Images | 30 |
| • Extract Mail Metadata | 30 |
| • Extract Subfiles from Outlook Express Files | 31 |
| • Extract Subfiles from Mailbox Files | 31 |
| • Extract Subfiles from Outlook Personal Folders Files | 32 |
| • Extract Subfiles from Lotus Domino XML Language Files | 35 |
| • Extract Subfiles from Lotus Notes Database Files | 36 |
| • Extract Subfiles from PDF Files | 39 |
| • Extract Embedded OLE Objects | 39 |
| • Extract Subfiles from ZIP Files | 40 |
| • Extract Metadata | 40 |

Introduction

To filter a file, you must first determine whether the file contains any subfiles (attachments, embedded OLE objects, and so on). A file that contains subfiles is called a *container* file. A container file has a main file (parent) and subfiles (children) embedded in the main file.

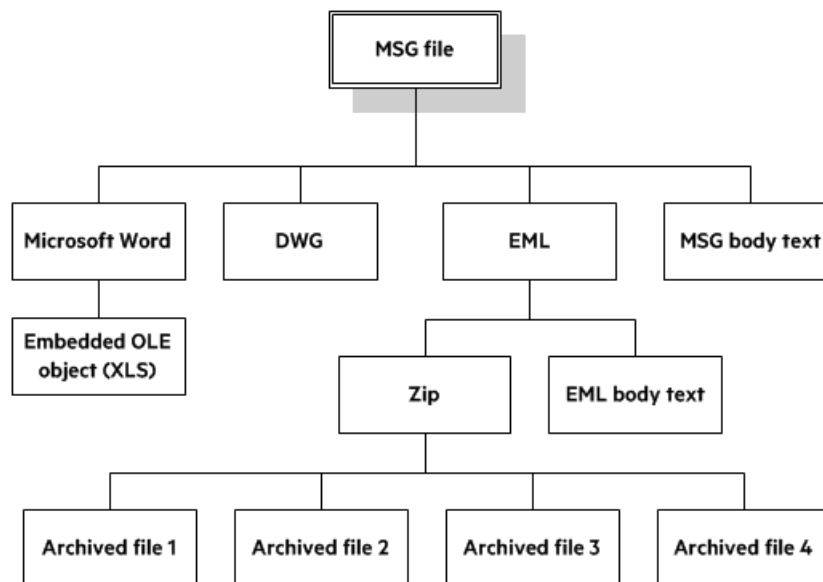
The following are examples of container files:

- Archive files such as ZIP, TAR, and RAR.
- Mail messages such as Outlook (MSG) and Outlook Express (EML).
- Mail stores such as Microsoft Outlook Personal Folders (PST), Mailbox (MBX), and Lotus Notes database (NSF).
- PDF files that contain file attachments.
- Compound documents with embedded OLE objects such as a Microsoft Word document with an embedded Excel chart.

NOTE: [Supported Formats](#), on page 86 indicates which formats are treated as container files and are supported by the File Extraction API.

The subfiles might also be container files, creating a file hierarchy of multiple levels. For example, an MSG file (the root parent) might contain three attachments:

- a Microsoft Word document that contains an embedded Microsoft Excel spreadsheet.
- an AutoCAD drawing file (DWG).
- an EML file with an attached Zip file, which in turn contains four archived files.



NOTE: The parent MSG file contains four first-level children. The body text of a message file, although not a standalone file in the container, is considered a child of the parent file.

Extract Subfiles

To filter all files in a container file, you must open the container and extract its subfiles to either a file or a stream by using the *File Extraction API*. The extraction process is done repeatedly until all subfiles are extracted and exposed for filtering. After a subfile is extracted, you can call Filter API methods to filter the data.

If you want to filter a container file and its subfiles, to a single file, you must extract all files from the container, filter the files, and then append each filtered output file to its parent.

You can iterate over subfile information using the `subfiles` method. Each element returned by the iterator contains information about the subfile, and a method to let you extract it:

```
auto myinput = keyview::io::InputFile{ std::string("InputFile.zip") };
for (const auto& subfile : KV.subfiles(myinput))
{
    auto subfile_path = subfile.rawname();
    auto myoutput = keyview::io::OutputFile{ subfile_path };
    subfile.extract(myoutput);
}
```

- NOTE:**

This very simple example does not account for folders within container files. For a more complete example, see the [extract, on page 61](#) sample program.
- NOTE:**

The `subfiles` method returns an instance of the `keyview::Container` class, defined in `Keyview_Container.hpp`. This provides access to information about the container, and access to each subfile. The container maintains a reference to the input file, and so cannot be used after the input file has been destroyed.

Extract Images

You can use the File Extraction API to extract images within the file by specifying the following in the `formats.ini` file:

```
[Options]
ExtractImages=TRUE
```

If you set this option, images within the file behave in the same way as any other subfile. Extracted images have the name `image[X].[Y]`, where `[X]` is an integer, and `[Y]` is the extension. The format of the image is the same as the format in which it is stored in the document.

This option can also be enabled by passing `KVFLT_EXTRACTIMAGES` to the `fpFilterConfig` function.

- NOTE:**

Turning on `ExtractImages` can reduce the speed of the filtering operation.

Extract Mail Metadata

You can extract metadata, such as subject, sender, and recipient, from MSG, EML, MBX, PST, and NSF files, by calling the `metadata_map()` function on a `Session` object (see [The Session Class, on page 67](#) for more information). You can extract a predefined set of metadata fields, individual fields, or both, that are unique to a file format.

Default Metadata Set

KeyView internally defines a set of common mail metadata fields that you can extract as a group from mail formats. This default metadata set is listed in the following table.

Default Mail Metadata List

| Field Name (string to specify) | Description |
|--------------------------------|---|
| From | The display name and email address of the sender. |
| Sent | The time that the message was sent. |

Default Mail Metadata List, continued

| Field Name (string to specify) | Description |
|--------------------------------|---|
| To | The display names and email addresses of the recipients. |
| Cc | The display names and email addresses of recipients who receive copies of the email. |
| Bcc | The display names and email addresses of recipients who received blind copies of the email. |
| Subject | The text in the subject line of the message. |
| Priority | The priority applied to the message. |

Because mail formats use different terms for the same fields, the format's reader maps the default field name to the appropriate format-specific name. For example, when retrieving the default metadata set, the NSF field *Importance* is mapped to the name *Priority* and is returned.

Extract the Default Metadata Set

To extract the default metadata set, call the `mail_metadata()` function on a `Subfile` object. See [The Subfile Class, on page 78](#) and the [subfiles, on page 62](#) sample program provided with the API for more information.

Extract Subfiles from Outlook Express Files

If the Outlook file contains a non-mail attachment, the attachment is extracted in its native format to the same directory as the message text file. If the Outlook file contains a mail attachment, the complete attachment (including message text and attachments), the message text file, and any non-mail attachments are extracted to the same directory as the main message.

NOTE: When the MBX reader (`mbxsr`) is enabled, it is used to filter MBX *and* EML files. If the MBX reader is not enabled, the EML reader (`emlsr`) is used.

Extract Subfiles from Mailbox Files

A Mailbox (MBX) file is a collection of individual emails compiled with RFC 822 and RFC 2045 - 2049 (MIME), and divided by message separators. There are many mail applications that export to an MBX format, such as Eudora Email and Mozilla Thunderbird.

In Eudora MBX files, attachments are inserted as a link and are stored externally from the message. These attachments are not extracted, but the path to the attachment can be accessed by calling the `rawname()` function on a `Subfile` object (see [The Subfile Class, on page 78](#) for more information). You can write code to retrieve the attachment based on the returned path.

For MBX files from other clients, KeyView extracts attachments when they are embedded in the message.

The Mailbox (MBX) reader is an advanced feature and is sold and licensed separately. To enable this reader in a KeyView SDK, you must obtain the appropriate license key from Micro Focus. See [Update License Information, on page 18](#) for information on adding a new license key to an existing installation.

Extract Subfiles from Outlook Personal Folders Files

KeyView can extract Outlook items such as messages, appointments, contacts, tasks, notes, and journal entries from a PST file.

If an Outlook item contains a non-mail attachment, the attachment is extracted in its native format to a subdirectory. If an Outlook item contains an Outlook attachment, the attached item's text and any attachments are extracted to a subdirectory.

NOTE: The Microsoft Outlook Personal Folders (PST) reader is an advanced feature and is sold and licensed separately. To enable this reader in a KeyView SDK, you must obtain the appropriate license key from Micro Focus. See [Update License Information, on page 18](#) for information on adding a new license key to an existing installation.

Use the Native or MAPI-based Reader

KeyView accesses PST files in one of two ways:

- indirectly using the Microsoft Messaging Application Programming Interface (MAPI) reader named `pstsr`.
- directly using the native PST reader named `pstnsr`.

On UNIX platforms, the native reader is always used to process PST files because the MAPI-based reader only runs on Windows x86 and x64. On Windows, you can specify either reader; however, the MAPI-based reader is used by default.

The differences between the two readers are summarized in the following table:

| Feature/Requirement | Native Reader (pstnsr) | MAPI-based Reader (pstsr) |
|-----------------------------------|--|--|
| All platforms supported | Yes | Windows x86 and x64 only |
| Outlook client required | No | Yes |
| MAPI properties supported | Yes All properties defined in <code>mapitags.h</code> . Object properties are not supported. | Yes All properties defined in <code>mapitags.h</code> . Object properties are not supported. |
| Password protection supported | Yes | Yes (using <code>KVCredential</code> structure) |
| Compressible encryption supported | Yes | Yes |

| Feature/Requirement | Native Reader (pstnsr) | MAPI-based Reader (pstsrr) |
|---------------------------|------------------------|----------------------------|
| High encryption supported | No | Yes |

To use the MAPI-based reader for PST files, change the PST entry in the `formats.ini` file as follows:

```
297=pst
```

To use the native reader for PST files, change the PST entry in the `formats.ini` file as follows:

```
297=pstn
```

NOTE: You must make sure that the PST that you are extracting is not open in the Outlook client, and that the Outlook process is not running.

Use the Native PST Reader (pstnsr)

The native PST reader accesses PST files directly without relying on the Microsoft interface to the PST format. It runs on both Windows and UNIX, and does not require an Outlook client on the system processing the PST files. However, the native reader does not support password-protected PST files that use high encryption.

Use the MAPI Reader (pstsrr)

The `pstsrr` reader accesses PST files indirectly by using Microsoft's Messaging Application Programming Interface (MAPI). MAPI is a standard Windows message interface that enables different mail programs and other mail-aware applications (such as word processors and spreadsheets) to exchange messages and attachments with each other. MAPI allows KeyView to open a PST file, traverse the folders and Outlook items, and extract the items inside the PST file.

NOTE: When extracting subfiles from PST files, information on the distribution list used in an email is extracted to a file called `emailname.dist`. This applies to the MAPI reader (`pstsrr`) only.

System Requirements

Because MAPI is supported on Windows platforms only, you can filter PST files on Windows only. Because MAPI relies on functionality in Microsoft Outlook, a Microsoft Outlook client must be installed on the same machine as the application filtering PST files, and must be the default email application. KeyView supports the following PST formats and Outlook clients:

- Outlook 97 or higher PST files
- Outlook 2002 or later clients

NOTE: The Outlook client must be the same version as, or newer than, the version of Outlook that generated the PST file.

NOTE: The bit edition of Microsoft Outlook must match that of the KeyView software. For example, if 32-bit KeyView is used, 32-bit Outlook must be installed. If 64-bit KeyView is used,

64-bit Outlook must be installed.

If the bit editions do not match, an error message from Microsoft Office Outlook is displayed:

Either there is a no default mail client or the current mail client cannot fulfill the messaging request. Please run Microsoft Outlook and set it as the default mail client.

Additionally, KeyView displays the following return code:

Error 32: KVErrror_PSTAccessFailed.

MAPI Attachment Methods

The way in which you can access the contents of a PST message attachment is determined by the MAPI *attachment method* applied to the attachment. For example, if the attachment is an embedded OLE object, it uses the ATTACH_OLE attachment method. KeyView can access message attachments that use the following attachment methods:

ATTACH_BY_VALUE

ATTACH_EMBEDDED_MSG

ATTACH_OLE

ATTACH_BY_REFERENCE

ATTACH_BY_REF_ONLY

ATTACH_BY_REF_RESOLVE

Attachments using the ATTACH_BY_VALUE, ATTACH_EMBEDDED_MSG, or ATTACH_OLE attachment methods are extracted automatically when the PST file is extracted. An "attach by reference" method means that the attachment is not in Outlook, but Outlook contains an absolute path to the attachment. Before you can extract these types of attachments, you must retrieve the path to access the attachment.

To extract "attach by reference" attachments

1. Determine whether the attachment uses an ATTACH_BY_REFERENCE, ATTACH_BY_REF_ONLY, or ATTACH_BY_REF_RESOLVE method by retrieving the MAPI property PR_ATTACH_METHOD.
2. If the attachment uses one of the "attach by reference" methods, get the fully qualified path to the attachment by retrieving the MAPI properties PR_ATTACH_LONG_PATHNAME or PR_ATTACH_PATHNAME.
3. You can then either copy the files from their original location to the path where the PST file is extracted, or use the Filter API functions to filter the attachment.

Open Secured PST Files

KeyView enables you to specify a user name and password to use to open a secured PST file for extraction.

NOTE: To open password-protected PST files that use high encryption, you must use the MAPI-based PST reader (`pstsr`).
The native PST reader (`pstnsr`) returns the error message `KVERR_PasswordProtected` if a PST is encrypted with high encryption.

Detect PST Files While the Outlook Client is Running

If you are running an Outlook client while running the File Extraction API, the KeyView format detection module (`kwad`) might not be able to open the PST file to determine the file's format because Outlook has the file locked. In this case, you can do one of the following:

- Close Outlook when using the Extraction API.
- Detect PST files by extension only and bypass the format detection module. To enable this option, add the following lines to the `formats.ini` file:

```
[container_flags]
detectPSTbyExtension=1
```

NOTE: The `detectPSTbyExtension` option applies only when you are using the MAPI reader (`pstsr`).

NOTE: If you use this option, you must make sure in your code that valid PST files are passed to KeyView, because the format detection module is not available to verify the file type and pass the file to the appropriate reader.

Extract Subfiles from Lotus Domino XML Language Files

When you extract a Lotus Domino XML Language (.DXL) file, the message text and header information (*To*, *From*, *Sent*, and so on) is extracted to a text file.

You can make sure that dates and times extracted from Lotus Domino .DXL files are displayed in a uniform format.

To extract custom date/time formats

- In the `formats.ini` file, set the `DateTimeFormat` option in the `[dxlsr]` section. For example:

```
[dxlsr]
DateTimeFormat=%m/%d/%Y %I:%M:%S %p
```

In this example, dates and times are extracted in the following format:

02/11/2003 11:36:09 AM

The format arguments are the same as those for the `strftime()` function. See <http://msdn.microsoft.com/en-us/library/fe06s4ak%28VS.71%29.aspx> for more information.

Extract .DXL Files to HTML

You can use the file extraction API to process .DXL files with an XSLT engine. The XSLT engine then transforms the extracted .DXL to .mail HTML files.

To extract .DXL files to HTML

- Set the following options in the `formats.ini` file:

```
[nsfsr]
ExportDXL=1
ExportDXL_PureXML=1

[dxlsr]
LNDParser=2
```

Extract Subfiles from Lotus Notes Database Files

A Lotus Notes database is a single file that contains multiple documents called *notes*. Notes include design notes (such as forms, views, folders, navigators, outlines, pages, framesets, agents, and resources), data document notes, profile document notes, access control list notes, and collection (index) notes. KeyView can extract text items, attachments, and OLE objects from *data document notes* only. Data document notes include emails, journal entries, discussion threads, documents (Microsoft Office and Lotus SmartSuite), and so on.

All components of a note are prefixed by field names such as "SendTo:", "Subject:", and "Body:". When a note is extracted, the field names are not included in the extracted output; only the field values are extracted.

When a mail message in an NSF file is extracted to disk, the body text and header information (such as the values from the `SendTo`, `From`, and `DeliveredDate` fields) in each message is extracted to a text file.

NOTE: The Lotus Notes Database (NSF) reader is an advanced feature and is sold and licensed separately. To enable this reader in a KeyView SDK, you must obtain the appropriate license key from Micro Focus. See [Update License Information, on page 18](#) for information on adding a new license key to an existing installation.

System Requirements

The NSF format is proprietary. Therefore, KeyView accesses NSF files indirectly by using the Lotus Notes API. Because the NSF reader relies on functionality in Lotus Notes, a Lotus Notes client or Lotus Domino server must be installed and configured on the same machine as the application filtering NSF files. On UNIX and Linux, the Lotus Domino server is required. On Windows, the Lotus Notes client or Lotus Domino server is required.

KeyView supports the following Lotus Notes clients and Domino servers:

- Lotus Notes 6.5.1
- Lotus Domino 6.5.1

KeyView supports NSF files on the same platforms supported by Lotus Notes and Lotus Domino.

Installation and Configuration

Before KeyView can filter NSF files, you must set up the Lotus Notes client or Lotus Domino server. Full configuration is not required. The following steps outline the minimal setup for NSF filtering:

Windows

1. Install the Lotus Notes client or Lotus Domino server. You do not need to configure the client or server.
2. Make sure that the `notes.ini` file is in the proper location.
 - If Lotus Notes is installed, the file should appear in the `install\lotus\notes` directory, where `install` is the installation directory.
 - If only Lotus Domino is installed, the file should appear in the `install\lotus\domino` directory, where `install` is the installation directory.

If the file does not exist, create an ASCII file named `notes.ini`, and add the following text:

```
[Notes]
```

3. Add the KeyView `bin` directory and the `install\lotus\notes` or `install\lotus\domino` directory to the `PATH` environment variable (the KeyView `bin` directory must be first in the path). Micro Focus recommends that you add the KeyView `bin` directory because the Lotus Notes or Domino server installation might contain older KeyView OEM libraries.

Solaris

1. Install Lotus Domino server. You do not need to configure the server.
2. Make sure that the `notes.ini` file is in the `install/lotus/notes/latest/sunspa` directory, where `install` is the directory where Lotus Notes is installed. If the file does not exist, create an ASCII file named `notes.ini`, and add the following text:

```
[Notes]
```

3. Add the `install/lotus/notes/latest/sunspa` directory to the `PATH` environment variable:

```
setenv PATH install/lotus/notes/latest/sunspa:$PATH
```

4. Add the `install/lotus/notes/latest/sunspa` and the KeyView `bin` directory to the `LD_LIBRARY_PATH` environment variable:

```
setenv LD_LIBRARY_PATH keyview_bin:install/lotus/notes/latest/sunspa:$LD_LIBRARY_PATH
```

where *keyview_bin* is the location of the KeyView bin directory. Micro Focus recommends that you add the KeyView bin directory because the Lotus Notes installation might contain older KeyView OEM libraries.

AIX 5.x

1. Install the *bos.iocp.rte* file set if it is not already installed, and reboot the machine. See the Lotus Domino server documentation for more information.
2. Install Lotus Domino server. You do not need to configure the server.
3. Make sure that the *notes.ini* file is in the *install/lotus/notes/latest/ibmpow* directory, where *install* is the directory where Lotus Notes is installed. If the file does not exist, create an ASCII file named *notes.ini*, and add the following text:

```
[Notes]
```

4. Add the *install/lotus/notes/latest/ibmpow* directory to the PATH environment variable:

```
setenv PATH install/lotus/notes/latest/ibmpow:$PATH
```
5. Add the *install/lotus/notes/latest/ibmpow* and the KeyView bin directory to the LIBPATH environment variable:

```
setenv LIBPATH keyview_bin:install/lotus/notes/latest/ibmpow:$LIBPATH
```

where *keyview_bin* is the location of the KeyView bin directory. Micro Focus recommends that you add the KeyView bin directory because the Lotus Notes installation might contain older KeyView OEM libraries.

Linux

1. Install Lotus Domino server. You do not need to configure the server.
2. Make sure that the *notes.ini* file is in the *install/lotus/notes/latest/linux* directory, where *install* is the directory where Lotus Notes is installed. If the file does not exist, create an ASCII file named *notes.ini*, and add the following text:

```
[Notes]
```

3. Add the *install/lotus/notes/latest/linux* directory to the PATH environment variable:

```
setenv PATH install/lotus/notes/latest/linux:$PATH
```
4. Add the *install/lotus/notes/latest/linux* and the KeyView bin directory to the LD_LIBRARY_PATH environment variable:

```
setenv LD_LIBRARY_PATH keyview_bin:install/lotus/notes/latest/linux:$LD_LIBRARY_PATH
```

where *keyview_bin* is the location of the KeyView bin directory. Micro Focus recommends that you add the KeyView bin directory because the Lotus Notes installation might contain older KeyView OEM libraries.

Open Secured NSF Files

KeyView enables you to specify a user ID file and password to use to open a secured NSF file for extraction.

Format Note Subfiles

The KeyView NSF reader uses XML templates to format note subfiles. You can customize the templates to approximate the look and feel of the original notes as closely as possible. For more information, see [Extract and Format Lotus Notes Subfiles, on page 190](#).

Extract Subfiles from PDF Files

KeyView can extract document-level and page-level attachments from a PDF document. Document-level attachments are added by using the **Attach A File** tool, and can include links to or from the parent document or to other file attachments. Page-level attachments are added as comments by using various tools. Page-level or comment attachments display the File Attachment icon or the Speaker icon on the page where they are located.

When a PDF's attachments are extracted to disk, the attachments are saved in their native format.

Improve Performance for PDFs with Many Small Images

To improve performance when processing PDF files that contain many small images, you can choose to ignore images unless they exceed a minimum width and/or height. If an image is smaller than the minimum width or height, KeyView does not extract the image.

For example, to ignore images that are less than 16 pixels wide or less than 16 pixels in height, add the following to the [pdf_flags] section of the `formats.ini` file:

```
[pdf_flags]
process_images_with_min_width=16
process_images_with_min_height=16
```

Extract Embedded OLE Objects

The File Extraction API can extract embedded OLE objects from the following types of documents:

- Lotus Notes (DXL)
- Microsoft Excel
- Microsoft Word
- Microsoft PowerPoint
- Microsoft Outlook

- Microsoft Visio
- Microsoft Project
- OASIS Open Document
- Rich Text Format (RTF)

When an embedded OLE object is extracted from its parent file, the location of the embedded file in the original document is not available. The parent and child are extracted as separate files.

Extract Subfiles from ZIP Files

You can extract ZIP files that are not password-protected by using the general method (see [Extract Subfiles, on page 29](#)). However, some ZIP files use password protection, in which case you must use a different method to enter the required credentials. See [Password Protected Files, on page 280](#) for more information.

Extract Metadata

You can obtain the metadata for a file by calling the [metadata_map, on page 68](#) method:

```
auto myinput = keyview::io::InputFile{ std::string("InputFile.docx") };
auto metadata = KV.metadata_map(myinput);
for (const auto& it : metadata)
{
    std::cout << it.first << ": " << it.second << '\n';
}
```

The metadata map contains a mapping from field names to field values.

Chapter 4: Use the Filter API

This section describes how to perform some basic filtering tasks by using the Filter API.

| | |
|--|----|
| • Generate an Error Log | 41 |
| • Extract Metadata | 44 |
| • Convert Character Sets | 44 |
| • Extract Deleted Text Marked by Tracked Changes | 46 |
| • Filter a File | 46 |
| • Filter PDF Files | 47 |
| • Filter Spreadsheet Files | 51 |
| • Configure Headers and Footers | 54 |
| • Filter Hidden Data | 55 |
| • Tab Delimited Output for Embedded Tables | 55 |
| • Table Detection for PDF Files | 56 |
| • Exclude Japanese Guide Text | 56 |
| • Source Code Identification | 56 |

Generate an Error Log

You can monitor and debug filtering operations by enabling a detailed error log. This enables you to see errors that are generated at run time, and to track problem files in stream or file mode.

NOTE:

Error logs are not generated when in-process filtering is enabled.

The error log might include the following information:

- Generated error codes.
- A time stamp.
- The path and file name of the file in which the error occurred.
- The length of the file in which the error occurred. If the name of the original file or the name of the temporary file are not obtained in stream mode, the file length is reported.

The following is a sample log file:

```
-KV00PE 12 # Time: 11:14:32 # File Len = 68140
-KV00PE 13 # Time: 11:23:05 # H:\files\WP\Word97\fnldmsa.doc
-KV00PE 5 # Time: 12:15:54 # H:\files\SS\XL2000\corporate.xsl
-KV00PE 5 # Time: 12:45:19 # H:\files\WP\WPerf5\wp501.doc
-KV00PE 12 # Time: 14:25:33 # H:\files\PG\PPoint95\95.ppt
-KV00PE 26 # Time: 16:26:04 # File Len = 19117568
-KV00PE 10 # Time: 20:27:40 # File Len = 19117568
```

You can specify the information that is written to the log file by using either the API or environment variables. To configure a log file for a single filtering session, use environment variables. To configure a log file for all filtering sessions, use the API. Configuring the log file by using the API overrides the same settings in the environment variables. You can also specify additional settings in the `formats.ini` file.

You can configure the following features of the log file:

- Enable or disable logging. See [Enable or Disable Error Logging, below](#).
- Change the default path and file name of the log file. See [Change the Path and File Name of the Log File, below](#).
- Include memory errors in the log file. See [Report Memory Errors, below](#).
- Specify a memory guard that is used to generate memory overwrite errors in the log. See [Specify a Memory Guard, on the next page](#).
- Specify the maximum size of the log file. See [Specify the Maximum Size of the Log File, on the next page](#).

Enable or Disable Error Logging

You can enable or disable error logging by using either the API or environment variables. By default, a file called `kvoop.log` is created in the system temporary directory; however, you can change the path and file name of this file (see [Change the Path and File Name of the Log File, below](#)).

Use the API

To enable or disable logging, call `out_of_process_log()` on a `Configuration` object with the appropriate Boolean value. See [The Configuration Class, on page 69](#) for more information.

Use Environment Variables

To enable logging, add the `KVOOPLOGON` environment variable, and set the variable value to 1. To disable logging, do not set the `KVOOPLOGON` environment variable.

Change the Path and File Name of the Log File

You can change the default path and file name of the log file. The default is `C:\temp\kvoop.log` on Windows and `/tmp/kvoop.log` on UNIX.

To change the path and file name of the log file, add the following to the `formats.ini` file:

```
[kvooplog]
KvoopLogName=filepath
```

Report Memory Errors

You can report memory leaks and memory overwrites in the log file by enabling the memory trace system, either by using the API or environment variables. If the memory trace system is enabled, the

extended error codes for memory leaks and memory overwrites (26 and 27, respectively) are reported in the log file when they are generated. The extended error codes are defined in `KVErrorCodeEx` in `kvtypes.h`.

NOTE:

To report memory overwrites, you must also set a memory guard. See [Specify a Memory Guard, below](#).

Use the API

To enable or disable the memory trace system, call `out_of_process_memory_log()` on a `Configuration` object with the appropriate Boolean value. See [The Configuration Class, on page 69](#) for more information.

Use Environment Variables

To enable the memory trace system, add the `KVOOPMT` environment variable, and set its value to `1`. To disable the memory trace system, do not set the `KVOOPMT` environment variable.

Specify a Memory Guard

To report memory overwrites in the log file, you must set a memory guard that protects against memory overwrites. Normally, this is set in the range of 100-200 bytes. For example, if a memory guard of 100 is set and 20 bytes of memory are specified, a total of 120 bytes of memory are allocated. The additional memory is used to monitor and identify memory overwrites.

To configure the memory guard, add the following section to the `formats.ini` file:

```
[Kvooplog]
mg=100
```

Specify the Maximum Size of the Log File

You can specify the maximum size of the log file. When this size is reached and new entries are logged, either the first entry in the file is overwritten or the new entries are not reported.

To configure the maximum log size and whether old entries are overwritten, add the following section to the `formats.ini` file:

```
[Kvooplog]
LogFileSize=10
OverWriteLog=1
```

| Option | Description |
|--------------|--|
| LogFileSize | This option specifies the maximum size of the log file in KB. The minimum is 1 K. If you do not specify a size, the default of 2 MB is used. |
| OverWriteLog | This option determines whether the log file is overwritten when the maximum log file |

| Option | Description |
|--------|--|
| | size (LogFileSize) is reached. If you set this option to 1, the first entry in the log file is overwritten. If you set this option to 0, new entries are not reported in the log file. |

Extract Metadata

When a file format supports metadata, KeyView can extract and process that information. Metadata includes document information fields such as title, author, creation date, and file size. Depending on the file's format, metadata is referred to in a number of ways: for example, "summary information," "OLE summary information," "file information," and "document properties."

The metadata in mail formats (MSG and EML) and mail stores (PST, NSF, and MBX) is extracted differently than other formats. For information on extracting metadata from these formats, see [Extract Mail Metadata, on page 30](#).

NOTE:

KeyView can only extract metadata from a document if metadata is defined in the document, and if the document reader can extract metadata for the file format. The section [Supported Formats, on page 86](#) lists the file formats for which metadata can be extracted. KeyView does not generate metadata automatically from the document contents.

The sample program [metadata, on page 62](#) demonstrates how to extract metadata.

Convert Character Sets

Filter can convert the character set of a document to an arbitrary character set specified in the API, or to the character set of the operating system on which the output text is viewed. For this conversion to occur, a source character set *must* be identified. The source character set can either be determined by the document reader, or can be set in the API. The section [Supported Formats, on page 86](#) lists file formats for which character set information can be determined by the document reader. The character sets are enumerated in [Character Sets, on page 176](#).

Determine the Character Set of the Output Text

To determine the output character set of a filtered document, Filter considers the following:

- Whether the document reader can determine the character set of the file format. If the document reader cannot determine the character set information for the document type, set the source character set in the API.
- Whether the *source* character set is specified in the API.
- Whether the *target* character set is specified in the API.

Guidelines for Character Set Conversion

Below are some rules for the determination of character set mapping:

- If the source is not determined by the document reader or configured in the API, the character set of the output text is always unknown, regardless of the target character set configuration. The document cannot be converted to a target character set or the operating system's code page unless the source character set is known.
- If the target character set is *not* specified in the API, and the source character set is identified, the operating system's code page is used for the output text.
- If the source character set is identified, and the target character set is specified in the API, the target character set specified in the API is used for the output text.
- For documents that contain multiple character sets, Micro Focus recommends that the target character set be forced to UNICODE or UTF-8.

The following table illustrates how Filter determines the character set of the output text.

Determining the Output Character Set—Example

| Source charset read by Filter | Source charset specified in API | Target charset specified in API | Output charset |
|-------------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|----------------|
| No | No | No | no conversion |
| No | KVCS_936 | No | OS code page |
| No | No | UNICODE | no conversion |
| No | KVCS_936 | UNICODE | UNICODE |
| Yes | No | No | OS code page |
| Yes | KVCS_936 | No | OS code page |
| Yes | No | UNICODE | UNICODE |
| Yes | KVCS_936 | UNICODE | UNICODE |

Set the Character Set During Filtering

You can convert the character set of a file at the time the file is filtered.

To specify the source character set of a file, invoke `source_encoding()` on a `Configuration` object, before creating a session, using any value in the enumerated list `Encoding` in `Keyview_Enumerations.hpp`. See [The Configuration Class, on page 69](#) for more information.

To specify the target character set, invoke `target_encoding()` on a `Configuration` object with any value in the enumerated list `Encoding` in `Keyview_Enumerations.hpp`.

Not all values of the enumerated list can be used as a target character set. [Coded Character Sets, on page 184](#) lists character sets that can be used as output.

Set the Character Set During Subfile Extraction

You can convert the character set of a subfile at the time the subfile is extracted from the container and before it is filtered. This is most often used to set the character set of a mail message's body text. See [Filter PDF Files, on the next page](#) for more information.

To specify the source character set of a subfile, call `config->source_encoding()` with the appropriate value from the enumerated list `Encoding` in `Keyview_Enumerations.hpp`.

To specify the target character set of a subfile, call `config->target_encoding()` with the appropriate value from the enumerated list `Encoding` in `Keyview_Enumerations.hpp`.

Extract Deleted Text Marked by Tracked Changes

The revision tracking feature in applications—such as Microsoft Word's **Track Changes**—marks changes to a document (typically, strikethrough for deleted text and underline for inserted text) and tracks each change by reviewer name and date.

If revision tracking was enabled when text was deleted from a source document, you can configure Filter to extract the deleted text. Filter does not extract the reviewer name and revision date.

To extract deleted text from a document and include it in the filtered output

1. Create a `Session` object.
2. Enable revision tracking by calling `revision_marks(true)` on the `Configuration` object.
3. Call `filter()` on the `Session` object.

See [The Session Class, on page 67](#) for more information.

Filter a File

You can get a plaintext version of the file content by using the [filter, on page 68](#) method:

```
auto myinput = keyview::io::InputFile{ std::string("InputFile.docx") };
auto myoutput = keyview::io::OutputFile{ std::string("out.txt") };
KV.filter(myinput, myoutput);
```

Filter PDF Files

Filter has special configuration options that allow greater control over the conversion of Adobe Acrobat PDF files.

Filter PDF Files to a Logical Reading Order

The PDF format is primarily designed for presentation and printing of brochures, magazines, forms, reports, and other materials with complex visual designs. Most PDF files do not contain the *logical structure* of the original document—the correct reading order, for example, and the presence and meaning of significant elements such as headers, footers, columns, tables, and so on.

KeyView can filter a PDF file either by using the file's internal unstructured paragraph flow, or by applying a structure to the paragraphs to reproduce the logical reading order of the visual page. Logical reading order enables KeyView to output PDF files that contain languages that read from right-to-left (such as Hebrew and Arabic) in the correct reading direction.

NOTE:
The algorithm used to reproduce the reading order of a PDF page is based on common page layouts. The paragraph flow generated for PDFs with unique or complex page designs might not emulate the original reading order exactly.

For example, page design elements such as drop caps, callouts that cross column boundaries, and significant changes in font size might disrupt the logical flow of the output text.

By default, KeyView produces an *unstructured* text stream for PDF files. This means that PDF paragraphs are extracted in the order in which they are stored in the file, not the order in which they appear on the visual page. For example, a three-column article could be output with the headers and title at the end of the output file, and the second column extracted before the first column. Although this output does not represent a logical reading order, it accurately reflects the internal structure of the PDF.

You can configure KeyView to produce a *structured* text stream that flows in a specified direction. This means that PDF paragraphs are extracted in the order (logical reading order) and direction (left-to-right or right-to-left) in which they appear on the page.

The following paragraph direction options are available:

| Paragraph Direction Option | Description |
|----------------------------|---|
| Left-to-right | Paragraphs flow logically and read from left to right. You should specify this option when most of your documents are in a language that uses a left-to-right reading order, such as English or German. |
| Right-to-left | Paragraphs flow logically and read from right to left. You should specify this option when most of your documents are in a language that uses a right-to-left reading order, such as Hebrew or Arabic. |

| Paragraph Direction Option | Description |
|----------------------------|---|
| Dynamic | Paragraphs flow logically. The PDF filter determines the paragraph direction for each PDF page, and then sets the direction accordingly. Filter uses this option when a paragraph direction is not specified. |

NOTE:

Filtering might be slower when logical reading order is enabled. For optimal speed, use an unstructured paragraph flow.

The paragraph direction options control the direction of paragraphs on a page; they do not control the text direction in a paragraph. For example, a PDF file might contain English paragraphs in three columns that read from left to right, but 80% of the second paragraph might contain Hebrew characters. If the left-to-right logical reading order is enabled, the paragraphs are ordered logically in the output—title paragraph, then paragraph 1, 2, 3, and so on—and flow from the top left of the first column to the bottom right of the third column. However, the *text* direction of the second paragraph is determined independently of the page by the PDF filter, and is output from right to left.

NOTE:

Extraction of metadata is not affected by the paragraph direction setting. The characters and words in metadata fields are extracted in the correct reading direction regardless of whether logical reading order is enabled.

Enable Logical Reading Order

You can enable logical reading order by using either the API or the `formats.ini` file. Setting the paragraph direction in the API overrides the setting in the `formats.ini` file.

Use the C++ API

Invoke `pdf_logical_reading()` on a `Configuration` object with any value from the enumerated list `LogicalPDFDirection` in `Keyview_Enumerations.hpp`. See [The Configuration Class, on page 69](#) for more information.

Use the `formats.ini` File

To enable logical reading order by using the `formats.ini` file

1. Change the PDF reader entry in the `[Formats]` section of the `formats.ini` file as follows:

```
[Formats]
200=1pdf
```

2. Optionally, add the following section to the end of the `formats.ini` file:

```
[pdf_flags]
```


`pdf_direction=paragraph_direction`

where *paragraph_direction* is one of the following:

| Flag | Description |
|---------------|--|
| LPDF_ LTR | Left-to-right paragraph direction. |
| LPDF_ RTL | Right-to-left paragraph direction. |
| LPDF_ AUTO | The PDF reader determines the paragraph direction for each PDF page, and then sets the direction accordingly. Filter uses this option when a paragraph direction is not specified. |
| LPDF_ RAW | Unstructured paragraph flow. This is the default behavior. If logical reading order is enabled, and you want to return to an unstructured paragraph flow, set this flag. |

Rotated Text

When a PDF that contains rotated text is filtered, the rotated text is extracted after the text at the end of the PDF page on which the rotated text appears. If the PDF is filtered with logical order enabled, and the amount of rotated text on a page surpasses a predefined threshold, the page is automatically output as an unstructured text stream. You cannot configure this threshold.

Extract Custom Metadata from PDF Files

You can extract custom metadata from PDF files either by specifying individual metadata tag names, or by extracting all custom metadata at once.

Extract All Custom Metadata

You can extract all metadata through the API.

To extract all metadata by using the API

1. Create a `Session` object.
2. Call `custom_pdf_metadata(true)` on a `Configuration` object.
3. Invoke `metadata_map()` on a `Session` object.

See [The Session Class, on page 67](#) for more information.

Filter Tagged PDF Content

A tagged PDF contains an additional layer of text for visually impaired readers. This text is used in text-to-speech features in various PDF viewing programs. You can enable filtering of tagged PDF text in the API.

Filtering the extra layer of tagged content might result in duplicate text in the output. This is the expected behavior.

To filter tagged PDF content

1. Create a `Session` object.
2. To filter tagged PDF Content using the C++ API, invoke `tagged_pdf_content(true)` on a `Configuration` object, and call `filter()` on a `Session` object.

Skip Embedded Fonts

Text in PDF files sometimes contains embedded fonts. If you experience difficulties filtering embedded fonts, there are options in the API, the `formats.ini` file, and the filter sample program that enable you to skip this type of text.

NOTE:

If you skip embedded fonts, none of the content that contains embedded fonts is included in the output.

Use the `formats.ini` File

When you use `formats.ini` to skip embedded fonts, you can also specify an *embedded font threshold*, which is an arbitrary percentage probability that the glyph in the embedded text maps to a character value in the output character set (ASCII, UTF-8, and so on).

For example, if you specify a threshold of 75, embedded text glyphs that have a 75% or greater probability of correctly matching the character in the output character set are included in the output; glyphs that have a probability of less than 75% of matching the output character set are omitted from the output.

To skip embedded fonts by using the `formats.ini` file

- Set the following parameters:

```
[pdf_flags]
skipembeddedfont=TRUE
embedded_font_threshold=threshold
```

where *threshold* is a value between 0 and 100. A threshold of 100 skips all embedded font text; a threshold of 0 retains all embedded font text. Set `skipembeddedfont` to `TRUE` to enable the `embedded_font_threshold` parameter.

The default value of `embedded_font_threshold` is 100. if you set `skipembeddedfont` to `TRUE` and do not specify the `embedded_font_threshold` parameter, Filter skips all embedded text.

Use the C++ API

To skip embedded fonts by using the C++ API, invoke `skip_embedded_fonts(true)` on a `Configuration` object. See [The Configuration Class, on page 69](#) and [skip_embedded_fonts, on page 73](#) for more information.

Control Hyphenation

There are two types of hyphens in a PDF document:

- A *soft hyphen* is added to a word by a word processor to divide the word across two lines. This is a discretionary hyphen and is used to ensure proper text flow in justified text.
- A *hard hyphen* is intentionally added to a word regardless of the word's position in the text flow. It is required by the rules of grammar or word usage. For example, compound words (such as *three-week vacation* and *self-confident*) contain hard hyphens.

By default, KeyView skips the source document's soft hyphens in the Filter output to provide more searchable text content. However, if you want to maintain the document layout, you can keep soft hyphens in the Filter output. To keep soft hyphens, you must enable the soft hyphen flag in `formats.ini` or in the API.

Use the `formats.ini` File

To keep soft hyphens by using the `formats.ini` file, set the following parameter:

```
[pdf_flags]
keepsofthyphen=TRUE
```

Use the C++ API

To keep soft hyphens by using the C++ API, call the `soft_hyphens(true)` method on a `Configuration` object. See [The Configuration Class, on page 69](#) and [soft_hyphens, on page 73](#) for more information.

Filter Spreadsheet Files

Filter has special configuration options that enable greater control over the conversion of spreadsheet files.

Filter Worksheet Names

Normally, Filter does not extract worksheet names from a spreadsheet because it is assumed that the text should not be exposed. To extract worksheet names, add the following lines to the `formats.ini` file:

```
[Options]
getsheetnames=1
```

Filter Hidden Text in Microsoft Excel Files

Normally, Filter does not filter hidden text from a Microsoft Excel spreadsheet because it is assumed that the text should not be exposed. To extract text from hidden rows, columns, and sheets from Excel

spreadsheets, add the following lines to the `formats.ini` file:

```
[Options]
gethiddeninfo=1
```

Specify Date and Time Format on UNIX Systems

In Microsoft Excel you can choose to format dates and times according to the system locale. On Windows, KeyView uses the system locale settings to determine how these dates and times should be formatted. In other operating systems, KeyView uses the U.S. short date format (*mm/dd/yyyy*). You can change this by specifying the formats you wish to use in the `formats.ini` file.

To specify the system date and time format on UNIX systems

In the `formats.ini` file, specify the following options:

- `SysDateTime`. The format to use when a cell is formatted using the system format including both the date and the time.
- `SysLongDate`. The format to use when a cell is formatted using the system long date format.
- `SysShortDate`. The format to use when a cell is formatted using the system short date format.
- `SysTime`. The format to use when a cell is formatted using the system time format.

NOTE:

These values cannot contain spaces.

For example, if you specify `SysDateTime=%d/%m/%Y`, dates and times are extracted in the following format:

28/02/2008

The format arguments are the same as those for the `strftime()` function.

See <http://linux.die.net/man/3/strftime> for more information.

Filter Very Large Numbers in Spreadsheet Cells to Precision Numbers

By default, numbers are extracted in the format specified by the Excel file (for example, *General*, *Currency* and *Date*). Spreadsheets might contain cells that have very large numbers in them. Excel displays the numbers in a scientific notation that rounds or truncates the numbers.

To extract numbers without formatting, add the following options in the `formats.ini` file:

```
[Options]
ignoredefnumformats=1
```

Extract Microsoft Excel Formulas

Normally, the actual value of a formula is extracted from an Excel spreadsheet; the formula from which the value is derived is not included in the output. However, KeyView enables you to include the value as well as the formula in the output. For example, if Filter is configured to extract the formula and the formula value, the output might look like this:

245 = SUM(B21:B26)

The calculated value from the cell is 245 and the formula from which the value is derived is SUM (B21:B26).

NOTE:

Depending on the complexity of the formulas, enabling formula extraction might result in slightly slower performance.

To set the extraction option for formulas

- Add the following lines to the `formats.ini` file:

```
[Options]  
getformulastring=option
```

where *option* is one of the following:

| Option | Description |
|--------|---|
| 0 | Extract the formula value only. This is the default. If formula extraction is enabled, and you want to return to the default, set this option. |
| 1 | Extract the formula only. |
| 2 | Extract the formula and the formula value. |

If a function in a formula is not supported or is invalid, and option 1 or 2 is specified, only the calculated value is extracted. See [Supported Microsoft Excel Functions, below](#) for a list of supported functions.

When formula extraction is enabled, Filter can extract Microsoft Excel formulas that contain the functions listed in the following table.

Supported Microsoft Excel Functions

| | | | |
|---------|-----------|------------|----------------|
| =ABS() | =ACOS() | =AND() | =AREAS() |
| =ASIN() | =ATAN2() | =ATAN2() | =AVERAGE() |
| =CELL() | =CHAR() | =CHOOSE() | =CLEAN() |
| =CODE() | =COLUMN() | =COLUMNS() | =CONCATENATE() |

| | | | |
|--------------|-------------|--------------|---------------|
| =COS() | =COUNT() | =COUNTA() | =DATE() |
| =DATEVALUE() | =DAVERAGE() | =DAY() | =DCOUNT() |
| =DDB() | =DMAX() | =DMIN() | =DOLLAR() |
| =DSTDEV() | =DSUM() | =DVAR() | =EXACT() |
| =EXP() | =FACT() | =FALSE() | =FIND() |
| =FIXED() | =FV() | =GROWTH() | =HLOOKUP() |
| =HOUR() | =ISBLANK() | =IF() | =INDEX() |
| =INDIRECT() | =INT() | =IPMT() | =IRR() |
| =ISERR() | =ISERROR() | =ISNA() | =ISNUMBER() |
| =ISREF() | =ISTEXT() | =LEFT() | =LEN() |
| =LINEST() | =LN() | =LOG() | =LOG10() |
| =LOGEST() | =LOOKUP() | =LOWER() | =MATCH() |
| =MAX() | =MDETERM() | =MID() | =MIN() |
| =MINUTE() | =MINVERSE() | =MIRR() | =MMULT() |
| =MOD() | =MONTH() | =N() | =NA() |
| =NOT() | =NOW() | =NPER() | =NPV() |
| =OFFSET() | =OR() | =PI() | =PMT() |
| =PPMT() | =PRODUCT() | =PROPER() | =PV() |
| =RATE() | =REPLACE() | =REPT() | =RIGHT() |
| =ROUND() | =ROUND() | =ROW() | =ROWS() |
| =SEARCH() | =SECOND() | =SIGN() | =SIN() |
| =SLN() | =SQRT() | =STDEV() | =SUBSTITUTE() |
| =SUM() | =SYD() | =T() | =TAN() |
| =TEXT() | =TIME() | =TIMEVALUE() | =TODAY() |
| =TRANSPOSE() | =TREND() | =TRIM() | =TRUE() |
| =TYPE() | =UPPER() | =VALUE() | =VAR() |
| =VLOOKUP() | =WEEKDAY() | =YEAR() | |

Configure Headers and Footers

You can configure custom header and footer tags for word processing and spreadsheet documents by editing the `formats.ini` file.

To configure headers and footers

1. Open the `formats.ini` file.
2. In the `[Options]` section, add the following items:

```
header_start_tag=HeaderStart  
header_end_tag=HeaderEnd  
footer_start_tag=FooterStart  
footer_end_tag=FooterEnd
```

For example:

```
header_start_tag=<myHeaderTag>  
header_end_tag=</myHeaderTag>  
footer_start_tag=<myFooterTag>  
footer_end_tag=</myFooterTag>
```

NOTE:

You must encode custom tags in UTF-8.

Filter Hidden Data

Some documents contain hidden information, which is not filtered by default. Depending on the type of hidden data that you want to filter and the type of document that you are filtering, you can either use the API or set parameters in the `formats.ini` file.

Hidden Data in HTML Documents

KeyView can filter comments from HTML documents. To enable comment filtering, you must set a flag in the `formats.ini` file.

To enable filtering of comments from HTML files

1. Open the `formats.ini` file in a text editor.
2. Under `[Options]`, set the following flag.

```
GetHTMLHiddenInfo=1
```

Tab Delimited Output for Embedded Tables

You can use KeyView to convert embedded tables in Word Processing documents (for example, Microsoft Word) to tab-delimited form, by specifying the following option in the `formats.ini` file:

```
[Options]  
TabDelimitedOutput=TRUE
```

This option inserts a tab character between each cell, and a line break between each row. Tab and line break characters in the cells are replaced with spaces.

Table Detection for PDF Files

PDF files often contain data presented in a tabular form. However, there is no information about the table stored within the PDF itself – the text is simply placed in an arrangement that looks like a table to the human eye. When this data is filtered, it can be very difficult to reconstruct the table.

If table detection is enabled, KeyView attempts to recognize tables within PDF pages, and to reconstruct them before they are output. For each page of the document, KeyView outputs the contents of each table first, and then outputs all remaining text on the page.

Micro Focus recommends that tab delimited output is also enabled when using table detection. This means that any tables detected appear in the output text in tab delimited format.

To enable table detection and tab delimited output, specify the following in the `formats.ini` file:

```
[Options]
TableDetection=TRUE
TabDelimited=TRUE
```

NOTE:

Table detection is only available with the `pdf2sr` reader. To enable this reader, set the following configuration parameter:

```
[Formats]
200=pdf2
```

Exclude Japanese Guide Text

This option prevents output of Japanese phonetic guide text when Microsoft Excel (`.xlsx`) files are processed.

To prevent output of Japanese phonetic guide text

- Set `NoPhoneticGuides` to `TRUE` in the `formats.ini` file:

```
[Options]
NoPhoneticGuides=TRUE
```

You can also enable this option programmatically when filtering by passing `KVFLT_NOPHONETICGUIDES` to `fpFilterConfig`.

Source Code Identification

When KeyView auto-detects a file that contains source code, it can attempt to identify the programming language that it is written in.

NOTE:
Source code identification is a new, experimental feature in KeyView 12.0. It is available only on Windows 64-bit and Linux 64-bit platforms.

You can set source code identification to different levels.

| Option | Description |
|-----------------------|--|
| KVSOURCECODE_OFF | Do not enable source code identification. |
| KVSOURCECODE_ENABLED | Enable source code identification for the most common source code formats. |
| KVSOURCECODE_EXTENDED | Enable source code identification for all supported source code formats. This option might lead to false positives in some cases (for example, a C++ file might get identified as a rarer format). |

For the complete list of source code formats supported for both options, see [Detected Formats](#), on [page 116](#).

You can enable source code identification by setting the appropriate level in the `formats.ini` file. For example:

```
[Options]
SourceCodeDetection=KVSOURCECODE_ENABLED
```


Chapter 5: Sample Programs

This section describes the sample programs provided with Filter SDK.

| | |
|--|----|
| • Introduction | 59 |
| • detect | 60 |
| • extract | 61 |
| • filter_document | 61 |
| • metadata | 62 |
| • subfiles | 62 |
| • filter_container | 62 |

Introduction

The C++ sample programs demonstrate basic usage of the C++ implementation of the Filter API. The sample code is intended to provide a starting point for your own more advanced applications or to be used for reference purposes.

The sample programs share a single header, to assist with parsing command-line arguments.

The source code for the programs is in the directory `cppapi\samples\src`.

The executable for the programs is in the directory `install\KeyviewFilterSDK\OS\bin`, where *OS* is the name of the operating system.

Build the Sample Programs

NOTE:

To build the sample programs on Windows, you need at least Microsoft Visual Studio 2015.

To build the sample programs on Windows

1. At the Visual Studio command prompt, switch to the `cppapi/samples/bin/` directory and run the following command:

```
nmake -f Makefile
```

The sample programs are created in the `bin` directory.

To build the sample programs on Linux

1. Switch to the `cppapi/samples/bin` directory.
2. Run the appropriate command:

GCC 5

```
export CXXFLAGS="-std=c++11"  
make
```

GCC 6

```
make
```

The sample programs are created in the `bin` directory.

Run the Sample Programs

You can run a sample program with no arguments to view command-line help. For example:

```
cppapi/samples/bin$ ./detect  
Basic usage: ./detect [options] input_file
```

Options:

```
--bin_path <path>    Path to FilterSDK bin directory  
--tmp_dir <path>     Path to temporary directory
```

Boolean Options:

```
--ip                Run in process  
--oop_log           Create out-of-process log  
--oop_log_mem       Add memory error information to the out-of-process log
```

All the sample programs have options that take a required value, and Boolean options that toggle behavior. The programs contain simple argument parsing logic to detect invalid usage.

You must provide each sample program with the path to the Filter SDK `bin` directory where the KeyView dynamic libraries are stored. If you specify the `bin` directory incorrectly, the sample program prints a message indicating that the `kvfilter` library could not be loaded. The `bin_path` argument defaults to the current directory.

The following C++ sample programs are provided:

- [detect](#), [below](#)
- [extract](#), [on the next page](#)
- [filter_container](#), [on page 62](#)
- [filter_document](#), [on the next page](#)
- [metadata](#), [on page 62](#)
- [subfiles](#), [on page 62](#)

detect

KeyView can provide information about a very large number of file formats. This sample program makes use of the file format detection API method.

The sample program takes a path to a file and prints the information reported by the API. For example, the following output is produced when you run the program with an `mp3` file:

```
$ ./detect my_file
Format: 270
Description:    MPEG Audio
Version:        3000
Category:       9
Category Name:  Audio
Encrypted:      false
```

The Format and Category values are from the C++ enum defined in the `Keyview_Enumerations.hpp` file. See [Enumerations, on page 80](#) for more information.

extract

Some files can contain embedded subfiles, including archive formats such as zip and rar, email containers, and Office formats. This sample program makes use of the subfile extraction API methods.

The sample program takes two positional arguments:

- a path to a file
- a path to an output directory

The program copies all the subfiles in the file to the output directory, and prints any errors encountered during extraction. For example, the following output is produced when you run the program on a password-protected 7zip file:

```
$ ./extract pass.7z outputdir/
Error extracting subfile 0
Name: hello.txt
Keyview error: The file is password protected
```

If you provide the correct password using the optional argument, KeyView can extract the file:

```
$ ./extract --password 'pass' pass.7z outputdir/
$ ls outputdir/
hello.txt
```

NOTE:

In this instance KeyView captures the name of the subfile even without providing a password. Whether this is possible depends on the file format and the encryption options that were used to create the file.

filter_document

Filtering is the extraction of text from a document. This sample program makes use of the filter API method.

The program takes two positional arguments:

- an input file
- an output text file

By default, the output is encoded in UTF-8.

```
$ ./filter_document input_file output.txt
```

CAUTION:

Not all document formats can be filtered. For example, trying to filter a PNG file produces an error message. For some file formats (notably emails), Keyview treats the text as an embedded subfile that you should access by using the extraction API, not the filter API.

metadata

Some file formats contain additional documentation (metadata) about document contents. This sample program makes use of the `metadata_map` API method to provide metadata fields and values.

The fields that are present vary depending on file type and the individual document. For example, running the sample program on a PDF file produces output similar to the following:

```
$ ./metadata KeyView_11.0_OS3P.pdf
AppName: madbuild
Author: Hewlett Packard Enterprises Development LP
Create_DTM: 2016-02-09T16:15:51Z
LastSave_DTM: 2016-02-09T16:15:51Z
PageCount: 43
Title: IDOL KeyView 11.0 Open Source and Third-Party Software Agreements
```

subfiles

Like the [extract, on the previous page](#) sample program, the `subfiles` sample program uses the subfile extraction API methods. However, rather than copying the files to disk, it prints the number of embedded subfiles, and the information that could be obtained about each one, such as the file name and size. The API methods that the sample programs uses are typically very fast compared to the cost of extracting a large file.

filter_container

This sample program is a slightly more advanced example that combines several API methods. The sample program takes an input file and an output text file. The program writes detection information and the filtered text to the output file. It then recursively extracts all subfiles in the input file, and repeats the process. This process flattens all of the content of a nested archive file into a single text file.

Part III: C++ API Reference

This section provides detailed reference information for the C++ implementation of the File Extraction and Filter APIs.

Chapter 7: InputTypes and OutputTypes

Some of the methods in the C++SDK are templated on *InputType*, *OutputType*, or both. You can pass these methods instances of the input and output types defined in the `keyview::io` namespace. See [Getting Started, on page 21](#) for more details and examples.

Chapter 8: The keyview Namespace

This section provides details of the classes in the keyview namespace.

| | |
|---|----|
| • The Session Class | 67 |
| • The Configuration Class | 69 |
| • The DetectionInfo Class | 75 |
| • The Container Class | 77 |
| • The Subfile Class | 78 |
| • Enumerations | 80 |
| • Exceptions | 80 |

The Session Class

Defined in: Keyview_Session.hpp

The `Session` class is the entry point to the C++ API. The `Session` class has methods to filter, detect, access subfiles, and get summary information.

The `Session` class provides functions to:

- Detect a file format.
- Filter the content of a file.
- Get the metadata of a file.
- Open a file as a container to access subfiles.

Options can be set by the `Configuration` class. This can be used in the constructor, or modified after construction. See [The Configuration Class, on page 69](#) for more information.

Constructor

Constructs a new `Session` with the specified parameters.

Syntax

```
Session::Session(  
    std::string bin_path = ".",  
    bool in_process = false,  
    Configuration config = {}  
)
```

Arguments

| | |
|-------------------------|---|
| <code>bin_path</code> | The directory of the KeyView installation. |
| <code>in_process</code> | Used to determine whether to filter in process or out of process. |
| <code>config</code> | The set of configurations for this session. |

config

Get a reference to the configuration. This can be used to configure the next API call.

Syntax

```
const Configuration& Session::config() const  
Configuration& Session::config()
```

detect

Find the autodetected format of a file.

Syntax

```
template<typename Input_Type >  
DetectionInfo Session::detect(Input_Type &input)
```

filter

Filter a file to the provided output type.

Syntax

```
template<typename Input_Type , typename Output_Type >  
void Session::filter(Input_Type &input, Output_Type &output)
```

metadata_map

Get document metadata from a file.

Syntax

```
template<typename Input_Type >  
std::multimap<std::string, std::string> Session::metadata_map(Input_Type &input)
```

subfiles

Obtain information about subfiles. The Container holds references to the session and input.

Syntax

```
template<typename Input_Type>  
Container Session::subfiles(Input_Type &input)
```

The Configuration Class

Defined in: Keyview_Configuration.hpp

The Configuration class allows you to set a wide variety of options. You can use this class to construct a KeyView Session, and to modify a Session that has already been constructed. Each option has a getter and setter method.

Constructor

Create a new Configuration object.

Syntax

```
Configuration::Configuration()  
Configuration::Configuration(const Configuration&)
```

custom_pdf_metadata

Setting `custom_pdf_metadata` to `true` results in all custom metadata being filtered from PDF documents when the metadata APIs are used.

Default value: false

Syntax

```
bool Configuration::custom_pdf_metadata() const  
Configuration& Configuration::custom_pdf_metadata(bool emit_custom_metadata)
```

date_time_field_codes

If you set `date_time_field_codes` to `true`, date/time field codes are extracted from Microsoft Word, PowerPoint, and RTF documents, instead of date/time values.

Default value: false

Syntax

```
bool Configuration::date_time_field_codes() const  
Configuration& Configuration::date_time_field_codes(bool use_fieldcode)
```

extraction_timeout

Sets the timeout for extracting one document.

Default value: 350 seconds

Syntax

```
long Configuration::extraction_timeout() const  
Configuration& Configuration::extraction_timeout(long seconds)
```

filename_field_code

If you set `filename_field_code` to `true`, file name field codes are extracted from Microsoft Word documents.

Default value: `false`

Syntax

```
bool Configuration::filename_field_code() const  
Configuration& Configuration::filename_field_code(bool use_fieldcode)
```

formatted_mail

If you set `formatted_mail` to `true`, the formatted version of the message body (HTML or RTF) is extracted from mail files where possible.

Default value: `false`

Syntax

```
bool Configuration::formatted_mail() const  
Configuration& Configuration::formatted_mail(bool extract_formatted)
```

header_and_footer

Extracts headers and footers.

Default value: `false`

Syntax

```
bool Configuration::header_and_footer() const  
Configuration& Configuration::header_and_footer(bool emit_header_text)
```

header_and_footer_tags

Puts tags around header and footer data.

Default value: false

Syntax

```
bool Configuration::header_and_footer_tags() const  
Configuration& Configuration::header_and_footer_tags(bool tag_headers)
```

hidden_text

If you set `hidden_text` to `true`, hidden text in Microsoft Word, Excel, and PowerPoint documents is extracted.

Default value: false

Syntax

```
bool Configuration::hidden_text() const  
Configuration& Configuration::hidden_text(bool emit_hidden_text)
```

no_encoding_conversion

Setting `no_encoding_conversion` to `true` prevents the default conversion of the text encoding. Filter retains the original character encoding of the document if it is available.

Default value: false

Syntax

```
bool Configuration::no_encoding_conversion() const  
Configuration& Configuration::no_encoding_conversion(bool suppress_conversion)
```

out_of_process_log

Setting this to `true` enables out of process logging.

Default value: false

Syntax

```
bool Configuration::out_of_process_log() const  
Configuration& Configuration::out_of_process_log(bool use_log)
```

out_of_process_memory_log

Enables memory trace for the out-of-process error log.

Default value: false

Syntax

```
bool Configuration::out_of_process_memory_log() const  
Configuration& Configuration::out_of_process_memory_log(bool log_memory)
```

password

Specifies a password to open a password-protected file for filtering.

Default value: empty string

Syntax

```
const std::string& Configuration::password() const  
Configuration& Configuration::password(std::string document_password)
```

pdf_logical_reading

Specifies the order in which the user would like paragraphs in PDF file to be extracted (logical reading order).

Default value: raw

Syntax

```
LogicalPDFDirection Configuration::pdf_logical_reading() const  
Configuration& Configuration::pdf_logical_reading(LogicalPDFDirection mode)
```

revision_marks

If you set `revision_marks` to `true`, text that was deleted from documents with revision tracking enabled is included in the filtered output.

Default value: false

Syntax

```
bool Configuration::revision_marks() const  
Configuration& Configuration::revision_marks(bool emit_revision_marks)
```

skip_comments

If you set `skip_comments` to `true`, comments from Microsoft Word, PowerPoint, or Excel documents are not extracted.

Default value: `false`

Syntax

```
bool Configuration::skip_comments() const  
Configuration& Configuration::skip_comments(bool no_comments)
```

skip_embedded_fonts

If you set `skip_embedded_fonts` to `true`, text that contains embedded fonts is not filtered from PDF documents.

Default value: `false`

Syntax

```
bool Configuration::skip_embedded_fonts() const  
Configuration& Configuration::skip_embedded_fonts(bool no_embedded_fonts)
```

skip_thumbnail

If you set `skip_thumbnail` to `true`, text from thumbnail images for embedded objects in Microsoft Word documents is not extracted.

Default value: `false`

Syntax

```
bool Configuration::skip_thumbnail() const  
Configuration& Configuration::skip_thumbnail(bool no_thumbnail)
```

soft_hyphens

If you set `soft_hyphens` to `true`, soft hyphens are retained when text is filtered from PDF documents.

Default value: `false`

Syntax

```
bool Configuration::soft_hyphens() const  
Configuration& Configuration::soft_hyphens(bool emit_softhyphens)
```

source_encoding

Specifies the character encoding of the input file.

Default value: KVCS_UNKNOWN

Syntax

```
Encoding Configuration::source_encoding() const  
Configuration& Configuration::source_encoding(Encoding encoding_of_source)
```

tagged_pdf_content

If you set `tagged_pdf_content` to `true`, tagged PDF content is filtered from PDF documents.

Default value: false

Syntax

```
bool Configuration::tagged_pdf_content() const  
Configuration& Configuration::tagged_pdf_content(bool emit_tagged_content)
```

target_encoding

Sets the encoding of the text in the output file.

Default value: KVCS_UTF8

Syntax

```
Encoding Configuration::target_encoding() const  
Configuration& Configuration::target_encoding(Encoding encoding_of_target)
```

string& temporary_directory

Sets the path of the temporary directory where temporary files are created during filtering.

Default value: empty string

Syntax

```
const std::string& Configuration::temporary_directory() const  
Configuration& Configuration::temporary_directory(std::string temp_dir)
```

timeout

Sets the timeout used when filtering a particular document. Note that this is also used for SummaryInformation and Detection.

Default value: 350 seconds

Syntax

```
long Configuration::timeout() const  
Configuration& Configuration::timeout(long seconds)
```

unicode_byte_order_marker

If you set `unicode_byte_order_marker` to `true`, the filtered text in the output begins with a Unicode byte order marker.

Default value: false

Syntax

```
bool Configuration::unicode_byte_order_marker() const  
Configuration& Configuration::unicode_byte_order_marker(bool emit_bom)
```

The DetectionInfo Class

Provides information about the format of a file.

Defined in: Keyview_Detect.hpp

appleDoubleEncoded

Returns `true` if the file is AppleDouble encoded

Syntax

```
bool DetectionInfo::appleDoubleEncoded() const
```

appleSingleEncoded

Returns `true` if the file is AppleSingle encoded.

Syntax

```
bool DetectionInfo::appleSingleEncoded() const
```

category

Returns the category as an enum.

Syntax

```
Category DetectionInfo::category() const
```

category_name

Returns the category of this file type.

Syntax

```
std::string DetectionInfo::category_name() const
```

description

Returns a brief description of the file format.

Syntax

```
std::string DetectionInfo::description() const
```

encrypted

Returns true if the file is encrypted.

Syntax

```
bool DetectionInfo::encrypted() const
```

extension

Returns the file extension, or an empty string if no extension is appropriate.

Syntax

```
std::string DetectionInfo::extension() const
```

format

Returns the file format as an enum.

Syntax

```
Format DetectionInfo::format() const
```

macBinaryEncoded

Returns true if the file is MacBinary encoded.

Syntax

```
bool DetectionInfo::macBinaryEncoded() const
```

version

Returns the version number of the file format.

Syntax

```
long DetectionInfo::version() const
```

wangGDLencoded

Returns true if the file is Wang GDL encoded.

Syntax

```
bool DetectionInfo::wangGDLencoded() const
```

windowRMSEncrypted

Returns true if the file is Windows Rights Management Services encrypted.

Syntax

```
bool DetectionInfo::windowRMSEncrypted() const
```

The Container Class

Defined in: Keyview_Container.hpp

The Container class is a handle on a document that might contain subfiles. This allows access to each subfile in a document.

The class defines standard methods for a collection:

```
Subfile Container::at(int64_tindex) const;  
const_iterator Container::begin() const;  
bool Container::empty() const;  
const_iterator Container::end() const;  
int64_t Container::size() const;
```

The Subfile Class

Defined in: Keyview_Subfile.hpp

The Subfile class represents a document within a container. It allows the subfile to be extracted, and information about the subfile to be accessed.

extract

Extracts the subfile to the specified output file.

Syntax

```
template<typename Output_Type >  
Subfile::extract(Output_Type &output) const
```

children

If the subfiles are arranged in a hierarchy, this returns a vector holding the indexes of all the children of the subfiles.

Syntax

```
const std::vector<int64_t>& Subfile::children() const
```

index

Returns the index of this subfile.

Syntax

```
int64_t Subfile::index() const
```

is_folder

Returns whether or not this subfile is a folder.

Syntax

```
bool Subfile::is_folder() const
```

mail_metadata

Returns the mail metadata for this subfile.

Syntax

```
std::multimap<std::string, std::string> Subfile::mail_metadata() const
```

parent

If the subfiles are arranged in a hierarchy, this returns the index of the parent of this subfile. Returns -1 if no other subfile is a parent to this subfile.

Syntax

```
int64_t Subfile::parent() const
```

rawname

Returns the name of this subfile as a string.

IMPORTANT:

This function returns the name from the source document without any modification. If you intend to use this name when extracting the subfile, Micro Focus recommends that you sanitize the value in order to protect your application against directory traversal attacks by malicious files.

Syntax

```
std::string Subfile::rawname() const
```

size

Returns the size of this subfile in bytes.

Syntax

```
int64_t Subfile::size() const
```

time

Syntax

```
int64_t Subfile::time() const
```

Enumerations

The following enumerations are defined in the C++ SDK.

| Enumeration | Description |
|---------------------|--|
| Encoding | An enumeration of character encodings. See Coded Character Sets, on page 184 for more information. |
| Category | File type categories (e.g. WordProcessor, Spreadsheet etc.) . These are listed in Category Values in formats.ini under File Classes . |
| Format | File formats (e.g. Word, Excel, PDF etc.). These are listed in Detected Formats, on page 116 . |
| LogicalPDFDirection | This enumeration is used to specify paragraph ordering when filtering a PDF. |

LogicalPDFDirection

The LogicalPDFDirection enumeration includes the following values.

| Value | Description |
|-----------|---|
| raw | Unstructured paragraph flow. This is the default behavior. |
| ltr | Paragraphs are output from left to right. |
| rtl | Paragraphs are output from right to left. This is most useful for languages with a right-to-left reading order. |
| automatic | The PDF reader determines the paragraph direction for each PDF page, and then sets the direction accordingly. |

Exceptions

Defined in: Keyview_Errors.hpp

The following exceptions can be thrown by calls to the API:

- `encoding_not_converted_error`
- `encoding_not_supported_error`
- `external_subfile_error`
- `format_not_supported_error`
- `password_protected_error`
- `keyview_error`

All the exceptions inherit from `keyview_error`, which itself inherits from `std::exception`.

Chapter 9: The keyview::io Namespace

Defined in: Keyview_IO.hpp

The keyview::io namespace contains predefined Input and Output types. These can be passed to functions templated on Input_Type or Output_Type.

| | |
|--------------------------------------|----|
| • InputFile | 83 |
| • OutputFile | 83 |
| • OutputStdout | 83 |
| • InMemoryFile | 84 |

InputFile

Can be used for: Input_Type

Unbuffered input from a file.

Constructors

```
InputFile(std::string filename_)
InputFile(std::wstring filename_)
InputFile(std::experimental::filesystem::path filename_)
InputFile(InputFile &&other)
```

OutputFile

Can be used for: Output_Type

Unbuffered output to a file.

Constructors

```
OutputFile(std::string filename_)
OutputFile(std::wstring filename_)
OutputFile(std::experimental::filesystem::path filename_)
```

OutputStdout

Can be used for: Output_Type

Output to the console.

Constructors

`OutputStdout()`

InMemoryFile

Can be used for: `Input_Type` and `Output_Type`

Input or output from a `std::deque` This class can be used for in-memory storage of a file.

Constructors

`InMemoryFile()`

Appendixes

This section lists supported formats, supported character sets, and redistributed files, and provides information on format detection and developing a custom document reader.

Appendix A: Supported Formats

This section lists the file formats that KeyView can process (either filter, convert, or display).

- [Supported Formats](#) 86

Supported Formats

The tables in this section provide the following information:

- The file formats supported by the Filter API, Export API, Viewing API, and File Extraction API. The supported versions and the format's extension are also listed. All of the formats listed in this section can be detected by the KeyView format detection module (*kwad*). For a complete list of formats that can be detected, see [Detected Formats, on page 115](#).
- The file formats for which KeyView can detect and extract the character set and metadata information (properties such as title, author, and subject).

Even though a file format might be able to provide character set information, some documents might not contain character set information. Therefore, the document reader would not be able to determine the character set of the document. In this case, either the operating system code page or the character set specified in the API is used.

- The document reader used to filter each format.

Key to Support Tables

| Symbol | Description |
|--------|---|
| Y | The format is supported. You can extract metadata for this format. You can determine the character set for this format. |
| N | The format is not supported. You cannot extract metadata for this format. You cannot determine the character set for this format. |
| P | Partial metadata is extracted from this format. Some non-standard fields are not extracted. |
| T | Only text is extracted from this format. Formatting information is not extracted. |
| M | Only metadata (title, subject, author, and so on) is extracted from this format. Text and formatting information are not extracted. |

Archive Formats

Supported Archive Formats

| Format | Version | Reader | Extension | Filter | Export | View | Extract | Metadata | Charset | Header/Footer |
|--|---------|-----------------------------------|-----------|--------|--------|------|---------|----------|---------|---------------|
| 7-Zip | 4.57 | z7zsr, multiarcsr ¹ | 7Z | N | N | Y | Y | N | n/a | N |
| AD1 | n/a | ad1sr | AD1 | N | N | Y | Y | N | n/a | N |
| ARJ | n/a | multiarcsr | ARJ | N | N | N | Y | N | n/a | N |
| B1 | n/a | b1sr | B1 | N | N | Y | Y | N | n/a | N |
| BinHex | n/a | kvhqxsr | HQX | N | N | Y | Y | N | n/a | N |
| Bzip2 | n/a | bzip2sr | BZ2 | N | N | Y | Y | N | n/a | N |
| Expert Witness Compression Format (EnCase) | 6 | encasesr | E01, L01 | N | N | Y | Y | N | n/a | N |
| | 7 | encase2sr | Lx01 | N | N | Y | Y | N | n/a | N |
| GZIP | 2 | kvgzsr | GZ | N | N | N | Y | N | n/a | N |
| | | kvgz | GZ | N | N | Y | N | N | n/a | N |
| ISO | n/a | isosr | ISO | N | N | Y | Y | N | n/a | N |
| Java Archive | n/a | unzip | JAR | N | N | Y | Y | N | n/a | N |
| Legato EMailXtender Archive | n/a | emxsr | EMX | N | N | Y | Y | N | n/a | N |

¹7zip is supported with the multiarcsr reader on some platforms for Extract.

Supported Archive Formats, continued

| Format | Version | Reader | Extension | Filter | Export | View | Extract | Metadata | Charset | Header/Footer |
|-------------------------------------|-----------------------|---------------|------------------|---------------|---------------|-------------|----------------|-----------------|----------------|----------------------|
| MacBinary | n/a | macbinsr | BIN | N | N | Y | Y | N | n/a | N |
| Mac Disk Copy Disk Image | n/a | dmgsr | DMG | N | N | Y | Y | N | n/a | N |
| Microsoft Backup File | n/a | bkfsr | BKF | N | N | Y | Y | N | n/a | N |
| Microsoft Cabinet format | 1.3 | cabsr | CAB | N | N | Y | Y | N | n/a | N |
| Microsoft Compiled HTML Help | 3 | chmsr | CHM | N | N | Y | Y | N | n/a | N |
| Microsoft Compressed Folder | n/a | lzhsr | LZH LHA | N | N | N | Y | N | n/a | N |
| Microsoft Power BI Desktop format | n/a | unzip | PBIX | N | N | N | Y | N | n/a | N |
| PKZIP | through 9.0 | unzip | ZIP | N | N | Y | Y | N | n/a | N |
| RAR archive | 2.0 through 3.5 | rarsr | RAR | N | N | N | Y | N | n/a | N |
| RAR5 archive | 5 | multiarcsr | RAR5 | N | N | N | Y | N | n/a | N |
| Tableau Packaged Data Source format | n/a | unzip | TDSX | N | N | N | Y | N | n/a | N |
| Tableau Packaged Workbook format | n/a | unzip | TWBX | N | N | N | Y | N | n/a | N |
| Tape Archive | n/a | tarsr | TAR | N | N | Y | Y | N | n/a | N |

Supported Archive Formats, continued

| Format | Version | Reader | Extension | Filter | Export | View | Extract | Metadata | Charset | Header/Footer |
|--------------------------------|--------------|------------|-----------|--------|--------|------|---------|----------|---------|---------------|
| UNIX Compress | n/a | kvzeesr | Z | N | N | N | Y | N | n/a | N |
| | | kvzee | Z | N | N | Y | N | N | n/a | N |
| UUEncoding | all versions | uudsr | UUE | N | N | Y | Y | N | n/a | N |
| XZ | n/a | multiarcsr | XZ | N | N | N | Y | N | n/a | N |
| Windows Scrap File | n/a | olesr | SHS | N | N | N | Y | N | n/a | N |
| WinZip | through 10 | unzip | ZIP | N | N | Y | Y | N | n/a | N |
| Zipped Keyhole Markup Language | n/a | unzip | ZIP | N | N | N | Y | N | n/a | N |

Binary Format**Supported Binary Formats**

| Format | Version | Reader | Extension | Filter | Export | View | Extract | Metadata | Charset | Header/Footer |
|--------------|---------|--------|-----------|--------|--------|------|---------|----------|---------|---------------|
| Executable | n/a | exesr | EXE | N | N | Y | N | N | n/a | N |
| Link Library | n/a | exesr | DLL | N | N | Y | N | N | n/a | N |

Computer-Aided Design Formats

Supported CAD Formats

| Format | Version | Reader | Extension | Filter | Export | View | Extract | Metadata | Charset | Header/Footer |
|--------------------------|--|-----------------------------------|------------------|--------|--------|------|----------------|----------|---------|---------------|
| AutoCAD Drawing | R13, R14, R15/2000, 2004, 2007, 2010, 2013, 2018 | kpODArdr kpDWGrdr ¹ | DWG | Y | Y | Y | N | Y | Y | N |
| AutoCAD Drawing Exchange | R13, R14, R15/2000, 2004, 2007, 2010, 2013 | kpODArdr kpDXFrdr ² | DXF | Y | Y | Y | N | Y | Y | N |
| CATIA formats | 5 | kpCATrdr | CAT ³ | Y | N | N | N | Y | N | N |
| Microsoft Visio | 4, 5, 2000, 2002, 2003, 2007, 2010 ⁴ | vsdsr | VSD | Y | Y | Y | Y ⁵ | Y | Y | N |
| | | kpVSD2rdr | VSD, VSS VST | Y | Y | Y | N | Y | Y | N |

¹The kpODArdr reader can filter, export, and view all versions but is supported only on Windows, Linux, and OSX. The kpDWGrdr reader is used on AIX, FreeBSD, Solaris, and SPARC platforms, but does not support graphics for versions after 2004 or text for versions after 2013.

²The kpODArdr reader can filter, export, and view all versions but is supported only on Windows, Linux, and OSX. The kpDXFrdr reader is used on AIX, FreeBSD, Solaris, and SPARC platforms, but does not support graphics for versions after 2004.

³All CAT file extensions, for example CATDrawing, CATProduct, CATPart, and so on.

⁴Viewing and Export use the graphic reader, kpVSD2rdr for Microsoft Visio 2003, 2007, and 2010, and vsdsr for all earlier versions. Image fidelity in Viewing and Export is therefore only supported for versions 2003 and above. Filter uses the graphic reader kpVSD2rdr for Microsoft Visio 2003, 2007, and 2010, and vsdsr for all earlier versions.

⁵Extraction of embedded OLE objects is supported for Filter on Windows platforms only.

Supported CAD Formats, continued

| Format | Version | Reader | Extension | Filter | Export | View | Extract | Metadata | Charset | Header/Footer |
|---------------------|---------|--------------------|--|--------|--------|----------------|---------|----------|---------|---------------|
| | 2013 | ActiveX components | VSDM VSSM VSTM VSDX VSSX VSTX | N | N | Y ¹ | N | Y | N | N |
| | | kpVSDXrdr | VSDM VSSM VSTM VSDX VSSX VSTX | Y | Y | Y | Y | Y | Y | N |
| Unigraphics (UG) NX | | kpUGrdr | PRT | Y | N | N | N | N | N | N |

Database Formats**Supported Database Formats**

| Format | Version | Reader | Extension | Filter | Export | View | Extract | Metadata | Charset | Header/Footer |
|----------------|----------|--------|-----------|--------|--------|------|---------|----------|---------|---------------|
| dBase Database | III+, IV | dbfsr | DBF | Y | Y | Y | N | N | N | N |

¹Visio 2013 is supported in Viewing only, with the support of ActiveX components from the Microsoft Visio 2013 Viewer. Image fidelity is supported but other features, such as highlighting, are not.

Supported Database Formats, continued

| Format | Version | Reader | Extension | Filter | Export | View | Extract | Metadata | Charset | Header/Footer |
|-------------------|--|--------|------------|--------|--------|------|---------|----------|----------------|---------------|
| Microsoft Access | 95, 97, 2000, 2002, 2003, 2007, 2010, 2013, 2016 | mdbsr | MDB, ACCDB | Y | T | T | N | N | Y ¹ | N |
| Microsoft Project | 2000, 2002, 2003, 2007, 2010, 2013, 2016 | mppsrs | MPP | Y | Y | Y | Y | Y | Y | N |

Desktop Publishing

Supported Desktop Publishing Formats

| Format | Version | Reader | Extension | Filter | Export | View | Extract | Metadata | Charset | Header/Footer |
|---------------------|------------|--------|-----------|--------|--------|------|---------|----------|---------|---------------|
| Microsoft Publisher | 98 to 2016 | mshpsr | PUB | Y | T | T | Y | Y | Y | N |

Display Formats

Supported Display Formats

| Format | Version | Reader | Extension | Filter | Export | View | Extract | Metadata | Charset | Header/Footer |
|-----------|------------|--------|-----------|--------|--------|------|----------------|----------|---------|---------------|
| Adobe PDF | 1.1 to 1.7 | pdfsr | PDF | Y | Y | N | Y ² | Y | Y | N |
| | | pdf2sr | PDF | N | Y | N | N | N | N | N |

¹Charset is not supported for Microsoft Access 95 or 97.²Includes support for extraction of subfiles from PDF Portfolio documents.

Supported Display Formats, continued

| Format | Version | Reader | Extension | Filter | Export | View | Extract | Metadata | Charset | Header/Footer |
|--------|---------|------------------------|-----------|--------|--------|------|---------|----------|---------|---------------|
| | | kppdfrdr | PDF | N | Y | Y | N | N | N | N |
| | | kppdf2rdr ¹ | PDF | N | N | Y | N | N | N | N |

Graphic Formats**Supported Graphic Formats**

| Format | Version | Reader | Extension | Filter | Export | View | Extract | Metadata | Charset | Header/Footer |
|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------|-----------------------|-----------|--------|--------|------|---------|----------|---------|---------------|
| Computer Graphics Metafile | n/a | kpcgmrdr ² | CGM | Y | Y | Y | N | N | N | N |
| CorelDRAW ³ | through 9.0 10, 11, 12, X3 | kpcdrdr | CDR | N | Y | Y | N | N | N | N |
| DCX Fax System | n/a | kpcdxrdr | DCX | N | Y | Y | N | N | N | N |
| Digital Imaging & Communications in | n/a | dcmsr | DCM | M | N | N | N | Y | N | N |

¹kppdf2rdr is an alternate graphic-based reader that produces high-fidelity output but does not support other features such as highlighting or text searching.

²Files with non-partitioned data are supported.

³CDR/CDR with TIFF header.

Supported Graphic Formats, continued

| Format | Version | Reader | Extension | Filter | Export | View | Extract | Metadata | Charset | Header/Footer |
|------------------------------------|----------------|---------------|-------------------------------|---------------|---------------|-------------|----------------|-----------------|----------------|----------------------|
| Medicine (DICOM) | | | | | | | | | | |
| Encapsulated PostScript (raster) | TIFF header | kpepsrdr | EPS | N | Y | Y | N | N | N | N |
| Enhanced Metafile | n/a | kpemfrdr | EMF | Y | Y | Y | N | Y | N | N |
| GIF | 87, 89 | kpgifrdr | GIF | N | Y | Y | N | N | N | N |
| | | gifsr | | M | M | N | N | Y | N | N |
| ISO-BMFF JPEG 2000 compound image | n/a | kpjp2000rdr | JPM | N | Y | Y | N | N | N | N |
| | | jp2000sr | | M | M | N | N | Y | N | N |
| ISO-BMFF JPEG 2000 image | n/a | kpjp2000rdr | JP2 | N | Y | Y | N | N | N | N |
| | | jp2000sr | | M | M | N | N | Y | N | N |
| ISO-BMFF JPEG 2000 with extensions | n/a | kpjp2000rdr | JPX | N | Y | Y | N | N | N | N |
| | | jp2000sr | | M | M | N | N | Y | N | N |
| JBIG2 | n/a | kpJBIG2rdr | JBIG2 | N | Y | Y | N | N | N | N |
| JPEG | n/a | kpjpgdrdr | JPEG | N | Y | Y | N | N | N | N |
| | | jpgsr | | M | M | N | N | Y | N | N |
| JPEG 2000 | n/a | kpjp2000rdr | JP2, JPF, J2K, JPWL, JPX, PGX | N | Y | Y | N | N | N | N |
| | | jp2000sr | | M | M | N | N | Y | N | N |

Supported Graphic Formats, continued

| Format | Version | Reader | Extension | Filter | Export | View | Extract | Metadata | Charset | Header/Footer |
|---|----------------|---------------|------------------|---------------|---------------|-------------|----------------|-----------------|----------------|----------------------|
| JPEG 2000 PGX Verification Model image | n/a | kjpg2000rdr | PGX | N | Y | Y | N | N | N | N |
| | | jp2000sr | | M | M | N | N | Y | N | N |
| Lotus AMIDraw Graphics | n/a | kpsdwrdr | SDW | N | Y | Y | N | N | N | N |
| Lotus Pic | n/a | kppicrdr | PIC | Y | Y | Y | N | N | N | N |
| Macintosh Raster | 2 | kppctrdr | PIC PCT | N | Y | Y | N | N | N | N |
| MacPaint | n/a | kpmacrdr | PNTG | N | Y | Y | N | N | N | N |
| Microsoft Office Drawing | n/a | kpmsohdr | MSO | N | Y | Y | N | N | N | N |
| Omni Graffiti | n/a | kpGFLrdr | GRAFFLE | Y | N | N | N | Y | Y | N |
| PC PaintBrush | 3 | kppcxrdr | PCX | N | Y | Y | N | N | N | N |
| Portable Network Graphics | n/a | kppngrdr | PNG | N | Y | Y | N | N | N | N |
| | | pngsr | PNG | M | M | N | N | Y | N | N |
| Scalable Vector Graphics | n/a | xmlsr | SVG | Y | T | T | N | Y | Y | N |
| SGI RGB Image | n/a | kpsgirdr | RGB | N | Y | Y | N | N | N | N |
| Sun Raster Image | n/a | kpsunrdr | RS | N | Y | Y | N | N | N | N |

Supported Graphic Formats, continued

| Format | Version | Reader | Extension | Filter | Export | View | Extract | Metadata | Charset | Header/Footer |
|-------------------------|--------------------------|----------|-----------|----------------|--------|------|---------|----------|---------|---------------|
| Tagged Image File | through 6.0 ¹ | tifsr | TIFF | M | M | N | N | Y | N | N |
| | | kptifdr | TIFF | N | Y | Y | N | N | N | N |
| Truevision Targa | 2 | kpTGArdr | TGA | N | Y | Y | N | N | N | N |
| Windows Animated Cursor | n/a | kpanirdr | ANI | N | Y | Y | N | N | N | N |
| Windows Bitmap | n/a | kpbmprdr | BMP | N | Y | Y | N | N | N | N |
| | | bmpsr | BMP | M | M | N | N | Y | N | N |
| Windows Icon Cursor | n/a | kpicordr | ICO | N | Y | Y | N | N | N | N |
| Windows Metafile | 3 | kpwmfrdr | WMF | Y ² | Y | Y | N | N | N | N |
| WordPerfect Graphics 1 | 1 | kpwpgrdr | WPG | N | Y | Y | N | N | N | N |
| WordPerfect Graphics 2 | 2, 7 | kpwg2rdr | WPG | N | Y | Y | N | N | N | N |

¹The following compression types are supported: no compression, CCITT Group 3 1-Dimensional Modified Huffman, CCITT Group 3 T4 1-Dimensional, CCITT Group 4 T6, LZW, JPEG (only Gray, RGB and CMYK color space are supported), and PackBits.

²Windows Metafiles can contain both raster images (KeyView file class 4) and vector graphics (KeyView file class 5). Filtering is supported only for vector graphics (class 5).

Mail Formats

Supported Mail Formats

| Format | Version | Reader | Extension | Filter | Export | View | Extract | Metadata | Charset | Header/Footer |
|-------------------------------------|--------------------------------|--------------------|-----------|--------|--------|------|---------|----------|---------|---------------|
| Documentum EMCMF | n/a | msgsr | EMCMF | N | N | Y | Y | Y | Y | N |
| Domino XML Language ¹ | n/a | dxlsr | DXL | N | N | Y | Y | Y | N | N |
| GroupWise FileSurf | n/a | gwfssr | GWFS | N | N | Y | Y | Y | N | N |
| Legato Extender | n/a | onmsr | ONM | N | N | Y | Y | Y | N | N |
| Lotus Notes database | 4, 5, 6.0, 6.5, 7.0, 8.0 | nsfsr | NSF | N | N | Y | Y | Y | N | N |
| Mailbox ² | Thunderbird 1.0, Eudora 6.2 | mbxsr ³ | MBX | N | N | T | Y | Y | Y | N |
| Microsoft Entourage | 2004 | entsr | various | N | N | Y | Y | Y | Y | N |

¹Supports non-encrypted embedded files only.

²KeyView supports MBX files created by Eudora Email and Mozilla Thunderbird. MBX files created by other common mail applications are typically filtered, converted, and displayed.

³This reader supports both clear signed and encrypted S/MIME. KeyView supports S/MIME for PST, EML, MBX, and MSG files.

Supported Mail Formats, continued

| Format | Version | Reader | Extension | Filter | Export | View | Extract | Metadata | Charset | Header/Footer |
|--|--|--------------------|-----------|--------|--------|------|---------|----------|----------------|---------------|
| Database | | | | | | | | | | |
| Microsoft Outlook | 97, 2000, 2002, 2003, 2007, 2010, 2013, 2016 | msgsr ¹ | MSG, OFT | Y | T | T | Y | Y | Y ² | N |
| Microsoft Outlook DBX | 5.0, 6.0 | dbxsr | DBX | N | N | Y | Y | Y | Y | N |
| Microsoft Outlook Express | Windows 6 Macintosh 5 | emlsr ³ | EML | Y | T | T | Y | Y | Y | N |
| | | mbxsr ⁴ | EML | N | N | T | Y | Y | Y | N |
| Microsoft Outlook iCalendar | 1.0, 2.0 | icssr | ICS, VCS | N | N | Y | Y | Y | Y | N |
| Microsoft Outlook for Macintosh | 2011 | olmsr | OLM | N | N | Y | Y | N | Y | N |
| Microsoft Outlook Offline Storage File | 97, 2000, 2002, 2003, 2007, 2010, 2013 | pffsr ⁵ | OST | N | N | Y | Y | Y | Y | N |

¹This reader supports both clear signed and encrypted S/MIME. KeyView supports S/MIME for PST, EML, MBX, and MSG files.

²Returns "Unicode" character set for version 2003 and up, and "Unknown" character set for previous versions.

³This reader supports both clear signed and encrypted S/MIME. KeyView supports S/MIME for PST, EML, MBX, and MSG files.

⁴This reader supports both clear signed and encrypted S/MIME. KeyView supports S/MIME for PST, EML, MBX, and MSG files.

⁵The reader pffsr is available only on Windows and Linux.

Supported Mail Formats, continued

| Format | Version | Reader | Extension | Filter | Export | View | Extract | Metadata | Charset | Header/Footer |
|--|--|---------------------|-----------|--------|--------|------|---------|----------|---------|---------------|
| Microsoft Outlook Personal Folder | 97, 2000, 2002, 2003, 2007, 2010, 2013, 2016 | pstsr ¹² | PST | N | N | Y | Y | Y | N | N |
| | 97, 2000, 2002, 2003, 2007, 2010, 2013 | pstnsr | PST | N | N | Y | Y | Y | Y | N |
| Microsoft Outlook vCard Contact | 2.1, 3.0, 4.0 | vcfsr | VCF | Y | Y | T | N | Y | N | N |
| Text Mail (MIME) | n/a | emlsr ³ | various | Y | T | T | Y | Y | Y | N |
| | | mbxsr ⁴ | various | Y | T | T | Y | Y | Y | N |
| Transport Neutral Encapsulation Format | n/a | tnfsr | various | N | N | Y | Y | Y | Y | N |

¹This reader supports both clear signed and encrypted S/MIME. KeyView supports S/MIME for PST, EML, MBX, and MSG files.

²Uses Microsoft Messaging Application Programming Interface (MAPI). The MAPI reader (*pstsr*) works only on Windows, and requires that you have Microsoft Outlook installed. As an alternative, the native PST reader (*pstnsr*) runs on all platforms, and does not require Microsoft Outlook. For more information on using the native PST reader or the MAPI reader, see the sections 'Use the Native PST Reader (*pstnsr*)' and 'Use the MAPI Reader (*pstsr*)' in Chapter 3.

³This reader supports both clear signed and encrypted S/MIME. KeyView supports S/MIME for PST, EML, MBX, and MSG files.

⁴This reader supports both clear signed and encrypted S/MIME. KeyView supports S/MIME for PST, EML, MBX, and MSG files.

Multimedia Formats

Viewing SDK plays some multimedia files using the Windows Media Control Interface (MCI). MCI is a set of Windows APIs that communicate with multimedia devices.

Supported Multimedia Formats

| Format | Version | Reader | Extension | Filter | Export | View | Extract | Metadata | Charset | Header/Footer |
|--------------------------------------|---------|---------|-----------|--------|--------|------|---------|----------|---------|---------------|
| 3GPP video file | n/a | mpeg4sr | 3GP | M | N | N | N | Y | N | N |
| 3GPP2 video file | n/a | mpeg4sr | 3G2 | M | N | N | N | Y | N | N |
| Adobe Flash Player audio | n/a | mpeg4sr | F4A | M | N | N | N | Y | N | N |
| Adobe Flash Player audio book | n/a | mpeg4sr | F4B | M | N | N | N | Y | N | N |
| Adobe Flash Player protected video | n/a | mpeg4sr | F4P | M | N | N | N | Y | N | N |
| Adobe Flash Player video | n/a | mpeg4sr | F4V | M | N | N | N | Y | N | N |
| Apple ISO-BMFF QuickTime video | n/a | MCI | QT MOV | N | N | Y | N | N | N | N |
| Apple MPEG-4 Part 14 audio | n/a | mpeg4sr | M4A | M | N | N | N | Y | N | N |
| Apple MPEG-4 Part 14 audio book | n/a | mpeg4sr | M4B | M | N | N | N | Y | N | N |
| Apple MPEG-4 Part 14 protected audio | n/a | mpeg4sr | M4P | M | N | N | N | Y | N | N |
| Apple MPEG-4 Part 14 | n/a | mpeg4sr | M4V | M | N | N | N | Y | N | N |

Supported Multimedia Formats, continued

| Format | Version | Reader | Extension | Filter | Export | View | Extract | Metadata | Charset | Header/Footer |
|------------------------------------|---------------|-------------|-------------------|--------|--------|------|---------|----------|---------|---------------|
| video | | | | | | | | | | |
| Audible Enhanced Audiobook | n/a | mpeg4sr | AAX | M | N | N | N | Y | N | N |
| KDDI video file | n/a | MCI | | N | N | Y | N | N | N | N |
| Advanced Systems Format | 1.2 | asfsr | ASF WMA WMV | N | N | N | N | Y | N | N |
| Audio Interchange File Format | n/a | MCI | AIFF | N | N | Y | N | N | N | N |
| | | aiffsr | AIFF | M | N | N | N | Y | N | N |
| ISO-BMFF MPEG-4 with AVC extension | n/a | mpeg4sr | | M | N | N | N | Y | N | N |
| Microsoft Wave Sound | n/a | MCI | WAV | N | N | Y | N | N | N | N |
| | | riffr | WAV | M | N | N | N | Y | N | N |
| MIDI | n/a | MCI | MID | N | N | Y | N | N | N | N |
| Mobile QuickTime video | n/a | mpeg4sr | MQV | M | N | N | N | Y | N | N |
| Motion JPEG 2000 | n/a | kpjp2000rdr | MJ2 MJP2 | N | Y | Y | N | N | N | N |
| | | jp2000sr | | M | M | N | N | Y | N | N |
| MPEG-1 Audio layer 3 | ID3 v1 and v2 | MCI | MP3 | N | N | Y | N | N | N | N |
| | | mp3sr | MP3 | M | M | Y | N | Y | N | N |

Supported Multimedia Formats, continued

| Format | Version | Reader | Extension | Filter | Export | View | Extract | Metadata | Charset | Header/Footer |
|--|---------|---------|------------|--------|--------|------|---------|----------|---------|---------------|
| MPEG-1 Video | 2, 3 | MCI | MPG | N | N | Y | N | N | N | N |
| MPEG-2 Audio | n/a | MCI | MPEGA | N | N | Y | N | N | N | N |
| MPEG-21 | n/a | mpeg4sr | | M | N | N | N | Y | N | N |
| MPEG-4 Audio | n/a | mpeg4sr | MP4 3GP | M | N | N | N | Y | N | N |
| Nero AAC audio | n/a | mpeg4sr | | M | N | N | N | Y | N | N |
| Nero MPEG-4 profile | n/a | mpeg4sr | | M | N | N | N | Y | N | N |
| Nero MPEG-4 profile with AVC extension | n/a | mpeg4sr | | M | N | N | N | Y | N | N |
| NeXT/Sun Audio | n/a | MCI | AU | N | N | Y | N | N | N | N |
| NTT MPEG-4 | n/a | mpeg4sr | | M | N | N | N | Y | N | N |
| QuickTime Movie | 2, 3, 4 | MCI | QT MOV | N | N | Y | N | N | N | N |
| Sony PSP MPEG-4 | n/a | mpeg4sr | MP4 | M | N | N | N | Y | N | N |
| Sony XAVC video | n/a | mpeg4sr | | M | N | N | N | Y | N | N |
| Windows Video | 2.1 | MCI | AVI | N | N | Y | N | N | N | N |

NOTE:

Depending on the default multimedia player installed on your computer, the View API might not be able to play some supported multimedia formats. To play multimedia files, the View API uses the Windows Media Control Interface (MCI) to communicate with the multimedia player installed on your computer. If the player does not play a multimedia file that is supported by the Viewing SDK, the View API cannot

play the file.

If you cannot play a supported multimedia file by using the View API, install a different multimedia player or compressor/decompressor (codec) component.

Presentation Formats

Supported Presentation Formats

| Format | Version | Reader | Extension | Filter | Export | View | Extract | Metadata | Charset | Header/Footer |
|---------------------------------------|----------------------------|--------------------------|-------------|--------|--------|------|---------|----------|---------|---------------|
| Apple iWork Keynote | 2, 3, '08, '09 | kplWPGGrdr | GZ | Y | Y | Y | N | Y | Y | N |
| | '13, '16 iCloud 2018 | kplWPG13rdr ¹ | KEY | Y | T | N | N | N | N | N |
| Applix Presents | 4.0, 4.2, 4.3, 4.4 | kpagrdr | AG | Y | Y | Y | N | N | N | N |
| Corel Presentations | 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, X3 | kpshwrdr | SHW | Y | Y | Y | N | N | N | N |
| Extensible Forms Description Language | n/a | kpXFDLrdr | XFD XFDL | Y | Y | Y | N | Y | Y | N |
| Lotus Freelance Graphics | 96, 97, 98, R9, 9.8 | kpprzrdr | PRZ | Y | Y | Y | N | N | N | N |
| Lotus Freelance Graphics 2 | 2 | kpprerdr | PRE | Y | Y | Y | N | N | N | N |

¹This reader is available only on Windows (32-bit and 64-bit), Linux (32-bit and 64-bit), and Solaris x86-64.

Supported Presentation Formats, continued

| Format | Version | Reader | Extension | Filter | Export | View | Extract | Metadata | Charset | Header/Footer |
|----------------------------------|------------------------|----------|--|--------|--------|------|---------|----------|----------------|----------------|
| Macromedia Flash | through 8.0 | swfsr | SWF | Y | Y | Y | N | N | Y ¹ | N |
| Microsoft OneNote | 2007, 2010, 2013, 2016 | kpONErdr | ONE ONETOC2 | Y | Y | Y | Y | N | Y | N |
| Microsoft PowerPoint Macintosh | 98 | kpp40rdr | PPT | Y | Y | Y | N | N | N | N |
| | 2001, v.X, 2004 | kpp97rdr | PPT PPS POT | Y | Y | Y | N | P | Y | N |
| Microsoft PowerPoint PC | 4 | kpp40rdr | PPT | Y | Y | Y | N | P | N | N |
| Microsoft PowerPoint Windows | 95 | kpp95rdr | PPT | Y | Y | Y | N | P | Y | N |
| Microsoft PowerPoint Windows | 97, 2000, 2002, 2003 | kpp97rdr | PPT PPS POT | Y | Y | Y | Y | P | Y | Y ² |
| Microsoft PowerPoint Windows XML | 2007, 2010, 2013, 2016 | kpppxrdr | PPTX PPTM POTX POTM PPSX PPSM | Y | Y | Y | Y | Y | Y | Y |

¹The character set cannot be determined for versions 5.x and lower.²Slide footers are supported for Microsoft PowerPoint 97 and 2003.

Supported Presentation Formats, continued

| Format | Version | Reader | Extension | Filter | Export | View | Extract | Metadata | Charset | Header/Footer |
|---|-------------------|----------|--------------------------|--------|--------|------|----------------|----------|---------|---------------|
| | | | PPAM | | | | | | | |
| OASIS Open Document Format | 1, 2 ¹ | kpodfrdr | SXD SXI ODG ODP | Y | Y | Y | Y ² | Y | Y | N |
| OpenOffice Impress, LibreOffice Impress | 1 to 5 | sosr | SXI SXP ODP | Y | T | T | N | Y | Y | N |
| StarOffice Impress | 3, 4, 5 | kpsddrdr | SDA SDD | Y | T | N | N | N | N | N |
| | 6, 7, 8, 9 | sosr | SXI SXP ODP | Y | T | T | N | Y | Y | N |

¹Generated by OpenOffice Impress 2.0, StarOffice 8 Impress, and IBM Lotus Symphony Presentation 3.0.

²Supported using the olesr embedded objects reader.

Spreadsheet Formats

Supported Spreadsheet Formats

| Format | Version | Reader | Extension | Filter | Export | View | Extract | Metadata | Charset | Header/Footer |
|-------------------------|-------------------------|---------------|------------|--------|--------|------|---------|----------|---------|---------------|
| Apple iWork Numbers | '08, '09 | iwsssr | GZ | Y | Y | Y | N | Y | Y | N |
| | '13, '16 iCloud 2018 | iwss13sr 1 | NUMBERS | Y | T | T | N | N | Y | N |
| Applix Spreadsheets | 4.2, 4.3, 4.4 | assr | AS | Y | Y | Y | N | N | Y | N |
| Comma Separated Values | n/a | csvsr | CSV | Y | Y | Y | N | N | N | N |
| Corel Quattro Pro | 5, 6, 7, 8 | qpssr | WB2 WB3 | Y | Y | Y | N | P | Y | N |
| | X4 | qpwsr | QPW | Y | N | Y | N | P | Y | N |
| Data Interchange Format | n/a | difsr | | Y | Y | Y | N | N | N | N |
| Lotus 1-2-3 | 96, 97, R9, 9.8 | l123sr | 123 | Y | Y | Y | N | P | Y | N |
| Lotus 1-2-3 | 2, 3, 4, 5 | wkssr | WK4 | Y | Y | Y | N | N | Y | N |
| Lotus 1-2-3 Charts | 2, 3, 4, 5 | kpchtrdr | 123 | N | Y | Y | N | N | N | N |
| Microsoft Excel Charts | 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7 | kpchtrdr | XLS | N | Y | Y | N | N | N | N |

¹This reader is available only on Windows (32-bit and 64-bit), Linux (32-bit and 64-bit), and Solaris x86-64.

Supported Spreadsheet Formats, continued

| Format | Version | Reader | Extension | Filter | Export | View | Extract | Metadata | Charset | Header/Footer |
|-----------------------------------|------------------------|---------|--------------------------------------|--------|--------|------|----------------|----------|---------|---------------|
| Microsoft Excel Macintosh | 98, 2001, v.X, 2004 | xlssr | XLS | Y | Y | Y | Y ¹ | Y | Y | N |
| Microsoft Excel Windows | 2.2 through 2003 | xlssr | XLS XLW XLT XLA | Y | Y | Y | Y ² | Y | Y | Y |
| Microsoft Excel Windows XML | 2007, 2010, 2013, 2016 | xlxsxr | XLSX XLTX XLSM XLTM XLAM | Y | Y | Y | Y | Y | Y | Y |
| Microsoft Excel Binary Format | 2007, 2010, 2013, 2016 | xlsbsr | XLSB | Y | Y | Y | N | N | N | N |
| Microsoft Works Spreadsheet | 2, 3, 4 | mwssr | S30 S40 | Y | Y | Y | N | N | Y | N |
| OASIS Open Document Format | 1, 2 ³ | odfsssr | ODS SXC STC | Y | Y | Y | Y ⁴ | Y | Y | N |
| OpenOffice Calc, LibreOffice Calc | 1 to 5 | sosr | SXC ODS | Y | T | T | N | Y | Y | N |

¹Supported using the embedded objects reader `olesr`.²Supported for versions 97 and higher using the embedded objects reader `olesr`.³Generated by OpenOffice Calc 2.0, StarOffice 8 Calc, and IBM Lotus Symphony Spreadsheet 3.0.⁴Supported using the embedded objects reader `olesr`.

Supported Spreadsheet Formats, continued

| Format | Version | Reader | Extension | Filter | Export | View | Extract | Metadata | Charset | Header/Footer |
|-----------------|------------|---------|------------|--------|--------|------|---------|----------|---------|---------------|
| | | | OTS | | | | | | | |
| StarOffice Calc | 3, 4, 5 | starcsr | SDC | Y | T | T | N | N | N | N |
| | 6, 7, 8, 9 | sosr | SXC ODS | Y | T | T | N | Y | Y | N |

Text and Markup Formats**Supported Text and Markup Formats**

| Format | Version | Reader | Extension | Filter | Export | View | Extract | Metadata | Charset | Header/Footer |
|-----------------------------|------------------|--------|------------|--------|--------|------|---------|----------|---------|---------------|
| ANSI | n/a | afsr | TXT | Y | Y | Y | N | N | N | N |
| ASCII | n/a | afsr | TXT | Y | Y | Y | N | N | N | N |
| HTML | 3, 4 | htmsr | HTM | Y | Y | Y | N | P | Y | N |
| Microsoft Excel Windows XML | 2003 | xmlsr | XML | Y | T | T | N | Y | Y | N |
| Microsoft Word Windows XML | 2003 | xmlsr | XML | Y | T | T | N | Y | Y | N |
| Microsoft Visio XML | 2003 | xmlsr | VDX VTX | Y | T | T | N | Y | Y | N |
| MIME HTML | n/a | mhtsr | MHT | Y | Y | Y | N | Y | Y | N |
| Rich Text Format | 1 through 1.7 | rtfsr | RTF | Y | Y | Y | N | P | Y | Y |

Supported Text and Markup Formats, continued

| Format | Version | Reader | Extension | Filter | Export | View | Extract | Metadata | Charset | Header/Footer |
|---|---------|----------|-----------|--------|--------|------|---------|----------|---------|---------------|
| Tableau Data Source format | n/a | xmlsr | TDS | Y | T | T | N | Y | Y | N |
| Tableau Map Source format | n/a | xmlsr | TMS | Y | T | T | N | Y | Y | N |
| Tableau Preferences format | n/a | xmlsr | TPS | Y | T | T | N | Y | Y | N |
| Tableau Workbook format | n/a | xmlsr | TWB | Y | T | T | N | Y | Y | N |
| Unicode HTML | n/a | unihtmsr | HTM | Y | Y | Y | N | Y | Y | N |
| Unicode Text | 3, 4 | unisr | TXT | Y | Y | Y | N | N | Y | N |
| Vector Open Diagnostic Data Exchange Format | n/a | xmlsr | ODX | Y | T | T | N | Y | Y | N |
| XHTML | 1.0 | htmsr | HTM | Y | Y | Y | N | Y | Y | N |
| XML (generic) | 1.0 | xmlsr | XML | Y | T | T | N | Y | Y | N |

Word Processing Formats**Supported Word Processing Formats**

| Format | Version | Reader | Extension | Filter | Export | View | Extract | Metadata | Charset | Header/Footer |
|-------------------------------------|-------------------------|---------|-----------|--------|--------|------|---------|----------|---------|---------------|
| Adobe FrameMaker Interchange Format | 5, 5.5, 6, 7 | mifsr | MIF | Y | Y | Y | N | N | Y | N |
| Apple iChat Log | 1, AV 2 AV 2.1, AV 3 | ichatsr | ICHAT | Y | Y | Y | N | N | N | N |

Supported Word Processing Formats, continued

| Format | Version | Reader | Extension | Filter | Export | View | Extract | Metadata | Charset | Header/Footer |
|-----------------------------------|--------------------------------|--------------------|------------------|---------------|---------------|-------------|----------------|-----------------|----------------|----------------------|
| Apple iWork Pages | '08, '09 | iwwpsr | GZ | Y | Y | Y | N | Y | Y | N |
| | '13, '16 iCloud 2018 | iwwp13sr 1 | PAGES | Y | T | T | N | N | N | N |
| Applix Words | 3.11, 4, 4.1, 4.2, 4.3, 4.4 | awsr | AW | Y | Y | Y | N | N | Y | Y |
| Corel WordPerfect Linux | 6.0, 8.1 | wp6sr | WPS | Y | Y | Y | N | P | Y | N |
| Corel WordPerfect Macintosh | 1.02, 2, 2.1, 2.2, 3, 3.1 | wpmsr | WPM | Y | Y | Y | N | N | Y | N |
| Corel WordPerfect Windows | 5, 5.1 | wosr | WO | Y | Y | Y | N | P | Y | Y |
| Corel WordPerfect Windows | 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, X3 | wp6sr | WPD | Y | Y | Y | N | P | Y | Y |
| DisplayWrite | 4 | dw4sr | IP | Y | Y | Y | N | N | Y | N |
| Folio Flat File | 3.1 | foliosr | FFF | Y | Y | Y | N | Y | Y | Y |
| Founder Chinese E- paper Basic | 3.2.1 | cebsr ² | CEB | Y | N | N | N | N | N | N |

¹This reader is available only on Windows (32-bit and 64-bit), Linux (32-bit and 64-bit), and Solaris x86-64.²This reader is only supported on Windows 32-bit platforms.

Supported Word Processing Formats, continued

| Format | Version | Reader | Extension | Filter | Export | View | Extract | Metadata | Charset | Header/Footer |
|--------------------------------------|---------------------------|---------------|------------------|---------------|---------------|-------------|----------------|-----------------|----------------|----------------------|
| Fujitsu Oasys | 7 | oa2sr | OA2 | Y | Y | Y | N | P | N | N |
| Haansoft Hangul | 97 | hwpsr | HWP | Y | Y | Y | N | Y | Y | N |
| | 2002, 2005, 2007, 2010 | hwposr | HWP | Y | Y | Y | Y | Y | Y | N |
| Health level7 | 2.0 | hl7sr | HL7 | Y | Y | Y | N | Y | Y | N |
| IBM DCA/RFT (Revisable Form Text) | SC23-0758-1 | dcasr | DC | Y | Y | Y | N | N | Y | N |
| JustSystems Ichitaro | 8 to 2013, 2018 | jtdsr | JTD | Y | Y | Y | N | P | N | Y |
| Lotus AMI Pro | 2, 3 | lasr | SAM | Y | Y | Y | N | P | Y | Y |
| Lotus AMI Professional Write Plus | 2.1 | lasr | AMI | Y | Y | Y | N | N | N | Y |
| Lotus Word Pro | 96, 97, R9 | lwpsr | LWP | Y | Y | Y | N | P | N | Y |
| Lotus SmartMaster | 96, 97 | lwpsr | MWP | Y | Y | Y | N | N | N | N |
| Microsoft Word Macintosh | 4, 5, 6, 98 | mbsr | DOC | Y | Y | Y | N | Y | N | Y |
| | 2001, v.X, 2004 | mw8sr | DOC DOT | Y | Y | Y | Y ¹ | Y | Y | N |

¹Supported using the embedded objects reader olesr.

Supported Word Processing Formats, continued

| Format | Version | Reader | Extension | Filter | Export | View | Extract | Metadata | Charset | Header/Footer |
|---------------------------------|------------------------|---------------|----------------------|---------------|---------------|-------------|----------------|-----------------|----------------|----------------------|
| Microsoft Word PC | 4, 5, 5.5, 6 | mwsr | DOC | Y | Y | Y | N | N | N | Y |
| Microsoft Word Windows | 1.0, 2.0 | misr | DOC | Y | Y | Y | N | N | N | Y |
| Microsoft Word Windows | 6, 7, 8, 95 | mw6sr | DOC | Y | Y | Y | N | Y | Y | Y |
| Microsoft Word Windows | 97, 2000, 2002, 2003 | mw8sr | DOC DOT | Y | Y | Y | Y ¹ | Y | Y | Y |
| Microsoft Word Windows XML | 2007, 2010, 2013, 2016 | mwxsr | DOCX DOTX DOTM | Y | Y | Y | Y | Y | Y | Y |
| Microsoft Word Windows Flat XML | 2007, 2010, 2013, 2016 | mwxsr | XML | Y | Y | Y | Y | Y | Y | Y |
| Microsoft Works | 1, 2, 3, 4 | mswsr | WPS | Y | Y | Y | N | N | N | Y |
| Microsoft Works | 6, 2000 | msw6sr | WPS | Y | Y | Y | N | N | N | Y |
| Microsoft Windows Write | 1, 2, 3 | mwsr | WRI | Y | Y | Y | N | N | Y | N |

¹Supported using the embedded objects reader olesr.

Supported Word Processing Formats, continued

| Format | Version | Reader | Extension | Filter | Export | View | Extract | Metadata | Charset | Header/Footer |
|---------------------------------------|--------------------|---------------|-------------------------|---------------|---------------|-------------|----------------|-----------------|----------------|----------------------|
| OASIS Open Document Format | 1, 2 ¹ | odfwpsr | ODT SXW STW | Y | Y | Y | Y ² | Y | Y | Y |
| Omni Outliner | v3, OPML, OOutline | oo3sr | OO3 OPML OOUTLINE | Y | Y | Y | N | N | Y | N |
| OpenOffice Writer, LibreOffice Writer | 1 to 5 | sosr | SXW ODT | Y | T | T | N | Y | Y | N |
| Open Publication Structure eBook | 2.0, 3.0 | epubsr | EPUB | Y | Y | Y | N | Y | Y | N |
| StarOffice Writer | 3, 4, 5 | starwsr | SDW | Y | T | T | N | N | N | N |
| | 6, 7, 8, 9 | sosr | SXW ODT | Y | T | T | N | Y | Y | N |
| Skype Log | 3 | skypesr | DBB | Y | Y | Y | N | N | N | N |
| WordPad | through 2003 | rtfsr | RTF | Y | Y | Y | N | P | Y | N |
| XML Paper Specification | n/a | xpssr | XPS | Y | T | T | N | N | N | N |
| XyWrite | 4.12 | xywsr | XY4 | Y | Y | Y | N | N | N | N |

¹Generated by OpenOffice Writer 2.0, StarOffice 8 Writer, and IBM Lotus Symphony Documents 3.0.²Supported using the embedded objects reader olesr.

Supported Word Processing Formats, continued

| Format | Version | Reader | Extension | Filter | Export | View | Extract | Metadata | Charset | Header/Footer |
|--------------------------|---------|--------------------|-----------|--------|--------|------|---------|----------|---------|---------------|
| Yahoo! Instant Messenger | n/a | yimsr ¹ | DAT | Y | Y | Y | N | N | N | N |

¹To successfully use this reader, you must set the KV_YAHOO_ID environment variable to the Yahoo user ID. You can optionally set the KV_OTHER_YAHOO_ID environment variable to the other Yahoo user ID. If you do not set it, "Other" is used by default. If you enter incorrect values for the environment variables, erroneous data is generated.

Appendix B: Detected Formats

This section lists the file formats that KeyView can detect.

- [Detected Formats](#) 116

Detected Formats

This section lists the KeyView file format codes and the file extensions that they are most commonly associated with.

NOTE: This is not a complete list of file extensions. KeyView returns format codes based on file content, which cannot always be predicted from the file extension. Some file extensions might also be associated with multiple formats.

| Format Name | Number | Format Description | File Extension |
|------------------------|--------|--|----------------|
| AES_Multiplus_Comm_Fmt | 1 | Multiplus (AES) | PTF |
| ASCII_Text_Fmt | 2 | Text | |
| MSDOS_Batch_File_Fmt | 3 | MS-DOS Batch File | BAT |
| Applix_Alis_Fmt | 4 | APPLIX ASTERIX | AX |
| BMP_Fmt | 5 | Windows Bitmap Image (BMP) | BMP |
| CT_DEF_Fmt | 6 | Convergent Technologies DEF Comm. Format | |
| Corel_Draw_Fmt | 7 | Corel Draw | CDR |
| CGM_ClearText_Fmt | 8 | Computer Graphics Metafile (CGM) | CGM |
| CGM_Binary_Fmt | 9 | Computer Graphics Metafile (CGM) | CGM |
| CGM_Character_Fmt | 10 | Computer Graphics Metafile (CGM) | CGM |
| Word_Connection_Fmt | 11 | Word Connection | CN |
| COMET_TOP_Word_Fmt | 12 | COMET TOP | |
| CEOwrite_Fmt | 13 | CEOwrite | CW |
| DSA101_Fmt | 14 | DSA101 (Honeywell Bull) | |

| Format Name | Number | Format Description | File Extension |
|--------------------------|--------|--------------------------------------|----------------|
| DCA_RFT_Fmt | 15 | DCA-RFT (IBM Revisable Form) | RFT, DC |
| CDA_DDIF_Fmt | 16 | CDA / DDIF | |
| DG_CDS_Fmt | 17 | DG Common Data Stream (CDS) | CDS |
| Micrografx_Draw_Fmt | 18 | Windows Draw (Micrografx) | DRW |
| Data_Point_VistaWord_Fmt | 19 | Vistaword | |
| DECdx_Fmt | 20 | DECdx | DX |
| Enable_WP_Fmt | 21 | Enable Word Processing | WPF |
| EPSF_Fmt | 22 | Encapsulated PostScript | EPS |
| Preview_EPSF_Fmt | 23 | Encapsulated PostScript | |
| MS_Executable_Fmt | 24 | MSDOS/Windows Program | EXE |
| G31D_Fmt | 25 | CCITT G3 1D | |
| GIF_87a_Fmt | 26 | Graphics Interchange Format (GIF87a) | GIF |
| GIF_89a_Fmt | 27 | Graphics Interchange Format (GIF89a) | GIF |
| HP_Word_PC_Fmt | 28 | HP Word PC | HW |
| IBM_1403_LinePrinter_Fmt | 29 | IBM 1403 Line Printer | I4 |
| IBM_DCF_Script_Fmt | 30 | DCF Script | IC |
| IBM_DCA_FFT_Fmt | 31 | DCA-FFT (IBM Final Form) | IF, FFT |
| Interleaf_Fmt | 32 | Interleaf | |
| GEM_Image_Fmt | 33 | GEM Bit Image | IMG |

| Format Name | Number | Format Description | File Extension |
|----------------------------|--------|--------------------------------------|----------------|
| IBM_Display_Write_Fmt | 34 | Display Write | IP |
| Sun_Raster_Fmt | 35 | Sun Raster | RAS |
| Ami_Pro_Fmt | 36 | Lotus Ami Pro | SAM |
| Ami_Pro_StyleSheet_Fmt | 37 | Lotus Ami Pro Style Sheet | |
| MORE_Fmt | 38 | MORE Database MAC | |
| Lyrix_Fmt | 39 | Lyrix Word Processing | |
| MASS_11_Fmt | 40 | MASS-11 | M1 |
| MacPaint_Fmt | 41 | MacPaint | PNTG |
| MS_Word_Mac_Fmt | 42 | Microsoft Word for Macintosh | DOC |
| SmartWare_II_Comm_Fmt | 43 | SmartWare II | |
| MS_Word_Win_Fmt | 44 | Microsoft Word for Windows | DOC, WPS |
| Multimate_Fmt | 45 | MultiMate | |
| Multimate_Fnote_Fmt | 46 | MultiMate Footnote File | |
| Multimate_Adv_Fmt | 47 | MultiMate Advantage | |
| Multimate_Adv_Fnote_Fmt | 48 | MultiMate Advantage Footnote File | |
| Multimate_Adv_II_Fmt | 49 | MultiMate Advantage II | |
| Multimate_Adv_II_Fnote_Fmt | 50 | MultiMate Advantage II Footnote File | |
| Multiplan_PC_Fmt | 51 | Multiplan (PC) | |
| Multiplan_Mac_Fmt | 52 | Multiplan (Mac) | |

| Format Name | Number | Format Description | File Extension |
|---------------------------|--------|--|----------------|
| MS_RTF_Fmt | 53 | Rich Text Format (RTF) | RTF |
| MS_Word_PC_Fmt | 54 | Microsoft Word for PC | MW |
| MS_Word_PC_StyleSheet_Fmt | 55 | Microsoft Word for PC Style Sheet | |
| MS_Word_PC_Glossary_Fmt | 56 | Microsoft Word for PC Glossary | |
| MS_Word_PC_Driver_Fmt | 57 | Microsoft Word for PC Driver | |
| MS_Word_PC_Misc_Fmt | 58 | Microsoft Word for PC Miscellaneous File | |
| NBI_Async_Archive_Fmt | 59 | NBI Async Archive Format | |
| Navy_DIF_Fmt | 60 | Navy DIF | ND |
| NBI_Net_Archive_Fmt | 61 | NBI Net Archive Format | NN |
| NIOS_TOP_Fmt | 62 | NIOS TOP | |
| FileMaker_Mac_Fmt | 63 | Filemaker MAC | FP5, FP7 |
| ODA_Q1_11_Fmt | 64 | ODA / ODIF | |
| ODA_Q1_12_Fmt | 65 | ODA / ODIF | |
| OLIDIF_Fmt | 66 | OLIDIF (Olivetti) | |
| Office_Writer_Fmt | 67 | Office Writer | OW |
| PC_Paintbrush_Fmt | 68 | PC Paintbrush Graphics (PCX) | PCX |
| CPT_Comm_Fmt | 69 | CPT | |
| Lotus_PIC_Fmt | 70 | Lotus PIC | PIC |
| Mac_PICT_Fmt | 71 | QuickDraw Picture | PCT |

| Format Name | Number | Format Description | File Extension |
|-------------------------|--------|------------------------------|----------------|
| Philips_Script_Word_Fmt | 72 | Philips Script | |
| PostScript_Fmt | 73 | PostScript | PS |
| PRIMEWORD_Fmt | 74 | PRIMEWORD | |
| Quadratron_Q_One_v1_Fmt | 75 | Q-One V1.93J | |
| Quadratron_Q_One_v2_Fmt | 76 | Q-One V2.0 | |
| SAMNA_Word_IV_Fmt | 77 | SAMNA Word | SAM |
| Ami_Pro_Draw_Fmt | 78 | Lotus Ami Pro Draw | SDW |
| SYLK_Spreadsheet_Fmt | 79 | SYLK | |
| SmartWare_II_WP_Fmt | 80 | SmartWare II | |
| Symphony_Fmt | 81 | Symphony | WR1 |
| Targa_Fmt | 82 | Targa | TGA |
| TIFF_Fmt | 83 | Tag Image File Format (TIFF) | TIF, TIFF |
| Targon_Word_Fmt | 84 | Targon Word | TW |
| Uniplex_Ucalc_Fmt | 85 | Uniplex Ucalc | SS |
| Uniplex_WP_Fmt | 86 | Uniplex | UP |
| MS_Word_UNIX_Fmt | 87 | Microsoft Word UNIX | |
| WANG_PC_Fmt | 88 | WANG PC | |
| WordERA_Fmt | 89 | WordERA | |
| WANG_WPS_Comm_Fmt | 90 | WANG WPS | WF |

| Format Name | Number | Format Description | File Extension |
|-----------------------------|--------|------------------------------------|-------------------|
| WordPerfect_Mac_Fmt | 91 | WordPerfect MAC | |
| WordPerfect_Fmt | 92 | WordPerfect | WP, WP4, WPD, WOP |
| WordPerfect_VAX_Fmt | 93 | WordPerfect VAX | |
| WordPerfect_Macro_Fmt | 94 | WordPerfect Macro | |
| WordPerfect_Dictionary_Fmt | 95 | WordPerfect Spelling Dictionary | |
| WordPerfect_Thesaurus_Fmt | 96 | WordPerfect Thesaurus | |
| WordPerfect_Resource_Fmt | 97 | WordPerfect Resource File | |
| WordPerfect_Driver_Fmt | 98 | WordPerfect Driver | |
| WordPerfect_Cfg_Fmt | 99 | WordPerfect Configuration File | |
| WordPerfect_Hyphenation_Fmt | 100 | WordPerfect Hyphenation Dictionary | |
| WordPerfect_Misc_Fmt | 101 | WordPerfect Miscellaneous File | |
| WordMARC_Fmt | 102 | WordMARC | WM, PW |
| Windows_Metafile_Fmt | 103 | Windows Metafile | WMF |
| Windows_Metafile_NoHdr_Fmt | 104 | Windows Metafile (no header) | WMF |
| SmartWare_II_DB_Fmt | 105 | SmartWare II | |
| WordPerfect_Graphics_Fmt | 106 | WordPerfect Graphics | WPG, QPG |
| WordStar_Fmt | 107 | WordStar | WS, WSD |
| WANG_WITA_Fmt | 108 | WANG WITA | WT |
| Xerox_860_Comm_Fmt | 109 | Xerox 860 | |

| Format Name | Number | Format Description | File Extension |
|------------------------|--------|--|----------------|
| Xerox_Writer_Fmt | 110 | Xerox Writer | |
| DIF_SpreadSheet_Fmt | 111 | Data Interchange Format (DIF) | DIF |
| Enable_Spreadsheet_Fmt | 112 | Enable Spreadsheet | SSF |
| SuperCalc_Fmt | 113 | Supercalc | CAL |
| UltraCalc_Fmt | 114 | UltraCalc | |
| SmartWare_II_SS_Fmt | 115 | SmartWare II | |
| SOF_Encapsulation_Fmt | 116 | Serialized Object Format (SOF) | SOF |
| PowerPoint_Win_Fmt | 117 | Microsoft PowerPoint PC | |
| PowerPoint_Mac_Fmt | 118 | Microsoft PowerPoint MAC | |
| PowerPoint_95_Fmt | 119 | Microsoft PowerPoint 95 | |
| PowerPoint_97_Fmt | 120 | Microsoft PowerPoint 97 | |
| PageMaker_Mac_Fmt | 121 | PageMaker for Macintosh | |
| PageMaker_Win_Fmt | 122 | PageMaker for Windows | |
| MS_Works_Mac_WP_Fmt | 123 | Microsoft Works Word Processor for MAC | MWK |
| MS_Works_Mac_DB_Fmt | 124 | Microsoft Works Database for MAC | |
| MS_Works_Mac_SS_Fmt | 125 | Microsoft Works Spreadsheet for MAC | |
| MS_Works_Mac_Comm_Fmt | 126 | Microsoft Works Communication for MAC | |
| MS_Works_DOS_WP_Fmt | 127 | Microsoft Works Word Processor for DOS | WPS |
| MS_Works_DOS_DB_Fmt | 128 | Microsoft Works Database for DOS | WDB |

| Format Name | Number | Format Description | File Extension |
|---------------------------|--------|--|----------------|
| MS_Works_DOS_SS_Fmt | 129 | Microsoft Works Spreadsheet for DOS | |
| MS_Works_Win_WP_Fmt | 130 | Microsoft Works Word Processor for Windows | WPS, W40 |
| MS_Works_Win_DB_Fmt | 131 | Microsoft Works Database for Windows | |
| MS_Works_Win_SS_Fmt | 132 | Microsoft Works Spreadsheet for Windows | S30, S40 |
| PC_Library_Fmt | 133 | DOS/Windows Object Library | LIB, A |
| MacWrite_Fmt | 134 | MacWrite | |
| MacWrite_II_Fmt | 135 | MacWrite II | |
| Freehand_Fmt | 136 | Freehand MAC | |
| Disk_Doubler_Fmt | 137 | Disk Doubler | |
| HP_GL_Fmt | 138 | HP Graphics Language | HPGL |
| FrameMaker_Fmt | 139 | FrameMaker | FM, FRM |
| FrameMaker_Book_Fmt | 140 | FrameMaker | BOOK |
| Maker_Markup_Language_Fmt | 141 | Maker Markup Language | |
| Maker_Interchange_Fmt | 142 | Maker Interchange Format (MIF) | MIF |
| JPEG_File_Interchange_Fmt | 143 | JPEG Interchange Format | JPG, JPEG |
| Reflex_Fmt | 144 | Reflex | |
| Framework_Fmt | 145 | Framework | |
| Framework_II_Fmt | 146 | Framework II | FW3 |
| Paradox_Fmt | 147 | Paradox | DB |

| Format Name | Number | Format Description | File Extension |
|---------------------------|--------|----------------------------|----------------|
| MS_Windows_Write_Fmt | 148 | Microsoft Windows Write | WRI |
| Quattro_Pro_DOS_Fmt | 149 | Quattro Pro for DOS | WQ1 |
| Quattro_Pro_Win_Fmt | 150 | Quattro Pro for Windows | WB1, WB2, WB3 |
| Persuasion_Fmt | 151 | Persuasion | |
| Windows_Icon_Fmt | 152 | Windows Icon Format | ICO |
| Windows_Cursor_Fmt | 153 | Windows Cursor | CUR |
| MS_Project_Activity_Fmt | 154 | Microsoft Project | |
| MS_Project_Resource_Fmt | 155 | Microsoft Project | |
| MS_Project_Calc_Fmt | 156 | Microsoft Project | |
| PKZIP_Fmt | 157 | ZIP Archive | ZIP |
| Quark_Xpress_Fmt | 158 | Quark Xpress MAC | |
| ARC_PAK_Archive_Fmt | 159 | PAK/ARC Archive | ARC, PAK |
| MS_Publisher_Fmt | 160 | Microsoft Publisher | PUB |
| PlanPerfect_Fmt | 161 | PlanPerfect | |
| WordPerfect_Auxiliary_Fmt | 162 | WordPerfect auxiliary file | WPW |
| MS_WAVE_Audio_Fmt | 163 | Microsoft Wave | WAV |
| MIDI_Audio_Fmt | 164 | MIDI | MID, MIDI |
| AutoCAD_DXF_Binary_Fmt | 165 | AutoCAD DXF | DXF |
| AutoCAD_DXF_Text_Fmt | 166 | AutoCAD DXF | DXF |

| Format Name | Number | Format Description | File Extension |
|----------------------------|--------|---|----------------|
| dBase_Fmt | 167 | dBase | DBF, VCX |
| OS_2_PM_Metafile_Fmt | 168 | OS/2 PM Metafile | MET |
| Lasergraphics_Language_Fmt | 169 | Lasergraphics Language | |
| AutoShade_Rendering_Fmt | 170 | AutoShade Rendering | |
| GEM_VDI_Fmt | 171 | GEM VDI | VDI |
| Windows_Help_Fmt | 172 | Windows Help File | HLP |
| Volkswriter_Fmt | 173 | Volkswriter | VW4 |
| Ability_WP_Fmt | 174 | Ability | |
| Ability_DB_Fmt | 175 | Ability | |
| Ability_SS_Fmt | 176 | Ability | |
| Ability_Comm_Fmt | 177 | Ability | |
| Ability_Image_Fmt | 178 | Ability | |
| XyWrite_Fmt | 179 | XYWrite / Nota Bene | XY4 |
| CSV_Fmt | 180 | CSV (Comma Separated Values) | CSV |
| IBM_Writing_Assistant_Fmt | 181 | IBM Writing Assistant | IWA |
| WordStar_2000_Fmt | 182 | WordStar 2000 | WS2 |
| HP_PCL_Fmt | 183 | HP Printer Control Language | PCL |
| UNIX_Exe_PreSysV_VAX_Fmt | 184 | Unix Executable (PDP-11/pre-System V VAX) | |
| UNIX_Exe_Basic_16_Fmt | 185 | Unix Executable (Basic-16) | |

| Format Name | Number | Format Description | File Extension |
|-------------------------|--------|----------------------------------|----------------|
| UNIX_Exe_x86_Fmt | 186 | Unix Executable (x86) | |
| UNIX_Exe_iAPX_286_Fmt | 187 | Unix Executable (iAPX 286) | |
| UNIX_Exe_MC68k_Fmt | 188 | Unix Executable (MC680x0) | |
| UNIX_Exe_3B20_Fmt | 189 | Unix Executable (3B20) | |
| UNIX_Exe_WE32000_Fmt | 190 | Unix Executable (WE32000) | |
| UNIX_Exe_VAX_Fmt | 191 | Unix Executable (VAX) | |
| UNIX_Exe_Bell_5_Fmt | 192 | Unix Executable (Bell 5.0) | |
| UNIX_Obj_VAX_Demand_Fmt | 193 | Unix Object Module (VAX Demand) | |
| UNIX_Obj_MS8086_Fmt | 194 | Unix Object Module (old MS 8086) | |
| UNIX_Obj_Z8000_Fmt | 195 | Unix Object Module (Z8000) | |
| AU_Audio_Fmt | 196 | NeXT/Sun Audio Data | AU |
| NeWS_Font_Fmt | 197 | NeWS bitmap font | |
| cpio_Archive_CRChdr_Fmt | 198 | cpio archive (CRC Header) | |
| cpio_Archive_CHRhdr_Fmt | 199 | cpio archive (CHR Header) | |
| PEX_Binary_Archive_Fmt | 200 | SUN PEX Binary Archive | |
| Sun_vfont_Fmt | 201 | SUN vfont Definition | |
| Curses_Screen_Fmt | 202 | Curses Screen Image | |
| UUEncoded_Fmt | 203 | UU encoded | UUE |
| WriteNow_Fmt | 204 | WriteNow MAC | |

| Format Name | Number | Format Description | File Extension |
|------------------------|--------|--------------------------------|----------------|
| PC_Obj_Fmt | 205 | DOS/Windows Object Module | OBJ |
| Windows_Group_Fmt | 206 | Windows Group | |
| TrueType_Font_Fmt | 207 | TrueType Font | TTF |
| Windows_PIF_Fmt | 208 | Program Information File (PIF) | PIF |
| MS_COM_Executable_Fmt | 209 | PC (.COM) | COM |
| StuftIt_Fmt | 210 | StuftIt (MAC) | HQX |
| PeachCalc_Fmt | 211 | PeachCalc | CAL |
| Wang_GDL_Fmt | 212 | WANG Office GDL Header | |
| Q_A_DOS_Fmt | 213 | Q & A for DOS | |
| Q_A_Win_Fmt | 214 | Q & A for Windows | JW |
| WPS_PLUS_Fmt | 215 | WPS-PLUS | WPL |
| DCX_Fmt | 216 | DCX FAX Format(PCX images) | DCX |
| OLE_Fmt | 217 | OLE Compound Document | OLE |
| EBCDIC_Fmt | 218 | EBCDIC Text | |
| DCS_Fmt | 219 | DCS | |
| UNIX_SHAR_Fmt | 220 | SHAR | SHAR |
| Lotus_Notes_BitMap_Fmt | 221 | Lotus Notes Bitmap | |
| Lotus_Notes_CDF_Fmt | 222 | Lotus Notes CDF | CDF |
| Compress_Fmt | 223 | Unix Compress | Z |

| Format Name | Number | Format Description | File Extension |
|-----------------------------|--------|---------------------------------|----------------|
| GZ_Compress_Fmt | 224 | GZ Compress | GZ |
| TAR_Fmt | 225 | TAR | TAR |
| ODIF_FOD26_Fmt | 226 | ODA / ODIF | F26 |
| ODIF_FOD36_Fmt | 227 | ODA / ODIF | F36 |
| ALIS_Fmt | 228 | ALIS | |
| Envoy_Fmt | 229 | Envoy | EVY |
| PDF_Fmt | 230 | Portable Document Format | PDF |
| BinHex_Fmt | 231 | BinHex | HQX |
| SMTP_Fmt | 232 | SMTP | SMTP |
| MIME_Fmt | 233 | MIME ¹ | EML, MBX |
| USENET_Fmt | 234 | USENET | |
| SGML_Fmt | 235 | SGML | SGML |
| HTML_Fmt | 236 | HTML | HTM, HTML |
| ACT_Fmt | 237 | ACT | ACT |
| PNG_Fmt | 238 | Portable Network Graphics (PNG) | PNG |
| MS_Video_Fmt | 239 | Video for Windows (AVI) | AVI |
| Windows_Animated_Cursor_Fmt | 240 | Windows Animated Cursor | ANI |
| Windows_CPP_Obj_Storage_Fmt | 241 | Windows C++ Object Storage | |
| Windows_Palette_Fmt | 242 | Windows Palette | PAL |

| Format Name | Number | Format Description | File Extension |
|------------------------------|--------|--------------------------------------|----------------|
| RIFF_DIB_Fmt | 243 | RIFF Device Independent Bitmap | |
| RIFF_MIDI_Fmt | 244 | RIFF MIDI | RMI |
| RIFF_Multimedia_Movie_Fmt | 245 | RIFF Multimedia Movie | |
| MPEG_Fmt | 246 | MPEG Movie | |
| QuickTime_Fmt | 247 | QuickTime Movie | MOV, QT, MP4 |
| AIFF_Fmt | 248 | Audio Interchange File Format (AIFF) | AIF, AIFF |
| Amiga_MOD_Fmt | 249 | Amiga MOD | MOD |
| Amiga_IFF_8SVX_Fmt | 250 | Amiga IFF (8SVX) Sound | IFF |
| Creative_Voice_Audio_Fmt | 251 | Creative Voice (VOC) | VOC |
| AutoDesk_Animator_FLI_Fmt | 252 | AutoDesk Animator FLIC | FLI |
| AutoDesk_AnimatorPro_FLC_Fmt | 253 | AutoDesk Animator Pro FLIC | FLC |
| Compactor_Archive_Fmt | 254 | Compactor / Compact Pro | |
| VRML_Fmt | 255 | VRML | WRL |
| QuickDraw_3D_Metafile_Fmt | 256 | QuickDraw 3D Metafile | |
| PGP_Secret_Keyring_Fmt | 257 | PGP Secret Keyring | |
| PGP_Public_Keyring_Fmt | 258 | PGP Public Keyring | |
| PGP_Encrypted_Data_Fmt | 259 | PGP Encrypted Data | |
| PGP_Signed_Data_Fmt | 260 | PGP Signed Data | |
| PGP_SignedEncrypted_Data_Fmt | 261 | PGP Signed and Encrypted Data | |

| Format Name | Number | Format Description | File Extension |
|------------------------------|--------|----------------------------------|-----------------|
| PGP_Sign_Certificate_Fmt | 262 | PGP Signature Certificate | SIG |
| PGP_Compressed_Data_Fmt | 263 | PGP Compressed Data | |
| PGP_ASCII_Public_Keyring_Fmt | 264 | ASCII-armored PGP Public Keyring | PGP |
| PGP_ASCII_Encoded_Fmt | 265 | ASCII-armored PGP encoded | |
| PGP_ASCII_Signed_Fmt | 266 | ASCII-armored PGP signed | |
| OLE_DIB_Fmt | 267 | OLE DIB object | |
| SGL_Image_Fmt | 268 | SGL Image | RGB |
| Lotus_ScreenCam_Fmt | 269 | Lotus ScreenCam | SCM |
| MPEG_Audio_Fmt | 270 | MPEG Audio | MPEGA, MPG, MP3 |
| FTP_Software_Session_Fmt | 271 | FTP Session Data | STE |
| Netscape_Bookmark_File_Fmt | 272 | Netscape Bookmark File | |
| Corel_Draw_CMX_Fmt | 273 | Corel CMX | CMX |
| AutoDesk_DWG_Fmt | 274 | AutoDesk Drawing (DWG) | DWG |
| AutoDesk_WHIP_Fmt | 275 | AutoDesk WHIP | WHP |
| Macromedia_Director_Fmt | 276 | Macromedia Director | DCR |
| Real_Audio_Fmt | 277 | Real Audio | RM, RA |
| MSDOS_Device_Driver_Fmt | 278 | MSDOS Device Driver | SYS |
| Micrografx_Designer_Fmt | 279 | Micrografx Designer | DSF |
| SVF_Fmt | 280 | Simple Vector Format (SVF) | SVF |

| Format Name | Number | Format Description | File Extension |
|-------------------------|--------|-------------------------------|--------------------|
| Applix_Words_Fmt | 281 | Applix Words | AW |
| Applix_Graphics_Fmt | 282 | Applix Graphics | AG |
| MS_Access_Fmt | 283 | Microsoft Access | MDB |
| MS_Access_95_Fmt | 284 | Microsoft Access 95 | MDB |
| MS_Access_97_Fmt | 285 | Microsoft Access 97 | MDB |
| MacBinary_Fmt | 286 | MacBinary | BIN |
| Apple_Single_Fmt | 287 | Apple Single | |
| Apple_Double_Fmt | 288 | Apple Double | AD |
| Enhanced_Metafile_Fmt | 289 | Enhanced Metafile | EMF |
| MS_Office_Drawing_Fmt | 290 | Microsoft Office Drawing | |
| XML_Fmt | 291 | XML | XML |
| DeVice_Independent_Fmt | 292 | DeVice Independent file (DVI) | DVI |
| Unicode_Fmt | 293 | Unicode | UNI |
| Lotus_123_Worksheet_Fmt | 294 | Lotus 1-2-3 | WKS, WK1, WK3, WK4 |
| Lotus_123_Format_Fmt | 295 | Lotus 1-2-3 Formatting | FM3 |
| Lotus_123_97_Fmt | 296 | Lotus 1-2-3 97 | 123 |
| Lotus_Word_Pro_96_Fmt | 297 | Lotus Word Pro 96 | |
| Lotus_Word_Pro_97_Fmt | 298 | Lotus Word Pro 97 | LWP, MWP |
| Freelance_DOS_Fmt | 299 | Lotus Freelance for DOS | |

| Format Name | Number | Format Description | File Extension |
|------------------------------|--------|-------------------------------------|----------------|
| Freelance_Win_Fmt | 300 | Lotus Freelance for Windows | PRE |
| Freelance_OS2_Fmt | 301 | Lotus Freelance for OS/2 | PRS |
| Freelance_96_Fmt | 302 | Lotus Freelance 96 | PRZ |
| Freelance_97_Fmt | 303 | Lotus Freelance 97 | |
| MS_Word_95_Fmt | 304 | Microsoft Word 95 | DOC |
| MS_Word_97_Fmt | 305 | Microsoft Word 97 | DOC, WPS |
| Excel_Fmt | 306 | Microsoft Excel | XLS |
| Excel_Chart_Fmt | 307 | Microsoft Excel | XLC |
| Excel_Macro_Fmt | 308 | Microsoft Excel | XLM |
| Excel_95_Fmt | 309 | Microsoft Excel 95 | |
| Excel_97_Fmt | 310 | Microsoft Excel 97 | |
| Corel_Presentations_Fmt | 311 | Corel Presentations | XFD, XFDL |
| Harvard_Graphics_Fmt | 312 | Harvard Graphics | PR4 |
| Harvard_Graphics_Chart_Fmt | 313 | Harvard Graphics Chart | CH3, CHT |
| Harvard_Graphics_Symbol_Fmt | 314 | Harvard Graphics Symbol File | SY3 |
| Harvard_Graphics_Cfg_Fmt | 315 | Harvard Graphics Configuration File | |
| Harvard_Graphics_Palette_Fmt | 316 | Harvard Graphics Palette | |
| Lotus_123_R9_Fmt | 317 | Lotus 1-2-3 Release 9 | 123 |
| Applix_Spreadsheets_Fmt | 318 | Applix Spreadsheets | AS |

| Format Name | Number | Format Description | File Extension |
|---------------------|--------|--|----------------|
| MS_Pocket_Word_Fmt | 319 | Microsoft Pocket Word | PWD |
| MS_DIB_Fmt | 320 | Microsoft Device Independent Bitmap | DIB |
| MS_Word_2000_Fmt | 321 | Microsoft Word 2000 | DOC |
| Excel_2000_Fmt | 322 | Microsoft Excel 2000 | XLS |
| PowerPoint_2000_Fmt | 323 | Microsoft PowerPoint 2000 | PPT |
| MS_Access_2000_Fmt | 324 | Microsoft Access 2000 | MDB |
| MS_Project_4_Fmt | 325 | Microsoft Project 4 | |
| MS_Project_41_Fmt | 326 | Microsoft Project 4.1 | MPP |
| MS_Project_98_Fmt | 327 | Microsoft Project 98 | MPP |
| Folio_Flat_Fmt | 328 | Folio Flat File | FFF |
| HWP_Fmt | 329 | HWP(Arae-Ah Hangul) | HWP |
| ICHITARO_Fmt | 330 | ICHITARO | JTD |
| IS_XML_Fmt | 331 | Extended or Custom XML | XML |
| Oasys_Fmt | 332 | Oasys | OAS, OA2, OA3 |
| PBM_ASC_Fmt | 333 | Portable Bitmap Utilities ASCII format (PBM) | PBM |
| PBM_BIN_Fmt | 334 | Portable Bitmap Utilities BINARY format (PBM) | PBM |
| PGM_ASC_Fmt | 335 | Portable Greymap Utilities ASCII format (PGM) | PGM |
| PGM_BIN_Fmt | 336 | Portable Greymap Utilities BINARY format (PGM) | PGM |
| PPM_ASC_Fmt | 337 | Portable Pixmap Utilities ASCII format (PPM) | PPM |

| Format Name | Number | Format Description | File Extension |
|-------------------------|--------|--|----------------|
| PPM_BIN_Fmt | 338 | Portable Pixmap Utilities BINARY format (PPM) | PPM |
| XBM_Fmt | 339 | X Bitmap format (XBM) | XBM |
| XPM_Fmt | 340 | X Pixmap format (XPM) | XPM |
| FPX_Fmt | 341 | FlashPix FPX Image format | FPX |
| PCD_Fmt | 342 | PCD Image format | PCD |
| MS_Visio_Fmt | 343 | Microsoft Visio | VSD |
| MS_Project_2000_Fmt | 344 | Microsoft Project 2000 | MPP |
| MS_Outlook_Fmt | 345 | Microsoft Outlook | MSG, OFT |
| ELF_Relocatable_Fmt | 346 | ELF Relocatable | O |
| ELF_Executable_Fmt | 347 | ELF Executable | |
| ELF_Dynamic_Lib_Fmt | 348 | ELF Dynamic Library | SO |
| MS_Word_XML_Fmt | 349 | Microsoft Word 2003 XML | XML |
| MS_Excel_XML_Fmt | 350 | Microsoft Excel 2003 XML | XML |
| MS_Visio_XML_Fmt | 351 | Microsoft Visio 2003 XML | VDX |
| SO_Text_XML_Fmt | 352 | StarOffice Text XML | SXW |
| SO_Spreadsheet_XML_Fmt | 353 | StarOffice Spreadsheet XML | SXC, STC |
| SO_Presentation_XML_Fmt | 354 | StarOffice Presentation XML | SXD, SXI |
| XHTML_Fmt | 355 | XHTML | XML, ASP |
| MS_OutlookPST_Fmt | 356 | Microsoft Outlook Personal Folders File (.pst) | PST |

| Format Name | Number | Format Description | File Extension |
|-------------------------|--------|---|------------------------|
| RAR_Fmt | 357 | RAR | RAR |
| Lotus_Notes_NSF_Fmt | 358 | IBM Lotus Notes Database NSF/NTF | NSF |
| Macromedia_Flash_Fmt | 359 | Macromedia Flash (.swf) | SWF |
| MS_Word_2007_Fmt | 360 | Microsoft Word 2007 XML - Docx | DOCX, DOTX |
| MS_Excel_2007_Fmt | 361 | Microsoft Excel 2007 XML | XLSX, XLTX |
| MS_PPT_2007_Fmt | 362 | Microsoft PowerPoint 2007 XML | PPTX, POTX, PPSX |
| OpenPGP_Fmt | 363 | OpenPGP Message Format (with new packet format) | PGP |
| Intergraph_V7_DGN_Fmt | 364 | Intergraph Standard File Format (ISFF) V7 DGN (non-OLE) | |
| MicroStation_V8_DGN_Fmt | 365 | MicroStation V8 DGN (OLE) | DGN |
| MS_Word_Macro_2007_Fmt | 366 | Microsoft Word Macro 2007 XML | DOCM, DOTM |
| MS_Excel_Macro_2007_Fmt | 367 | Microsoft Excel Macro 2007 XML | XLSM, XLTM, XLAM |
| MS_PPT_Macro_2007_Fmt | 368 | Microsoft PPT Macro 2007 XML | PPTM, POTM, PPSM, PPAM |
| LZH_Fmt | 369 | LZH Archive | LZH, LHA |
| Office_2007_Fmt | 370 | Office 2007 document | XLSB |
| MS_XPS_Fmt | 371 | Microsoft XML Paper Specification (XPS) | XPS |
| Lotus_Domino_DXL_Fmt | 372 | IBM Domino Data in XML format (.dxl) | DXL |
| ODF_Text_Fmt | 373 | ODF Text | ODT |
| ODF_Spreadsheet_Fmt | 374 | ODF Spreadsheet | ODS |

| Format Name | Number | Format Description | File Extension |
|---------------------------|--------|---|-------------------------------------|
| ODF_Presentation_Fmt | 375 | ODF Presentation | ODP |
| Legato_Extender_ONM_Fmt | 376 | Legato Extender Native Message ONM | ONM |
| bin_Unknown_Fmt | 377 | Bin unknown format (.xxx) | |
| TNEF_Fmt | 378 | Transport Neutral Encapsulation Format (TNEF) | various |
| CADAM_Drawing_Fmt | 379 | CADAM Drawing | CDD |
| CADAM_Drawing_Overlay_Fmt | 380 | CADAM Drawing Overlay | CDO |
| NURSTOR_Drawing_Fmt | 381 | NURSTOR Drawing | NUR |
| HP_GLP_Fmt | 382 | HP Graphics Language (Plotter) | HPG |
| ASF_Fmt | 383 | Advanced Systems Format (ASF) | ASF |
| WMA_Fmt | 384 | Windows Media Audio Format (WMA) | WMA |
| WMV_Fmt | 385 | Windows Media Video Format (WMV) | WMV |
| EMX_Fmt | 386 | Legato EMailXtender Archives Format (EMX) | EMX |
| Z7Z_Fmt | 387 | 7 Zip Format (7z) | 7Z |
| MS_Excel_Binary_2007_Fmt | 388 | Microsoft Excel Binary 2007 | XLSB |
| CAB_Fmt | 389 | Microsoft Cabinet File (CAB) | CAB |
| CATIA_Fmt | 390 | CATIA Formats (CAT*) | CATPART, CATPRODUCT ² |
| YIM_Fmt | 391 | Yahoo Instant Messenger History | DAT |
| ODF_Drawing_Fmt | 392 | ODF Drawing | ODG |

| Format Name | Number | Format Description | File Extension |
|------------------------|--------|-------------------------------------|----------------|
| Founder_CEB_Fmt | 393 | Founder Chinese E-paper Basic (ceb) | CEB |
| QPW_Fmt | 394 | Corel Quattro Pro 9+ for Windows | QPW |
| MHT_Fmt | 395 | MHTML format (MHT) ¹ | MHT, MHTML |
| MDI_Fmt | 396 | Microsoft Document Imaging Format | MDI |
| GRV_Fmt | 397 | Microsoft Office Groove Format | GRV |
| IWWP_Fmt | 398 | Apple iWork Pages format | PAGES |
| IWSS_Fmt | 399 | Apple iWork Numbers format | NUMBERS |
| IWPG_Fmt | 400 | Apple iWork Keynote format | KEY |
| BKF_Fmt | 401 | Windows Backup File | BKF |
| MS_Access_2007_Fmt | 402 | Microsoft Access 2007 | ACCDB |
| ENT_Fmt | 403 | Microsoft Entourage Database Format | |
| DMG_Fmt | 404 | Mac Disk Copy Disk Image File | DMG |
| CWK_Fmt | 405 | AppleWorks File | CWK |
| OO3_Fmt | 406 | Omni Outliner V3 File | OO3 |
| OPML_Fmt | 407 | Omni Outliner OPML File | OPML |
| Omni_Graffle_XML_Fmt | 408 | Omni Graffle XML File | GRAFFLE |
| PSD_Fmt | 409 | Photoshop Document | PSD, PSB |
| Apple_Binary_PList_Fmt | 410 | Apple Binary Property List format | PLIST |
| Apple_iChat_Fmt | 411 | Apple iChat format | ICHAT |

| Format Name | Number | Format Description | File Extension |
|---------------------|--------|--|-----------------------------------|
| OOUTLINE_Fmt | 412 | OOutliner File | OOUTLINE |
| BZIP2_Fmt | 413 | Bzip 2 Compressed File | BZ2 |
| ISO_Fmt | 414 | ISO-9660 CD Disc Image Format | ISO |
| DocuWorks_Fmt | 415 | DocuWorks Format | XDW |
| RealMedia_Fmt | 416 | RealMedia Streaming Media | RM, RA |
| AC3Audio_Fmt | 417 | AC3 Audio File Format | AC3 |
| NEF_Fmt | 418 | Nero Encrypted File | NEF |
| SolidWorks_Fmt | 419 | SolidWorks Format Files | SLDASM, SLDPRT, SLDDRW, SLDDRT |
| XFDL_Fmt | 420 | Extensible Forms Description Language | XFDL, XFD |
| Apple_XML_PList_Fmt | 421 | Apple XML Property List format | PLIST |
| OneNote_Fmt | 422 | OneNote Note Format | ONE |
| Dicom_Fmt | 424 | Digital Imaging and Communications in Medicine (Dicom) | DCM |
| EnCase_Fmt | 425 | Expert Witness Compression Format (EnCase) | E01, L01, Lx01 |
| Scrap_Fmt | 426 | Shell Scrap Object File | SHS |
| MS_Project_2007_Fmt | 427 | Microsoft Project 2007 | MPP |
| MS_Publisher_98_Fmt | 428 | Microsoft Publisher from version 98 | PUB |
| Skype_Fmt | 429 | Skype Log File | DBB |
| HL7_Fmt | 430 | Health level7 message | HL7 |

| Format Name | Number | Format Description | File Extension |
|-------------------------|--------|--|---|
| MS_OutlookOST_Fmt | 431 | Microsoft Outlook Offline Folders File (OST) | OST |
| Epub_Fmt | 432 | Electronic Publication | EPUB |
| MS_OEDBX_Fmt | 433 | Microsoft Outlook Express DBX | DBX |
| BB_Activ_Fmt | 434 | BlackBerry Activation File | DAT |
| DiskImage_Fmt | 435 | Disk Image | DMG |
| Milestone_Fmt | 436 | Milestone Document | MLS, ML3, ML4, ML5, ML6, ML7, ML8, ML9, MLA |
| E_Transcript_Fmt | 437 | RealLegal E-Transcript File | PTX |
| PostScript_Font_Fmt | 438 | PostScript Type 1 Font | PFB |
| Ghost_DiskImage_Fmt | 439 | Ghost Disk Image File | GHO, GHS |
| JPEG_2000_JP2_File_Fmt | 440 | JPEG-2000 JP2 File Format Syntax (ISO/IEC 15444-1) | JP2, JPF, J2K, JPWL, JPX, PGX |
| Unicode_HTML_Fmt | 441 | Unicode HTML | HTM, HTML |
| CHM_Fmt | 442 | Microsoft Compiled HTML Help | CHM |
| EMCMF_Fmt | 443 | Documentum EMCMF format | EMCMF |
| MS_Access_2007_Tmpl_Fmt | 444 | Microsoft Access 2007 Template | ACCDT |
| Jungum_Fmt | 445 | Samsung Electronics Jungum Global document | GUL |
| JBIG2_Fmt | 446 | JBIG2 File Format | JB2, JBIG2 |
| EFax_Fmt | 447 | eFax file | EFX |

| Format Name | Number | Format Description | File Extension |
|------------------------|--------|---|----------------|
| AD1_Fmt | 448 | AD1 Evidence file | AD1 |
| SketchUp_Fmt | 449 | Google SketchUp | SKP |
| GWFS_Email_Fmt | 450 | Group Wise File Surf email | GWFS |
| JNT_Fmt | 451 | Windows Journal format | JNT |
| Yahoo_yChat_Fmt | 452 | Yahoo! Messenger chat log | YCHAT |
| PaperPort_MAX_File_Fmt | 453 | PaperPort MAX image file | MAX |
| ARJ_Fmt | 454 | ARJ (Archive by Robert Jung) file format | ARJ |
| RPMSG_Fmt | 455 | Microsoft Outlook Restricted Permission Message | RPMSG |
| MAT_Fmt | 456 | MATLAB file format | MAT, FIG |
| SGY_Fmt | 457 | SEG-Y Seismic Data format | SGY, SEG Y |
| CDXA_MPEG_PS_Fmt | 458 | MPEG-PS container with CDXA stream | MPG |
| EVT_Fmt | 459 | Microsoft Windows NT Event Log | EVT |
| EVTX_Fmt | 460 | Microsoft Windows Vista Event Log | EVTX |
| MS_OutlookOLM_Fmt | 461 | Microsoft Outlook for Macintosh format | OLM |
| WARC_Fmt | 462 | Web ARChive | WARC |
| JAVACLASS_Fmt | 463 | Java Class format | CLASS |
| VCF_Fmt | 464 | Microsoft Outlook vCard file format | VCF |
| EDB_Fmt | 465 | Microsoft Exchange Server Database file format | EDB |
| ICS_Fmt | 466 | Microsoft Outlook iCalendar file format | ICS, VCS |

| Format Name | Number | Format Description | File Extension |
|----------------------------------|--------|-------------------------------------|------------------|
| MS_Visio_2013_Fmt | 467 | Microsoft Visio 2013 | VSDX, VSTX, VSSX |
| MS_Visio_2013_Macro_Fmt | 468 | Microsoft Visio 2013 macro | VSDM, VSTM, VSSM |
| ICHITARO_Compr_Fmt | 469 | ICHITARO Compressed format | JTDC |
| IWWP13_Fmt | 470 | Apple iWork 2013 Pages format | IWA |
| IWSS13_Fmt | 471 | Apple iWork 2013 Numbers format | IWA |
| IWPG13_Fmt | 472 | Apple iWork 2013 Keynote format | IWA |
| XZ_Fmt | 473 | XZ archive format | XZ |
| Sony_WAVE64_Fmt | 474 | Sony Wave64 format | W64 |
| Conifer_WAVPACK_Fmt | 475 | Conifer Wavpack format | WV |
| Xiph_OGG_VORBIS_Fmt | 476 | Xiph Ogg Vorbis format | OGG |
| MS_Visio_2013_Stencil_Fmt | 477 | MS Visio 2013 stencil format | VSSX |
| MS_Visio_2013_Stencil_Macro_Fmt | 478 | MS Visio 2013 stencil Macro format | VSSM |
| MS_Visio_2013_Template_Fmt | 479 | MS Visio 2013 template format | VSTX |
| MS_Visio_2013_Template_Macro_Fmt | 480 | MS Visio 2013 template Macro format | VSTM |
| Borland_Reflex_2_Fmt | 481 | Borland Reflex 2 format | R2D |
| PKCS_12_Fmt | 482 | PKCS #12 (p12) format | P12, PFX |
| B1_Fmt | 483 | B1 format | B1 |
| ISO_IEC_MPEG_4_Fmt | 484 | ISO/IEC MPEG-4 (ISO 14496) format | MP4 |
| RAR5_Fmt | 485 | RAR5 Format | RAR |

| Format Name | Number | Format Description | File Extension |
|---------------------|--------|--------------------------------------|----------------|
| Unigraphics_NX_Fmt | 486 | Unigraphics (UG) NX CAD Format | PRT |
| PTC_Creo_Fmt | 487 | PTC Creo CAD Format | ASM, PRT |
| KML_Fmt | 488 | Keyhole Markup Language | KML |
| KMZ_Fmt | 489 | Zipped Keyhole Markup Language | KMZ |
| WML_Fmt | 490 | Wireless Markup Language | WML |
| ODF_Formula_Fmt | 491 | ODF Formula | ODF |
| SO_Text_Fmt | 492 | Star Office Writer Text | SDW, SGL, VOR |
| SO_Spreadsheet_Fmt | 493 | Star Office Calc Spreadsheet | SDC |
| SO_Presentation_Fmt | 494 | Star Office Impress Presentation | SDD, SDA |
| SO_Math_Fmt | 495 | Star Office Math | SMF |
| STEP_Fmt | 496 | ISO 10303-21 STEP format | |
| STL_Fmt | 497 | 3D Systems STL ASCII format | |
| AppleScript_Fmt | 498 | AppleScript Source Code ³ | APPLESCRIPT |
| Assembly_Fmt | 499 | Assembly Code ³ | |
| C_Fmt | 500 | C Source Code ³ | C, H |
| Csharp_Fmt | 501 | C# Source Code ³ | CS |
| CPlusPlus_Fmt | 502 | C++ Source Code ³ | CPP, HPP |
| Css_Fmt | 503 | Cascading Style Sheet ³ | CSS |
| Clojure_Fmt | 504 | Clojure Source Code ³ | CLJ, CL2 |

| Format Name | Number | Format Description | File Extension |
|------------------|--------|--|----------------|
| CoffeeScript_Fmt | 505 | CoffeeScript Source Code ³ | COFFEE, CAKE |
| Lisp_Fmt | 506 | Common Lisp Source Code ³ | EL |
| Dockerfile_Fmt | 507 | Dockerfile ³ | |
| Eiffel_Fmt | 508 | Eiffel Source Code ³ | E |
| Erlang_Fmt | 509 | Erlang Source Code ³ | ERL, ES |
| Fsharp_Fmt | 510 | F# Source Code ³ | FS |
| Fortran_Fmt | 511 | Fortran Source Code ³ | F |
| Go_Fmt | 512 | Go Source Code ³ | GO |
| Groovy_Fmt | 513 | Groovy Source Code ³ | GRT, GVY |
| Haskell_Fmt | 514 | Haskell Source Code ³ | HS |
| Ini_Fmt | 515 | Initialization (INI) file ³ | |
| Java_Fmt | 516 | Java Source Code ³ | JAVA |
| Javascript_Fmt | 517 | Javascript Source Code ³ | JS |
| Lua_Fmt | 518 | Lua Source Code ³ | LUA |
| Makefile_Fmt | 519 | Makefile ³ | MAKE |
| Mathematica_Fmt | 520 | Wolfram Mathematica Source Code ³ | M |
| ObjC_Fmt | 521 | Objective-C Source Code ³ | |
| ObjCpp_Fmt | 522 | Objective-C++ Source Code ³ | |
| ObjJ_Fmt | 523 | Objective-J Source Code ³ | J |

| Format Name | Number | Format Description | File Extension |
|----------------|--------|--|----------------|
| PHP_Fmt | 524 | PHP Source Code ³ | PHP |
| PLSQL_Fmt | 525 | PLSQL Source Code ³ | |
| Pascal_Fmt | 526 | Pascal Source Code ³ | PASCAL |
| Perl_Fmt | 527 | Perl Source Code ³ | PL |
| Powershell_Fmt | 528 | PowerShell Source Code ³ | PS1 |
| Prolog_Fmt | 529 | Prolog Source Code ³ | PRO, PROLOG |
| Puppet_Fmt | 530 | Puppet Source Code ³ | PP |
| Python_Fmt | 531 | Python Source Code ³ | PY |
| R_Fmt | 532 | R Source Code ³ | R |
| Ruby_Fmt | 533 | Ruby Source Code ³ | RB |
| Rust_Fmt | 534 | Rust Source Code ³ | RS |
| Scala_Fmt | 535 | Scala Source Code ³ | SC |
| Shell_Fmt | 536 | Shell Script ³ | SH |
| Smalltalk_Fmt | 537 | Smalltalk Source Code ³ | ST |
| ML_Fmt | 538 | Standard ML Source Code ³ | ML |
| Swift_Fmt | 539 | Swift Source Code ³ | SWIFT |
| Tcl_Fmt | 540 | Tool Command Language (Tcl) Source Code ³ | TM |
| Tex_Fmt | 541 | TeX Typesetting File ³ | |
| TypeScript_Fmt | 542 | TypeScript Source Code ³ | TS |

| Format Name | Number | Format Description | File Extension |
|---------------------------|--------|------------------------------------|----------------|
| Verilog_Fmt | 543 | Verilog Source Code ³ | V |
| YAML_Fmt | 544 | YAML File ³ | YML |
| Wiki_Fmt | 545 | MediaWiki File | |
| MS_Word_2007_Flat_XML_Fmt | 546 | Microsoft Word 2007 XML - Flat xml | XML |
| Matroska_Fmt | 547 | Matroska video File | MKV |
| SVG_Fmt | 548 | Scalable Vector Graphics image | SVG |
| Shapefile_Fmt | 549 | Shapefile | SHP, SHX |
| Flash_Video_Fmt | 550 | Flash video File | FLV |
| Embedded_OpenType_Fmt | 551 | Embedded OpenType font | EOT |
| Web_Open_Font_Fmt | 552 | Web Open Font Format | WOFF, WOFF2 |
| OpenType_Fmt | 553 | OpenType Font | OTF |
| MNG_Fmt | 554 | Multiple-image Network Graphics | MNG |
| JNG_Fmt | 555 | JPEG Network Graphics | JNG |
| AppleScript_Binary_Fmt | 556 | AppleScript Binary Source Code | SCPT |
| Maya_Binary_Fmt | 557 | Autodesk Maya binary file | MB |
| Jupiter_Tessellation_Fmt | 558 | UGS Jupiter Tessellation file | JT |
| OGV_Fmt | 559 | Ogg Theora Video format | OGV |
| OGG_Container_Fmt | 560 | General Ogg Container format | OGG |
| GNU_Message_Catalog_Fmt | 561 | GNU Message Catalog format | MO |

| Format Name | Number | Format Description | File Extension |
|--------------------------|--------|--------------------------------------|----------------|
| Windows_Shortcut_Fmt | 562 | Windows shortcut file | LNK |
| Apple_Typedstream_Fmt | 563 | Apple/NeXT typedstream data format | |
| XCF_Fmt | 564 | GIMP XCF image | XCF |
| PaintShop_Pro_Fmt | 565 | PaintShop Pro image | PSP, PSPIMAGE |
| SQLite_Database_Fmt | 566 | SQLite database format | QHC |
| MySQL_Table_Fmt | 567 | MySQL table definition file | FRM |
| Microsoft_Program_DB_Fmt | 568 | Microsoft Program Database format | PDB |
| OpenEXR_Fmt | 569 | OpenEXR image format | EXR |
| XMV_Fmt | 570 | 4X Movie File | |
| AMV_Fmt | 571 | AMV video file | AMV |
| NIFF_Fmt | 572 | Notation Interchange File Format | NIF |
| CuBase_Fmt | 573 | Steinberg CuBase file | |
| SoundFont_Fmt | 574 | SoundFont file | |
| WebP_Fmt | 575 | WebP image | WEBP |
| ICC_Fmt | 576 | International Color Consortium files | ICC, ICM |
| PCF_Fmt | 577 | X11 Portable Compiled Font file | PCF |
| WebM_Fmt | 578 | WebM video file | WEBM |
| AMFF_Fmt | 579 | Amiga Metafile | AMF |
| ANBM_Fmt | 580 | IFF Animated Bitmap | |

| Format Name | Number | Format Description | File Extension |
|----------------------------|--------|--|----------------|
| ANIM_Fmt | 581 | IFF Amiga animated raster graphics format | |
| DEEP_Fmt | 582 | IFF-DEEP TVPaint image | DEEP |
| FAXX_Fmt | 583 | IFF-FAXX Facsimile image | |
| ICON_Fmt | 584 | IFF Glow Icon image | |
| ILBM_Fmt | 585 | Interleaved BitMap image | IFF |
| LWOB_Fmt | 586 | LightWave Object format | LWOB |
| MAUD_Fmt | 587 | IFF-MAUD MacroSystem audio format | |
| PBM_Fmt | 588 | IFF Planar BitMap | |
| TDDD_Fmt | 589 | IFF TDDD and Imagine Object animation format | TDD |
| DjVu_Fmt | 590 | AT&T DjVu format | DJVU |
| InDesign_Fmt | 591 | Adobe InDesign document | |
| Calamus_Fmt | 592 | Calamus Desktop Publishing | |
| Adaptive_MultiRate_Fmt | 593 | Adaptive Multi-Rate audio format | AMR |
| FLAC_Fmt | 594 | Free Lossless Audio Codec format | FLAC |
| Ogg_FLAC_Fmt | 595 | Ogg Container FLAC audio format | OGG |
| SAS7BDAT_Fmt | 596 | SAS7BDAT database storage format | SAS7BDAT |
| Design_Web_Format_Fmt | 597 | Autodesk Design Web Format | DWF |
| Adobe_Flash_Audio_Book_Fmt | 598 | Adobe Flash Player audio book | F4B |
| Adobe_Flash_Audio_Fmt | 599 | Adobe Flash Player audio | F4A |

| Format Name | Number | Format Description | File Extension |
|---------------------------------|--------|--|----------------|
| Adobe_Flash_Protected_Video_Fmt | 600 | Adobe Flash Player protected video | F4P |
| Adobe_Flash_Video_Fmt | 601 | Adobe Flash Player video | F4V |
| Audible_Audiobook_Fmt | 602 | Audible Enhanced Audiobook | AAX |
| Canon_Camera_Fmt | 603 | Canon Digital Camera image | |
| Canon_Raw_Fmt | 604 | Canon Raw image | CR3 |
| Casio_Camera_Fmt | 605 | Casio Digital Camera image | |
| Convergent_Design_Fmt | 606 | Convergent Design file | |
| DMB_MAF_Audio_Fmt | 607 | DMB MAF audio | |
| DMB_MAF_Video_Fmt | 608 | DMB MAF video | |
| DMP_Content_Fmt | 609 | Digital Media Project Content Format | |
| DVB_Fmt | 610 | Digital Video Broadcast format | DVB |
| Dirac_Wavelet_Compression_Fmt | 611 | ISO-BMFF Dirac Wavelet compression | |
| HEICS_Image_Sequence_Fmt | 612 | High Efficiency Image Format HEVC image sequence | HEICS |
| HEIC_Image_Fmt | 613 | High Efficiency Image Format HEVC image | HEIC |
| HEIFS_Image_Sequence_Fmt | 614 | High Efficiency Image Format image sequence | HEIFS |
| HEIF_Image_Fmt | 615 | High Efficiency Image Format image | HEIF |
| ISMACryp_Fmt | 616 | ISMACryp 2.0 Encrypted format | |
| ISO_3GPP2_Fmt | 617 | 3GPP2 video file | 3G2 |
| ISO_3GPP_Fmt | 618 | 3GPP video file | 3GP |

| Format Name | Number | Format Description | File Extension |
|------------------------|--------|--|----------------|
| ISO_JPEG2000_JP2_Fmt | 619 | ISO-BMFF JPEG 2000 image | JP2 |
| ISO_JPEG2000_JPM_Fmt | 620 | ISO-BMFF JPEG 2000 compound image | JPM |
| ISO_JPEG2000_JPX_Fmt | 621 | ISO-BMFF JPEG 2000 with extensions | JPX |
| ISO_QuickTime_Fmt | 622 | Apple ISO-BMFF QuickTime video | QT, MOV |
| KDDI_Video_Fmt | 623 | KDDI Video file | |
| MAF_Photo_Player_Fmt | 624 | MAF Photo Player | |
| MPEG4_AVC_Fmt | 625 | ISO-BMFF MPEG-4 with AVC extension | |
| MPEG4_M4A_Fmt | 626 | Apple MPEG-4 Part 14 audio | M4A |
| MPEG4_M4B_Fmt | 627 | Apple MPEG-4 Part 14 audio book | M4B |
| MPEG4_M4P_Fmt | 628 | Apple MPEG-4 Part 14 protected audio | M4P |
| MPEG4_M4V_Fmt | 629 | Apple MPEG-4 Part 14 video | M4V |
| MPEG4_Sony_PSP_Fmt | 630 | Sony PSP MPEG-4 | MP4 |
| MPEG_21_Fmt | 631 | MPEG-21 | |
| Mobile_QuickTime_Fmt | 632 | Mobile QuickTime video | MQV |
| Motion_JPEG_2000_Fmt | 633 | Motion JPEG 2000 | MJ2, MJP2 |
| NTT_MPEG4_Fmt | 634 | NTT MPEG-4 | |
| Nero_MPEG4_AVC_Profile | 635 | Nero MPEG-4 profile with AVC extension | |
| Nero_MPEG4_Audio_Fmt | 636 | Nero AAC audio | |
| Nero_MPEG4_Profile | 637 | Nero MPEG-4 profile | |

| Format Name | Number | Format Description | File Extension |
|----------------------------------|--------|--|----------------|
| OMA_DRM_Fmt | 638 | OMA DRM Format | |
| Panasonic_Camera_Fmt | 639 | Panasonic Digital Camera image | |
| Ross_Video_Fmt | 640 | Ross video | |
| SDA_Video_Fmt | 641 | SDA SD Memory Card video | |
| Samsung_Stereoscopic_Fmt | 642 | Samsung stereoscopic stream | |
| Sony_XAVC_Fmt | 643 | Sony XAVC video | |
| JPEG_2000_PGX_Fmt | 644 | JPEG 2000 PGX Verification Model image | PGX |
| Apple_Desktop_Services_Store_Fmt | 645 | Apple Desktop Services Store file | DS_Store |
| Core_Audio_Fmt | 646 | Apple Core Audio Format | CAF |
| VICAR_Fmt | 647 | VICAR image format | IMG |
| FITS_Fmt | 648 | Flexible Image Transport System FITS image | FIT |
| DIF_Fmt | 649 | Digital Interface Format (DIF) DV video | DV |
| MPEG_Transport_Stream_Fmt | 650 | MPEG Transport Stream data | TS |
| MPEG_Sequence_Fmt | 651 | MPEG Sequence format | |
| Ogg_OGM_Fmt | 652 | Ogg OGM video format | OGM |
| Ogg_Speex_Fmt | 653 | Ogg Speex audio format | SPX |
| Ogg_Opus_Fmt | 654 | Ogg Opus audio format | OGG |
| Musepack_Audio_Fmt | 655 | Musepack audio format | MPC |
| ART_Image_Fmt | 656 | ART image format | ART |

| Format Name | Number | Format Description | File Extension |
|---------------------|--------|--|----------------|
| Vivo_Fmt | 657 | Vivo audio-video format | VIV |
| QCP_Fmt | 658 | Qualcomm QCP audio | QCP |
| CSP_Codec_Fmt | 659 | Creative Signal Processor codec | CSP |
| TwinVQ_Fmt | 660 | NTT TwinVQ audio format | VQF |
| Interplay_MVE_Fmt | 661 | Interplay MVE video format | MVE |
| IRIX_Moviemaker_Fmt | 662 | IRIX Silicon Graphics moviemaker video file | MV, MOVIE |
| Sega_FILM_Fmt | 663 | Sega FILM video format | CPK, CAK |
| SMAF_Fmt | 664 | Synthetic music Mobile Application Format | MMF |
| NIST_SPHERE_Fmt | 665 | NIST SPeech HEader Resources format | NIST |
| Chinese_AVS_Fmt | 666 | Chinese AVS video format | |
| VQA_Fmt | 667 | Westwood Studios Vector Quantized Animation video file | VQA |
| YAFA_Fmt | 668 | Wildfire YAFA animation | YAFA |
| Origin_MVE_Fmt | 669 | Origin Wing Commander III MVE movie format | MVE |
| BBC_Dirac_Fmt | 670 | BBC Dirac video format | DRC |
| Maya_ASCII_Fmt | 671 | Autodesk Maya ASCII file format | MA |
| RenderMan_Fmt | 672 | Pixar RenderMan Interface Bytestream file | RIB |
| NOFF_Binary_Fmt | 673 | NOFF 3D Object File Format | NOFF |
| VTK_ASCII_Fmt | 674 | Visualization Toolkit VTK ASCII format | VTK |

| Format Name | Number | Format Description | File Extension |
|-----------------------------|--------|--|----------------|
| VTK_Binary_Fmt | 675 | Visualization Toolkit VTK Binary format | VTK |
| Wolfram_CDF_Fmt | 676 | Wolfram Mathematica Computable Document Format | CDF |
| Wolfram_Notebook_Fmt | 677 | Wolfram Mathematica Notebook Format | NB |
| HDF4_Fmt | 678 | Hierarchical Data Format HDF4 | HDF, H4 |
| HDF5_Fmt | 679 | Hierarchical Data Format HDF5 | HDF, H5 |
| ARMovie_Fmt | 680 | Acom RISC ARMovie video format | RPL |
| Windows_TV_DVR_Fmt | 681 | Windows Television DVR format | WTV |
| InstallShield_Z_Fmt | 682 | InstallShield Z archive format | Z |
| MS_DirectDraw_Surface_Fmt | 683 | Microsoft DirectDraw Surface container format | DDS |
| Bink_Fmt | 684 | Bink audio-video container format | BIK, BK2 |
| LZMA_Fmt | 685 | LZMA compressed data format | LZMA |
| True_Audio_Fmt | 686 | True Audio format | TTA |
| Keepass_Fmt | 687 | Keepass Password file | KDB, KDBX |
| RPM_Fmt | 688 | RPM Package Manager file | RPM |
| Printer_Font_Metrics_Fmt | 689 | Adobe Printer Font Metrics format | PFM |
| Adobe_Font_Metrics_Fmt | 690 | Adobe Font Metrics ASCII format | AFM |
| Printer_Font_ASCII_Fmt | 691 | Adobe Printer Font ASCII format | PFA |
| Netware_Loadable_Module_Fmt | 692 | Netware Loadable Module format | NLM |
| TCPdump_pcap_Fmt | 693 | TCPdump packet stream capture savefile format | PCAP |

| Format Name | Number | Format Description | File Extension |
|------------------------------------|--------|---|--------------------|
| Multiple_Master_Font_Fmt | 694 | Adobe Multiple master font format | MMM |
| TrueType_Font_Collection_Fmt | 695 | TrueType font collection format | TTC |
| Shapefile_Spatial_Index_Fmt | 696 | Shapefile binary spatial index format | SBX, SBN |
| Java_Key_Store_Fmt | 697 | Java Key Store format | KS |
| Java_JCE_Key_Store_Fmt | 698 | Java JCE Key Store format | |
| Quark_Xpress_Intel_Fmt | 699 | QuarkXPress Intel format | QXB |
| Windows_Imaging_Fmt | 700 | Microsoft Windows Imaging Format WIM | WIM |
| VMware_Virtual_Disk_Fmt | 701 | VMware Virtual Disk Format 5.0 | VMDK |
| XPCConnect_Typelib_Fmt | 702 | XPCConnect Typelib Format | XPT |
| MS_DOS_Compression_Fmt | 703 | Microsoft MS-DOS installation compression | EX_ |
| DLS_Fmt | 704 | DLS Downloadable Sounds format | DLS |
| MS_Windows_Registry_Fmt | 705 | Microsoft Windows Registry format | |
| Microsoft_Help_2_Fmt | 706 | Microsoft Help 2.0 format | HXD, HXW, HXH |
| Qt_Translation_Fmt | 707 | Qt binary translation file format | QM |
| PEM_SSL_Certificate_Fmt | 708 | PEM-encoded SSL certificate | CRT, PEM, CER, KEY |
| PostScript_Printer_Description_Fmt | 709 | Adobe PostScript Printer Description file | PPD |
| Speedo_Font_Fmt | 710 | Speedo Font format | SPD |
| InstallShield_Cabinet_Fmt | 711 | InstallShield Cabinet Archive format | CAB, HDR |
| InstallShield_Uninstall_Fmt | 712 | InstallShield Uninstall format | ISU |

| Format Name | Number | Format Description | File Extension |
|---------------------------|--------|--|----------------|
| MS_OEDBX_Folder_Fmt | 713 | Outlook Express DBX folder database format | DBX |
| LabVIEW_Fmt | 714 | National Instruments LabVIEW file format | VI |
| SAP_Archive_SAR_Fmt | 715 | SAP compression archive SAR format | SAR |
| Netscape_Address_Book_Fmt | 716 | Netscape Address Book format | NAB |
| Universal_3D_Fmt | 717 | Universal 3D file format | U3D |
| Open_Inventor_ASCII_Fmt | 718 | Open Inventor ASCII format | IV |
| Open_Inventor_Binary_Fmt | 719 | Open Inventor Binary format | IV |
| X_Window_Dump_Fmt | 720 | X Window Dump image | XWD |
| Git_Packfile_Fmt | 721 | Git Packfile format | PACK |
| Xara_Xar_Fmt | 722 | Xara X Xar image format | XAR |
| Internet_Archive_ARC_Fmt | 723 | Internet Archive ARC format | ARC |
| Applix_Builder_Fmt | 724 | Applix Builder format | AB |
| Applix_Bitmap_Fmt | 725 | Applix Bitmap image format | IM |
| PEM_RSA_Private_Key_Fmt | 726 | PEM-encoded RSA private key | PEM |
| MIFF_Fmt | 727 | Magick Image File Format | MIFF |
| Subversion_Dump_Fmt | 728 | Subversion Dump format | |
| Virtual_Hard_Disk_Fmt | 729 | Microsoft Virtual Hard Disk format | VHD |
| Direct_Access_Archive_Fmt | 730 | PowerISO Direct Access Archive format | DAA |
| Debian_Binary_Fmt | 731 | Debian binary package format | DEB |

| Format Name | Number | Format Description | File Extension |
|-----------------------------------|--------|---|----------------|
| XUL_Fastload_Fmt | 732 | Mozilla XUL Fastload format | MFL |
| Nastran_OP2_Fmt | 733 | Nastran OP2 format | OP2 |
| Binary_Logging_Fmt | 734 | CAD Binary Logging Format | BLF |
| Measurement_Data_Fmt | 735 | CAD Measurement Data Format | MDF |
| Abaqus_ODB_Fmt | 736 | Abaqus ODB Format | ODB |
| Open_Diagnostic_Data_Exchange_Fmt | 737 | Vector Open Diagnostic Data Exchange format | ODX |
| Vector_ASCII_Fmt | 738 | Vector CAD ASCII ASC format | ASC |
| LSDYNA_State_Database_Fmt | 739 | LS-DYNA State Database format | |
| LSDYNA_Binary_Output_Fmt | 740 | LS-DYNA binary output (binout) format | |
| MS_Power_BI_Fmt | 741 | Microsoft Power BI Desktop format | PBIX |
| Tableau_Workbook_Fmt | 742 | Tableau Workbook format | TWB |
| Tableau_Packaged_Workbook_Fmt | 743 | Tableau Packaged Workbook format | TWBX |
| Tableau_Extract_Fmt | 744 | Tableau Extract format | TDE |
| Tableau_Data_Source_Fmt | 745 | Tableau Data Source format | TDS |
| Tableau_Packaged_Data_Source_Fmt | 746 | Tableau Packaged Data Source format | TDSX |
| Tableau_Preferences_Fmt | 747 | Tableau Preferences format | TPS |
| Tableau_Map_Source_Fmt | 748 | Tableau Map Source format | TMS |
| ABAP_Fmt | 749 | ABAP Source Code ⁴ | ABAP |
| AMPL_Fmt | 750 | AMPL Source Code ⁴ | AMPL |

| Format Name | Number | Format Description | File Extension |
|------------------|--------|---------------------------------------|--------------------|
| APL_Fmt | 751 | APL Source Code ⁴ | APL |
| ASN1_Fmt | 752 | ASN.1 Source Code ⁴ | ASN |
| ATS_Fmt | 753 | ATS Source Code ⁴ | |
| Agda_Fmt | 754 | Agda Source Code ⁴ | AGDA |
| Alloy_Fmt | 755 | Alloy Source Code ⁴ | ALS |
| Apex_Fmt | 756 | Apex Source Code ⁴ | CLS |
| Arduino_Fmt | 757 | Arduino Source Code ⁴ | INO |
| AsciiDoc_Fmt | 758 | AsciiDoc Source Code ⁴ | ASC |
| AspectJ_Fmt | 759 | AspectJ Source Code ⁴ | AJ |
| Awk_Fmt | 760 | Awk Source Code ⁴ | AWK |
| BlitzMax_Fmt | 761 | BlitzMax Source Code ⁴ | BMX |
| Bluespec_Fmt | 762 | Bluespec Source Code ⁴ | BSV |
| Brainfuck_Fmt | 763 | Brainfuck Source Code ⁴ | B, BF |
| Brightscript_Fmt | 764 | Brightscript Source Code ⁴ | BRS |
| CLIPS_Fmt | 765 | CLIPS Source Code ⁴ | CLP |
| CMake_Fmt | 766 | CMake Source Code ⁴ | CMAKE |
| COBOL_Fmt | 767 | COBOL Source Code ⁴ | CBL, CCP, COB, CPY |
| CWeb_Fmt | 768 | CWeb Source Code ⁴ | W |
| CartoCSS_Fmt | 769 | CartoCSS Source Code ⁴ | MSS |

| Format Name | Number | Format Description | File Extension |
|------------------------------|--------|---|----------------|
| Ceylon_Fmt | 770 | Ceylon Source Code ⁴ | CEYLON |
| Chapel_Fmt | 771 | Chapel Source Code ⁴ | CHPL |
| Clarion_Fmt | 772 | Clarion Source Code ⁴ | CLW |
| Clean_Fmt | 773 | Clean Source Code ⁴ | DCL, ICL |
| Component_Pascal_Fmt | 774 | Component Pascal Source Code ⁴ | CP |
| Cool_Fmt | 775 | Cool Source Code ⁴ | CL |
| Coq_Fmt | 776 | Coq Source Code ⁴ | V |
| Creole_Fmt | 777 | Creole Source Code ⁴ | CREOLE |
| Crystal_Fmt | 778 | Crystal Source Code ⁴ | CR |
| Csound_Fmt | 779 | Csound Source Code ⁴ | ORC |
| Csound_Document_Fmt | 780 | Csound Document Source Code ⁴ | CSD |
| Cuda_Fmt | 781 | Cuda Source Code ⁴ | CU |
| D_Fmt | 782 | D Source Code ⁴ | DCL, ICL |
| DIGITAL_Command_Language_Fmt | 783 | DIGITAL Command Language Source Code ⁴ | COM |
| DTrace_Fmt | 784 | DTrace Source Code ⁴ | D |
| Dart_Fmt | 785 | Dart Source Code ⁴ | DART |
| E_Fmt | 786 | E Source Code ⁴ | E |
| ECL_Fmt | 787 | ECL Source Code ⁴ | ECL |
| Elm_Fmt | 788 | Elm Source Code ⁴ | ELM |

| Format Name | Number | Format Description | File Extension |
|-------------------------|--------|--|----------------|
| Emacs_Lisp_Fmt | 789 | Emacs Lisp Source Code ⁴ | EL |
| EmberScript_Fmt | 790 | EmberScript Source Code ⁴ | EM |
| Fantom_Fmt | 791 | Fantom Source Code ⁴ | FAN |
| Forth_Fmt | 792 | Forth Source Code ⁴ | FOR, FORTH |
| FreeMarker_Fmt | 793 | FreeMarker Source Code ⁴ | FTL |
| Frege_Fmt | 794 | Frege Source Code ⁴ | FR |
| G_code_Fmt | 795 | G-code Source Code ⁴ | G |
| GAMS_Fmt | 796 | GAMS Source Code ⁴ | GMS |
| GAP_Fmt | 797 | GAP Source Code ⁴ | |
| GDScript_Fmt | 798 | GDScript Source Code ⁴ | GD |
| GLSL_Fmt | 799 | GLSL Source Code ⁴ | GLSL |
| Game_Maker_Language_Fmt | 800 | Game Maker Language Source Code ⁴ | GML |
| Gnuplot_Fmt | 801 | Gnuplot Source Code ⁴ | GNU, GP |
| Golo_Fmt | 802 | Golo Source Code ⁴ | GOLO |
| Gosu_Fmt | 803 | Gosu Source Code ⁴ | GS |
| Gradle_Fmt | 804 | Gradle Source Code ⁴ | GRADLE |
| GraphQL_Fmt | 805 | GraphQL Source Code ⁴ | GRAPHQL |
| Graphviz_DOT_Fmt | 806 | Graphviz (DOT) Source Code ⁴ | DOT |
| HLSL_Fmt | 807 | HLSL Source Code ⁴ | HLSL |

| Format Name | Number | Format Description | File Extension |
|---------------------|--------|--|----------------|
| Hack_Fmt | 808 | Hack Source Code ⁴ | |
| Haml_Fmt | 809 | Haml Source Code ⁴ | HAML |
| Handlebars_Fmt | 810 | Handlebars Source Code ⁴ | HBS |
| Hy_Fmt | 811 | Hy Source Code ⁴ | HY |
| IDL_Fmt | 812 | IDL Source Code ⁴ | PRO |
| IGOR_Pro_Fmt | 813 | IGOR Pro Source Code ⁴ | IPF |
| Idris_Fmt | 814 | Idris Source Code ⁴ | IDR |
| Inform_7_Fmt | 815 | Inform 7 Source Code ⁴ | I7X |
| Ioke_Fmt | 816 | Ioke Source Code ⁴ | IK |
| Isabelle_Fmt | 817 | Isabelle Source Code ⁴ | |
| J_Fmt | 818 | J Source Code ⁴ | IJS |
| JSONiq_Fmt | 819 | JSONiq Source Code ⁴ | JQ |
| JSX_Fmt | 820 | JSX Source Code ⁴ | JSX |
| Jasmin_Fmt | 821 | Jasmin Source Code ⁴ | J |
| Jolie_Fmt | 822 | Jolie Source Code ⁴ | |
| Julia_Fmt | 823 | Julia Source Code ⁴ | JL |
| KiCad_Layout_Fmt | 824 | KiCad Layout Source Code ⁴ | |
| KiCad_Schematic_Fmt | 825 | KiCad Schematic Source Code ⁴ | SCH |
| Kotlin_Fmt | 826 | Kotlin Source Code ⁴ | KT |

| Format Name | Number | Format Description | File Extension |
|----------------|--------|-------------------------------------|----------------|
| LFE_Fmt | 827 | LFE Source Code ⁴ | LFE |
| LOLCODE_Fmt | 828 | LOLCODE Source Code ⁴ | LOL |
| Lasso_Fmt | 829 | Lasso Source Code ⁴ | LAS, LASSO |
| Limbo_Fmt | 830 | Limbo Source Code ⁴ | |
| LiveScript_Fmt | 831 | LiveScript Source Code ⁴ | LS |
| M_Fmt | 832 | M Source Code ⁴ | M |
| MAXScript_Fmt | 833 | MAXScript Source Code ⁴ | MS |
| Markdown_Fmt | 834 | Markdown Source Code ⁴ | MD |
| Matlab_Fmt | 835 | Matlab Source Code ⁴ | M |
| Max_Code_Fmt | 836 | Max Source Code ⁴ | MXT |
| Mercury_Fmt | 837 | Mercury Source Code ⁴ | |
| Modelica_Fmt | 838 | Modelica Source Code ⁴ | MO |
| Modula_2_Fmt | 839 | Modula-2 Source Code ⁴ | MOD |
| Monkey_Fmt | 840 | Monkey Source Code ⁴ | MONKEY |
| Moocode_Fmt | 841 | Moocode Source Code ⁴ | MOO |
| NL_Fmt | 842 | NL Source Code ⁴ | NL |
| NSIS_Fmt | 843 | NSIS Source Code ⁴ | NSI |
| NetLogo_Fmt | 844 | NetLogo Source Code ⁴ | NLOGO |
| NewLisp_Fmt | 845 | NewLisp Source Code ⁴ | NL |

| Format Name | Number | Format Description | File Extension |
|---------------------|--------|--|----------------|
| Nginx_Fmt | 846 | Nginx Source Code ⁴ | VHOST |
| Nix_Fmt | 847 | Nix Source Code ⁴ | NIX |
| Nu_Fmt | 848 | Nu Source Code ⁴ | NU |
| OCaml_Fmt | 849 | OCaml Source Code ⁴ | |
| OpenCL_Fmt | 850 | OpenCL Source Code ⁴ | CL |
| OpenEdge_ABL_Fmt | 851 | OpenEdge ABL Source Code ⁴ | |
| OpenSCAD_Fmt | 852 | OpenSCAD Source Code ⁴ | SCAD |
| Ox_Fmt | 853 | Ox Source Code ⁴ | OX |
| Oxygene_Fmt | 854 | Oxygene Source Code ⁴ | OXYGENE |
| Oz_Fmt | 855 | Oz Source Code ⁴ | OZ |
| PAWN_Fmt | 856 | PAWN Source Code ⁴ | PWN |
| PLpgSQL_Fmt | 857 | PLpgSQL Source Code ⁴ | PLSQL |
| Pan_Fmt | 858 | Pan Source Code ⁴ | PAN |
| Parrot_Assembly_Fmt | 859 | Parrot Assembly Source Code ⁴ | PASM |
| PicoLisp_Fmt | 860 | PicoLisp Source Code ⁴ | |
| Pike_Fmt | 861 | Pike Source Code ⁴ | PIKE |
| Pony_Fmt | 862 | Pony Source Code ⁴ | PONY |
| Processing_Fmt | 863 | Processing Source Code ⁴ | PDE |
| PureBasic_Fmt | 864 | PureBasic Source Code ⁴ | PB |

| Format Name | Number | Format Description | File Extension |
|--------------------|--------|---|----------------|
| QMake_Fmt | 865 | QMake File ⁴ | |
| RAML_Fmt | 866 | RAML Source Code ⁴ | RAML |
| RDoc_Fmt | 867 | RDoc Source Code ⁴ | RDOC |
| REXX_Fmt | 868 | REXX Source Code ⁴ | REXX |
| Racket_Fmt | 869 | Racket Source Code ⁴ | |
| Ragel_Fmt | 870 | Ragel Source Code ⁴ | |
| Rascal_Fmt | 871 | Rascal Source Code ⁴ | RSC |
| Rebol_Fmt | 872 | Rebol Source Code ⁴ | REB, REBOL |
| Red_Fmt | 873 | Red Source Code ⁴ | RED |
| RenPy_Fmt | 874 | Ren'Py Source Code ⁴ | RPY |
| RenderScript_Fmt | 875 | RenderScript Source Code ⁴ | RS |
| Ring_Fmt | 876 | Ring Source Code ⁴ | RING |
| RobotFramework_Fmt | 877 | RobotFramework Source Code ⁴ | ROBOT |
| SAS_Fmt | 878 | SAS Source Code ⁴ | SAS |
| SPARQL_Fmt | 879 | SPARQL Source Code ⁴ | |
| SQL_Fmt | 880 | SQL Source Code ⁴ | |
| SQLPL_Fmt | 881 | SQLPL Source Code ⁴ | |
| SaltStack_Fmt | 882 | SaltStack Source Code ⁴ | SLS |
| Scheme_Fmt | 883 | Scheme Source Code ⁴ | |

| Format Name | Number | Format Description | File Extension |
|-------------------|--------|--|----------------|
| Scilab_Fmt | 884 | Scilab Source Code ⁴ | SCI |
| Squirrel_Fmt | 885 | Squirrel Source Code ⁴ | NUT |
| Stan_Fmt | 886 | Stan Source Code ⁴ | STAN |
| Stata_Fmt | 887 | Stata Source Code ⁴ | |
| Stylus_Fmt | 888 | Stylus Source Code ⁴ | STYL |
| SuperCollider_Fmt | 889 | SuperCollider Source Code ⁴ | SC |
| SystemVerilog_Fmt | 890 | SystemVerilog Source Code ⁴ | SV |
| TXL_Fmt | 891 | TXL Source Code ⁴ | TXL |
| Turing_Fmt | 892 | Turing Source Code ⁴ | T |
| Turtle_Fmt | 893 | Turtle Source Code ⁴ | TTL |
| UrWeb_Fmt | 894 | UrWeb Source Code ⁴ | UR, URS |
| Vim_script_Fmt | 895 | Vim script File ⁴ | VIM |
| Visual_Basic_Fmt | 896 | Visual Basic Source Code ⁴ | VB |
| WebAssembly_Fmt | 897 | WebAssembly Source Code ⁴ | WAT |
| WebIDL_Fmt | 898 | WebIDL Source Code ⁴ | WEBIDL |
| X10_Fmt | 899 | X10 Source Code ⁴ | X10 |
| XQuery_Fmt | 900 | XQuery Source Code ⁴ | XQM |
| Xojo_Fmt | 901 | Xojo Source Code ⁴ | |
| Xtend_Fmt | 902 | Xtend Source Code ⁴ | XTEND |

| Format Name | Number | Format Description | File Extension |
|------------------------------|--------|--|----------------|
| YANG_Fmt | 903 | YANG Source Code ⁴ | YANG |
| Zephir_Fmt | 904 | Zephir Source Code ⁴ | ZEP |
| eC_Fmt | 905 | eC Source Code ⁴ | EC |
| reStructuredText_Fmt | 906 | reStructuredText Source Code ⁴ | |
| xBase_Fmt | 907 | xBase Source Code ⁴ | |
| Windows_Installer_Fmt | 908 | MSI Windows Installer format | MSI |
| Autodesk_3ds_Max_Fmt | 909 | Autodesk 3ds Max format | MAX |
| PhotoDraw_Mix_Fmt | 910 | PhotoDraw MIX image | MIX |
| Softimage_SCN_Fmt | 911 | Softimage Scene SCN format | SCN |
| Parasolid_XT_Fmt | 912 | Parasolid ascii XT format | X_T |
| Parasolid_XB_Fmt | 913 | Parasolid binary XB format | X_B |
| IGES_Fmt | 914 | Initial Graphics Exchange Specification format | IGS |
| ACE_Archive_Fmt | 915 | ACE archive format | ACE |
| Grasshopper_GHX_Fmt | 916 | Grasshopper GHX format | GHX |
| MS_FrontPage_Macro_Fmt | 917 | Microsoft FrontPage macro file format | FPM |
| MS_AtWork_Fax_Fmt | 918 | Microsoft AtWork Fax format | AWD |
| MS_Image_Composer_Fmt | 919 | Microsoft Image Composer format | MIC |
| MS_Visual_InterDev_Fmt | 920 | Microsoft Visual InterDev web project items file | WDM |
| Macromedia_Flash_FLA_OLE_Fmt | 921 | Macromedia Flash FLA Project File OLE format | FLA |

| Format Name | Number | Format Description | File Extension |
|-----------------------------------|--------|--|----------------|
| Corel_Draw_X4_Fmt | 922 | CorelDRAW version X4 onwards | CDRX |
| Ogg_Daala_Fmt | 923 | Ogg Daala video format | OGV |
| Ogg_BBC_Dirac_Fmt | 924 | Ogg BBC Dirac video format | OGV |
| PKCS_7_Fmt | 925 | PKCS #7 cryptographic format | P7S |
| Time_Stamped_Data_Fmt | 926 | Time-stamped data format | TSD |
| Sereal_Fmt | 927 | Sereal data serialization format | SRL |
| Associated_Signature_Simple_Fmt | 928 | Associated Signature Container Simple format | ASICS |
| Associated_Signature_Extended_Fmt | 929 | Associated Signature Container Extended format | ASICE |
| iBooks_Fmt | 930 | Apple iBooks format | IBOOKS |
| PDF_Forms_Data_Fmt | 931 | PDF Forms Data Format | FDF |
| PDF_XML_Forms_Data_Fmt | 932 | PDF XML Forms Data Format | XFDF |
| AxCrypt_Fmt | 933 | AxCrypt encrypted document | AXX |
| Unix_Archive_Fmt | 934 | Unix Archive ar format | AR |
| Berkeley_Btree_Database_Fmt | 935 | Berkeley DB btree database format | DB |
| Berkeley_Hash_Database_Fmt | 936 | Berkeley DB hash database format | DB |
| Berkeley_Log_Database_Fmt | 937 | Berkeley DB log database format | |
| Berkeley_Queue_Database_Fmt | 938 | Berkeley DB queue database format | |
| BitTorrent_Fmt | 939 | BitTorrent file format | TORRENT |
| Chrome_Extension_Fmt | 940 | Google Chrome Extension format | CRX |

| Format Name | Number | Format Description | File Extension |
|-----------------------|--------|---|----------------|
| Dalvik_Executable_Fmt | 941 | Dalvik Executable dex format | DEX |
| Foxmail_Fmt | 942 | Foxmail email format | BOX |
| GRIB_Fmt | 943 | General Regularly-distributed Information in Binary form GRIB format | GRB, GRIB2 |
| Zstandard_Fmt | 944 | Zstandard compression format | ZSTD |
| LZ4_Fmt | 945 | LZ4 compressed file | LZ4 |
| MS_Money_Fmt | 946 | Microsoft Money format | MNY |
| NetCDF_Fmt | 947 | Network Common Data Form NetCDF format | NC |
| SAS6_Data_Fmt | 948 | SAS 6 Data storage format | SD2 |
| SAS_Transport_Fmt | 949 | SAS Transport File XPORT format | XPT, XPORT |
| Snappy_Framed_Fmt | 950 | Snappy Framed compression format | SZ |
| Stata_Data_Fmt | 951 | Stata Data Format | DTA |
| SPSS_SAV_Fmt | 952 | SPSS Statistics Data File Format | SAV |
| Zoo_Archive_Fmt | 953 | Zoo Compressed Archive Format | ZOO |
| CDX_Fmt | 954 | ChemDraw CDX format | CDX |
| CDXML_Fmt | 955 | ChemDraw CDXML format | CDXML |
| BPG_Fmt | 956 | Better Portable Graphics BPG format | BPG |
| Apple_Icon_Fmt | 957 | Apple Icon image format | ICNS |
| NITF_Fmt | 958 | National Imagery Transmission Format NITF image | NTF, NITF |

| Format Name | Number | Format Description | File Extension |
|-------------------------------|--------|---|----------------|
| ERDAS_Imagine_Fmt | 959 | ERDAS Imagine image format | HFA |
| MS_Office_Temporary_Owner_Fmt | 960 | Microsoft Office temporary owner file | |
| EAC3_Audio_Fmt | 961 | Enhanced-AC3 (EAC3) Audio File format | AC3 |
| COFF_Relocatable_Fmt | 962 | Common Object File Format (COFF) relocatable object | O |
| COFF_Executable_Fmt | 963 | Common Object File Format (COFF) executable | |
| COFF_Dynamic_Lib_Fmt | 964 | Common Object File Format (COFF) dynamic library | |
| ELF_Core_Fmt | 965 | ELF Core file | |
| Purify_Fmt | 966 | Rational Purify data file | PFY |
| Kryptel_Fmt | 967 | Kryptel encrypted file | EDC |
| Windows_Core_Dump_Fmt | 968 | Windows heap or mini core dump file | DMP |
| Qt_Prerendered_Font_Fmt | 969 | Qt Prerendered Font format | QPF2 |
| AIX_Relocatable_Fmt | 970 | AIX/RISC COFF relocatable object | |
| AIX_Executable_Fmt | 971 | AIX/RISC COFF executable | |
| AIX_Dynamic_Lib_Fmt | 972 | AIX/RISC COFF dynamic library | A |
| HPUX_Relocatable_Fmt | 973 | HPUX/PA-RISC COFF relocatable object | |
| HPUX_Executable_Fmt | 974 | HPUX/PA-RISC COFF executable | |
| HPUX_Dynamic_Lib_Fmt | 975 | HPUX/PA-RISC COFF dynamic library | SL |
| XML_EBCDIC_Fmt | 976 | EBCDIC-encoded XML file | XML |
| MPEG_JVT_H264_Fmt | 977 | MPEG JVT-NAL sequence H264 video | 264 |

| Format Name | Number | Format Description | File Extension |
|-----------------------------|--------|---|----------------|
| Material_Exchange_Fmt | 978 | Material Exchange Format audio-video container format | MXF |
| MS_Agent_Character_Fmt | 979 | Microsoft Agent Character file | ACS |
| Quicken_Fmt | 980 | Quicken data file | QDF |
| MS_Outlook_Address_Fmt | 981 | Microsoft Outlook address file | WAB |
| MS_Answer_Wizard_Fmt | 982 | Microsoft Answer Wizard file | |
| ADX_Fmt | 983 | ADX audio file | ADX |
| System_Deployment_Image_Fmt | 984 | Microsoft System Deployment Image SDI format | SDI |
| Free_Lossless_Image_Fmt | 985 | Free Lossless Image Format (FLIF) | FLIF |
| DPX_Fmt | 986 | Digital Picture Exchange (DPX) image format | DPX |
| Avro_Fmt | 987 | Apache Avro binary format | AVRO |
| InstallShield_Archive_Fmt | 988 | InstallShield archive (early versions) format | EX_ |
| Mac_Executable_Fmt | 989 | Mac OS-X (Mach-O) executable format | |
| GDSII_Fmt | 990 | GDSII data format | GDS |
| ActiveMime_Fmt | 991 | Microsoft ActiveMime (mso) documents | MSO |
| SmartCharts_Fmt | 992 | BizInt SmartCharts data format | CHP, CHRR |
| Webex_ARF_Fmt | 993 | Webex advanced network ARF recordings | ARF |
| Webex_WRF_Fmt | 994 | Webex local WRF recordings | WRF |
| PGP_NetShare_Fmt | 995 | Symantec PGP NetShare encrypted file | |
| Ability_WP_OLE_Fmt | 996 | Ability Write later versions format | AWW |

| Format Name | Number | Format Description | File Extension |
|-----------------------------|--------|--|----------------|
| Ability_SS_OLE_Fmt | 997 | Ability Spreadsheet later versions format | AWS |
| InDesign_IDML_Fmt | 998 | Adobe InDesign IDML format | IDML |
| Executable_JAR_Fmt | 999 | Executable Java Archive (jar) file | JAR |
| IDOL_IDX_Fmt | 1000 | IDOL Server IDX file | IDX |
| Android_Package_Kit_Fmt | 1001 | Android Package Kit (APK) format | APK |
| Android_Binary_XML_Fmt | 1002 | Android Binary XML (compressed by aapt) format | XML |
| Java_WAR_Fmt | 1003 | Java WAR file format | WAR |
| Java_EAR_Fmt | 1004 | Java EAR file format | EAR |
| Atom_Syndication_Fmt | 1005 | Atom Syndication Format | ATOM |
| RSS_Fmt | 1006 | RSS syndication XML format | RSS |
| SMIL_Fmt | 1007 | Synchronized Multimedia Integration Language (SMIL) XML format | SMIL |
| XSLT_Fmt | 1008 | Extensible Stylesheet Language Transformations (XSLT) format | XSL, XSLT |
| XML_Shareable_Playlist_Fmt | 1009 | XML Shareable Playlist Format (XSPF) | XSPF |
| FictionBook_Fmt | 1010 | FictionBook e-book XML format | FB2 |
| Adobe_Premiere_Project_Fmt | 1011 | Adobe Premiere project format | PPJ |
| RDF_XML_Fmt | 1012 | RDF/XML format | RDF |
| Really_Simple_Discovery_Fmt | 1013 | Really Simple Discovery (RSD) XML format | RSD |
| SBML_Fmt | 1014 | Systems Biology Markul Language (SBML) XML format | SBML |

| Format Name | Number | Format Description | File Extension |
|-----------------------------|--------|---|----------------|
| SRU_Fmt | 1015 | Search/Retrieve via URL (SRU) XML format | SRU |
| SSML_Fmt | 1016 | Speech Synthesis Markup Language (SSML) XML format | SSML |
| PLS_Fmt | 1017 | Pronunciation Lexicon Specification (PLS) XML format | PLS |
| TEI_Fmt | 1018 | Text Encoding Initiative (TEI) XML format | TEI |
| METS_Fmt | 1019 | Metadata Encoding and Transmission Standard (METS) XML format | METS |
| MODS_Fmt | 1020 | Metadata Object Description Schema (MODS) XML format | MODS |
| Metalink_Fmt | 1021 | Metalink XML format | METALINK |
| Open_eBook_Fmt | 1022 | Open eBook (OEBPS) XML format | OPF |
| SRGS_Fmt | 1023 | Speech Recognition Grammar Specification (SRGS) XML format | SRGS |
| SPARQL_Results_Fmt | 1024 | SPARQL Query Results XML format | SRX |
| Adobe_XML_Data_Package_Fmt | 1025 | Adobe XML Data Package format | XDP |
| ESzigno_Fmt | 1026 | e-Szigno signed xml document | ES3 |
| Mozilla_XUL_Fmt | 1027 | Mozilla XML User Interface Language (XUL) XML format | XUL |
| SyncML_Fmt | 1028 | Synchronization Markup Language (SyncML) XML format | XML |
| VoiceXML_Fmt | 1029 | VoiceXML (VXML) XML format | VXML |
| TI_Target_Configuration_Fmt | 1030 | Texas Instruments CCXML target configuration XML format | CCXML |

| Format Name | Number | Format Description | File Extension |
|------------------------------|--------|--|----------------|
| LZFSE_Fmt | 1031 | Lempel-Ziv Finite State Entropy (LZFSE) compression format | LZFSE |
| Kindle_eBook_Fmt | 1032 | Amazon Kindle or Mobipocket eBook format | AZW, PRC |
| Oasis_Stream_Fmt | 1033 | Open Artwork System Interchange Standard (OASIS) format | OAS |
| Amazon_KFX_Fmt | 1034 | Amazon KFX eBook format | KFX |
| KTX_Fmt | 1035 | KTX image format | KTX |
| GMSH_Mesh_Fmt | 1036 | GMSH Mesh polygon format | MSH |
| Collada_DAE_Fmt | 1037 | Collada Digital Asset Exchange (DAE) format | DAE |
| YIN_Fmt | 1038 | YIN XML format | YIN |
| MPEG_Playlist_Fmt | 1039 | MPEG audio playlist format | M3U |
| Windows_Audio_Playlist_Fmt | 1040 | Windows Audio playlist format | WAX |
| DTS_Audio_Fmt | 1041 | DTS Coherent Acoustics audio format | DTS |
| Chemical_Markup_Language_Fmt | 1042 | Chemical Markup Language (CML) XML format | CML |
| CrystalMaker_Fmt | 1043 | CrystalMaker chemical format | CMDF |
| VTK_XML_Fmt | 1044 | Visualization Toolkit VTK XML format | VTU |
| IPFIX_Fmt | 1045 | IP Flow Information Export (IPFIX) format | IPFIX |
| Portable_Font_Resource_Fmt | 1046 | Portable Font Resource font format | PFR |
| MARC_Fmt | 1047 | Machine-Readable Cataloging (MARC21) format | MARC |
| MARC_XML_Fmt | 1048 | Machine-Readable Cataloging (MARC) XML format | XML |

| Format Name | Number | Format Description | File Extension |
|-------------------------------|--------|---|----------------|
| XAR_Fmt | 1049 | Extensible Archive (XAR) format | |
| Symbian_Installer_Fmt | 1050 | Symbian installer format | SIS |
| SO_Drawing_XML_Fmt | 1051 | OpenDocument format (OpenOffice 1/StarOffice 6.7) Drawing XML | SXD |
| SO_Text_Global_XML_Fmt | 1052 | OpenDocument format (OpenOffice 1/StarOffice 6.7) Writer Master document XML | SXG |
| ODF_Chart_Fmt | 1053 | ODF Chart | ODC |
| ODF_Database_Fmt | 1054 | ODF Database | ODB |
| ODF_Image_Fmt | 1055 | ODF Image | ODI |
| ODF_Text_Master_Fmt | 1056 | ODF Text Master | ODM |
| ODF_Text_Web_Fmt | 1057 | ODF Text Web | OTH |
| ODF_Chart_Template_Fmt | 1058 | ODF Chart Template | OTC |
| ODF_Formula_Template_Fmt | 1059 | ODF Formula Template | OTF |
| ODF_Drawing_Template_Fmt | 1060 | ODF Drawing/Graphics Template | OTG |
| ODF_Image_Template_Fmt | 1061 | ODF Image Template | OTI |
| ODF_Presentation_Template_Fmt | 1062 | ODF Presentation Template | OTP |
| ODF_Spreadsheet_Template_Fmt | 1063 | ODF Spreadsheet Template | OTS |
| ODF_Text_Template_Fmt | 1064 | ODF Text Template | OTT |
| ODF_Chart_XML_Fmt | 1065 | ODF Chart flat XML format | FODC |
| ODF_Drawing_XML_Fmt | 1066 | ODF Drawing/Graphics flat XML format | FODG |

| Format Name | Number | Format Description | File Extension |
|------------------------------|--------|--|----------------|
| ODF_Formula_XML_Fmt | 1067 | ODF Formula flat XML format | FODF |
| ODF_Image_XML_Fmt | 1068 | ODF Image flat XML format | FODI |
| ODF_Presentation_XML_Fmt | 1069 | ODF Presentation flat XML format | FODP |
| ODF_Spreadsheet_XML_Fmt | 1070 | ODF Spreadsheet flat XML format | FODS |
| ODF_Text_XML_Fmt | 1071 | ODF Text flat XML format | FODT |
| ODF_Extension_Fmt | 1072 | ODF Extension format | OXT |
| StarView_Metafile_Fmt | 1073 | OpenOffice StarView MetaFile format | SVM |
| BBeB_LRF_eBook_Fmt | 1074 | Broad Band eBook (BBeB) in LRF format | LRF |
| GPG_Trust_DB_Fmt | 1075 | GPG trust database format | GPG |
| VICE_Emulator_Fmt | 1076 | VICE (Versatile Commodore Emulator) format | VSF |
| Portable_Game_Notation_Fmt | 1077 | Portable Game Notation chess format | PGN |
| Doom_WAD_Fmt | 1078 | Doom IWAD/PWAD format | WAD |
| Device_Tree_Blob_Fmt | 1079 | Linux Device Tree Blob format | DTB |
| BDF_Font_Fmt | 1080 | Glyph Bitmap Distribution Format | BDF |
| PC_Screen_Font_Fmt | 1081 | PC Screen Font format | PSF |
| JNLP_Fmt | 1082 | Java Network Launching Protocol | JNLP |
| XAML_Browser_Application_Fmt | 1083 | XAML Browser Application (XBAP) format | XBAP |
| MS_Binder_Fmt | 1084 | Microsoft Office Binder format | OBP |
| XAP_Fmt | 1085 | Microsoft Silverlight application (XAP) format | XAP |

| Format Name | Number | Format Description | File Extension |
|--------------------------|--------|---|----------------|
| StuffIt_X_Fmt | 1086 | StuffIt X (SITX) archive format | SITX |
| FIG_Fmt | 1087 | Facility for Interactive Generation of figures (FIG) image format | FIG |
| XPIInstall_Fmt | 1088 | XPIInstall Cross-Platform Installer Module (XPI) format | XPI |
| XDF_Fmt | 1089 | Extensible Data Format (XDF) XML format | XDF |
| MXML_Fmt | 1090 | MXML UI markup language XML format | MXML |
| MusicXML_Fmt | 1091 | MusicXML format | MXL |
| Finale_Fmt | 1092 | Finale audio format | MUS |
| Spotfire_DXP_Fmt | 1093 | TIBCO Spotfire DXP data format | DXP |
| MS_Office_Theme_2007_Fmt | 1094 | Microsoft Office theme format | THMX |
| Adobe_AIR_Installer_Fmt | 1095 | Adobe AIR application installer package | AIR |
| Flex_Project_Fmt | 1096 | Adobe Flash Flex project file format | FXP |
| FoxPro_Fmt | 1097 | FoxPro compiled source format | FXP |
| VST_Preset_Fmt | 1098 | Virtual Studio Technology (VST) preset format | FXP |
| Mischief_Image_Fmt | 1099 | Mischief vector graphics image format | ART |
| FreeArc_Fmt | 1100 | FreeArc archive format | ARC |
| Autodesk_3ds_Fmt | 1101 | Autodesk 3ds format | 3DS |
| Monkeys_Audio_Fmt | 1102 | Monkey's Audio format | APE |
| CALS_Fmt | 1103 | CALS raster image format | CAL |

| Format Name | Number | Format Description | File Extension |
|-----------------|--------|--|----------------|
| Dr_Halo_PAL_Fmt | 1104 | Dr Halo raster image PAL file format | PAL |
| DPG_Fmt | 1105 | Nintendo DS DPG video format | DPG |
| JPEG_XR_Fmt | 1106 | JPEG XR (extended range) image format | JXR, HDP |
| TCR_eBook_Fmt | 1107 | TCR (Text Compression for Reader) eBook format | TCR |

¹MHT, EML, and MBX files might return either format 2, 233, or 395, depending on the text in the file. In general, files that contain fields such as **To**, **From**, **Date**, or **Subject** are considered to be email messages; files that contain fields such as **content-type** and **mime-version** are considered to be MHT files; and files that do not contain any of those fields are considered to be text files.

²All CAT file extensions, for example CATDrawing, CATProduct, CATPart, and so on.

³This format is returned only if you enable source code identification. See [Source Code Identification, on page 56](#).

⁴This format is returned only if you enable extended source code identification. See [Source Code Identification, on page 56](#).

Appendix C: Character Sets

This section provides information on the handling of character sets in the KeyView suite of products, which includes KeyView Filter SDK, KeyView Export SDK, and KeyView Viewing SDK.

- [Multibyte and Bidirectional Support](#) 176
- [Coded Character Sets](#) 184

Multibyte and Bidirectional Support

The KeyView SDKs can process files that contain multibyte characters. A multibyte character encoding represents a single character with consecutive bytes. KeyView can also process text from files that contain bidirectional text. Bidirectional text contains both Latin-based text which is read from left to right, and text that is read from right to left (Hebrew and Arabic).

The following table indicates which character encodings are supported by KeyView for each format.

Multibyte and bidirectional support

| Format | Single-byte | Multibyte | Bidirectional |
|--|-------------|-----------|---------------|
| Archive | | | |
| 7-Zip (7Z) | n/a | n/a | n/a |
| AD1 Evidence file | n/a | n/a | n/a |
| ADJ | n/a | n/a | n/a |
| B1 | n/a | n/a | n/a |
| BinHex (Hqx) | n/a | n/a | n/a |
| Bzip2 (BZ2) | n/a | n/a | n/a |
| EnCase – Expert Witness Compression Format (E01) | n/a | n/a | n/a |
| GZIP (GZ) | n/a | n/a | n/a |
| ISO (ISO) | n/a | n/a | n/a |
| Java Archive (JAR) | n/a | n/a | n/a |
| Legato EMailXtender Archive (EMX) | n/a | n/a | n/a |
| MacBinary (BIN) | n/a | n/a | n/a |
| Mac Disk Copy Disk Image (DMG) | n/a | n/a | n/a |
| Microsoft Backup File (BKF) | n/a | n/a | n/a |

Multibyte and bidirectional support, continued

| Format | Single-byte | Multibyte | Bidirectional |
|--|-------------|-----------|---------------|
| Microsoft Cabinet format (CAB) | n/a | n/a | n/a |
| Microsoft Compiled HTML Help (CHM) | n/a | n/a | n/a |
| Microsoft Compressed Folder (LZH) | n/a | n/a | n/a |
| PKZip (ZIP) | n/a | n/a | n/a |
| Microsoft Outlook DBX (DBX) | Y | Y | Y |
| Microsoft Outlook Offline Storage File (OST) | Y | Y | Y |
| RAR Archive (RAR) | n/a | n/a | n/a |
| Tape Archive (TAR) | n/a | n/a | n/a |
| UNIX Compress (Z) | n/a | n/a | n/a |
| UUEncoding (UUE) | n/a | n/a | n/a |
| Windows Scrap File (SHS) | n/a | n/a | n/a |
| WinZip (ZIP) | n/a | n/a | n/a |
| Binary | | | |
| Executable (EXE) | n/a | n/a | n/a |
| Link Library (DLL) | n/a | n/a | n/a |
| Computer-aided Design | | | |
| AutoCAD Drawing (DWG) | Y | Y | Y |
| AutoCAD Drawing Exchange (DXF) | Y | Y | Y |
| CATIA formats (CAT) | Y | N | N |
| Microsoft Visio (VSD) | Y | Y | Y |
| Database | | | |
| dBase Database | Y | N | N |
| Microsoft Access (MDB) | Y | Y | N |
| Microsoft Project (MPP) | Y | Y | N |
| Desktop Publishing | | | |
| Microsoft Publisher | N | Y | N |

Multibyte and bidirectional support, continued

| Format | Single-byte | Multibyte | Bidirectional |
|--|-------------|----------------|---------------|
| Display | | | |
| Adobe Portable Document Format (PDF) | Y | Y ¹ | Y |
| Graphics | | | |
| Computer Graphics Metafile (CGM) | Y | N | N |
| Corel DRAW (CDR) | n/a | n/a | n/a |
| DCX Fax System (DCX) | Y | N | N |
| DICOM – Digital Imaging and Communications in Medicine (DCM) | n/a | n/a | n/a |
| Encapsulated PostScript (EPS) | Y | N | N |
| Enhanced Metafile (EMF) | Y | Y | N |
| Graphic Interchange Format (GIF) | n/a | n/a | n/a |
| JBIG2 | n/a | n/a | n/a |
| JPEG | n/a | n/a | n/a |
| JPEG 2000 | n/a | n/a | n/a |
| Lotus AMIDraw Graphics (SDW) | n/a | n/a | n/a |
| Lotus Pic (PIC) | n/a | n/a | n/a |
| Macintosh Raster (PICT/PCT) | n/a | n/a | n/a |
| MacPaint (PNTG) | n/a | n/a | n/a |
| Microsoft Office Drawing (MSO) | n/a | n/a | n/a |
| Omni Graffle (GRAFFLE) | Y | N | N |
| PC PaintBrush (PCX) | n/a | n/a | n/a |

¹Multibyte PDFs are supported, provided the PDF document is created by using either Character ID-keyed (CID) fonts, predefined CJK CMap files, or ToUnicode font encodings, and does not contain embedded fonts. See the Adobe website and the Adobe Acrobat documentation for more information. Any multibyte characters that are not supported are displayed using the replacement character. By default, the replacement character is a question mark (?).

To determine the type of font encodings that are used in a PDF, open the PDF in Adobe Acrobat, and select File > Document Info > Fonts. If the Encoding column lists Custom or Embedded encodings, you might encounter problems converting the PDF.

Multibyte and bidirectional support, continued

| Format | Single-byte | Multibyte | Bidirectional |
|---|--------------------|------------------|----------------------|
| Portable Network Graphics (PNG) | n/a | n/a | n/a |
| SGI RGB Image (RGB) | n/a | n/a | n/a |
| Sun Raster Image (RS) | n/a | n/a | n/a |
| Tagged Image File (TIFF) | Y | N | N |
| Truevision Targa (TGA) | n/a | n/a | n/a |
| Windows Animated Cursor (ANI) | n/a | n/a | n/a |
| Windows Bitmap (BMP) | n/a | n/a | n/a |
| Windows Icon Cursor (ICO) | n/a | n/a | n/a |
| Windows Metafile (WMF) | Y | Y | N |
| WordPerfect Graphics 1 (WPG) | Y | N | N |
| WordPerfect Graphics 2 (WPG) | Y | N | N |
| Mail | | | |
| Documentum EMCMP Format | Y | Y | Y |
| Domino XML Language (DXL) | Y | Y | N |
| GroupWise FileSurf | Y | N | N |
| Legato Extender (ONM) | Y | Y | N |
| Lotus Notes database (NSF) | Y | Y | Y |
| Mailbox (MBX) | Y | Y | Y |
| Microsoft Entourage Database | Y | Y | Y |
| Microsoft Outlook (MSG) | Y | Y | Y |
| Microsoft Outlook Express (EML) | Y | Y | Y |
| Microsoft Outlook iCalendar | Y | Y | Y |
| Microsoft Outlook for Macintosh | Y | Y | Y |
| Microsoft Outlook Offline Storage File | Y | Y | Y |
| Microsoft Outlook Personal File Folders (PST) | Y | Y | Y |
| Microsoft Outlook vCard Contact | | | |
| Text Mail (MIME) | Y | Y | Y |

Multibyte and bidirectional support, continued

| Format | Single-byte | Multibyte | Bidirectional |
|---|-------------------------|--|----------------------|
| Transport Neutral Encapsulation Format | Y | Y | Y |
| Multimedia | | | |
| Advanced Systems Format (ASF) | n/a | n/a | n/a |
| Audio Interchange File Format (AIFF) | n/a | n/a | n/a |
| Microsoft Wave Sound (WAV) | n/a | n/a | n/a |
| MIDI (MID) | n/a | n/a | n/a |
| MPEG 1 Audio Layer 3 (MP3) | n/a | n/a | n/a |
| MPEG 1 Video (MPG) | n/a | n/a | n/a |
| MPEG 2 Audio (MPEGA) | n/a | n/a | n/a |
| MPEG 4 Audio (MP4) | n/a | n/a | n/a |
| NeXT/Sun Audio (AU) | n/a | n/a | n/a |
| QuickTime Movie (QT/MOV) | n/a | n/a | n/a |
| Windows Video (AVI) | n/a | n/a | n/a |
| Presentations | | | |
| Apple iWork Keynote (GZ) | Y | Y | N |
| Applix Presents (AG) | character set 1252 only | N | N |
| Corel Presentations (SHW) | character set 1252 only | N | N |
| Extensible Forms Description Language (XFD) | Y | Y | N |
| Lotus Freelance Graphics 2 (PRE) | character set 850 only | N | N |
| Lotus Freelance Graphics (PRZ) | Y | Japanese, Simple Chinese, Traditional Chinese, Thai only | N |
| Macromedia Flash (SWF) | Y | Y | N |
| Microsoft OneNote | Y | Y | N |
| Microsoft PowerPoint PC (PPT) | character set 1252 only | Traditional Chinese only | N |

Multibyte and bidirectional support, continued

| Format | Single-byte | Multibyte | Bidirectional |
|---|-------------------------|--|----------------------|
| Microsoft PowerPoint Windows (PPT) | Y | Japanese, Simple Chinese, Traditional Chinese, Korean only | Hebrew only |
| Microsoft PowerPoint Macintosh (PPT) | Y | N | N |
| Microsoft PowerPoint Windows XML 2007 and 2010 (PPTX) | Y | Y | Y |
| OASIS Open Document (ODP) | Y | Y | N |
| OpenOffice Impress (ODP) | Y | Y | N |
| StarOffice Impress (ODP) | Y | Y | N |
| Spreadsheets | | | |
| Apple iWork Numbers (GZ) | Y | Y | N |
| Applix Spreadsheets (AS) | character set 1252 only | N | N |
| Comma Separated Values (CSV) | character set 1252 only | N | N |
| Corel Quattro Pro (QPW/WB3) | Y | N | N |
| Data Interchange Format (DIF) | Y | Y | Y ¹ |
| Lotus 1-2-3 (123) | Y | Y | Y |
| Lotus 1-2-3 (WK4) | Y | Y | N |
| Lotus 123 Charts (123) | Y | Y | N |
| Microsoft Excel Charts (XLS) | Y | Y | N |
| Microsoft Excel Macintosh (XLS) | Y | N | N |
| Microsoft Excel Windows (XLS) | Y | Y | Y ² |
| Microsoft Excel Windows XML 2007 (XLSX) | Y | Y | N |
| Microsoft Office Excel Binary Format (XLSB) | Y | Y | N |
| Microsoft Works Spreadsheet (S30/S40) | Y | N | N |
| OASIS Open Document (ODS) | Y | Y | N |

Multibyte and bidirectional support, continued

| Format | Single-byte | Multibyte | Bidirectional |
|--------------------------------------|------------------------------|------------------|----------------------|
| OpenOffice Calc (ODS) | Y | Y | N |
| StarOffice Calc (ODS) | Y | Y | N |
| Text and Markup | | | |
| ANSI (TXT) | Y | Y | Y ² |
| ASCII (TXT) | Y | Y | Y ² |
| HTML (HTM) | Y | Y | Y ^{2, 2} |
| Microsoft Excel Windows XML 2003 | Y | Y | Y |
| Microsoft Word for Windows XML 2003 | Y | Y | Y |
| Microsoft Visio XML 2003 | Y | Y | Y |
| Rich Text Format (RTF) | Y | Y | Y ³ |
| Unicode HTML | Y | Y | Y ^{2,3} |
| Unicode Text (TXT) | Y | Y | Y ² |
| XHTML | Y | Y | Y ³ |
| XML | Y | Y | Y |
| Word Processing | | | |
| Adobe Maker Interchange Format (MIF) | character set 1252 only | N | N |
| Apple iChat Log (ICHAT) | Y | Y | N |
| Apple iWork Pages (GZ) | Y | Y | N |
| Applix Words (AW) | character set 1252 only | N | N |
| DisplayWrite (IP) | character set 500, 1026 only | N | N |
| Folio Flat File (FFF) | character set 1252 only | N | N |
| Founder Chinese E-paper Basic (CEB) | Y | Y | N |
| Fujitsu Oasys (OA2) | Y | Y | N |

Multibyte and bidirectional support, continued

| Format | Single-byte | Multibyte | Bidirectional |
|--|----------------------------------|---|--------------------------|
| Hangul (HWP) | Y | Y | N |
| Health level7 (HL7) | Y | Y | Y |
| IBM DCA/RTF (DC) | character sets 500, 1026 only | N | N |
| JustSystems Ichitaro (JTD) | Y | Y | N |
| Lotus AMI Pro (SAM) | Y | Simple Chinese, Traditional Chinese, Japanese, Thai only | Y |
| Lotus AMI Professional Write Plus (AMI) | Y | Simple Chinese, Traditional Chinese, Japanese, Thai only | N |
| Lotus Word Pro (LWP) | Y | Y | Y ³ |
| Lotus SmartMaster (MWP) | Y | Y | N |
| Microsoft Word PC (DOC) | character set 1252 only | N | N |
| Microsoft Word Windows V1-2 (DOC) | Y | N | N |
| Microsoft Word Windows V6, 7, 8, 95 (DOC) | Y | Y | Hebrew only ³ |
| Microsoft Word Windows V97 through 2003 (DOC) | Y | Y | Y ³ |
| Microsoft Word Windows XML 2007 and 2010 (DOCX) | Y | Y | Y ³ |
| Microsoft Word Macintosh (DOC) | Y | N | Y ³ |
| Microsoft Works (WPS) | Y | Japanese only | N |
| Microsoft Write (WRI) | Y | Japanese only | N |
| OASIS Open Document (ODT) | Y | Y | N |
| Omni Outliner (OO3) | Y | Y | N |
| OpenOffice Writer (ODT) | Y | Y | N |
| Open Publication Structure eBook (EPUB) | Y | Y | Y |
| StarOffice Writer (ODT) | Y | Y | N |
| Skype Log (DBB) | Y | Y (null-terminated charsets) | N |

Multibyte and bidirectional support, continued

| Format | Single-byte | Multibyte | Bidirectional |
|--------------------------------|-------------------------|------------------------------|---------------|
| WordPad (RTF) | Y | Y | Y |
| WordPerfect Linux (WPS) | Y | N | N |
| WordPerfect Macintosh (WPS) | Y | N | N |
| WordPerfect Windows (WO) | Y | N | N |
| XML Paper Specification (XPS) | Y | Y | N |
| XYWrite Windows (XY4) | character set 1252 only | N | N |
| Yahoo! Instant Messenger (DAT) | Y | Y (null-terminated charsets) | N |

¹The text direction in the output file might not be correct.

²In Export SDK, a bidirectional right-to-left (RTL) tag is extracted from this format and included in the direction element (`<dir=RTL>`) of the output.

Coded Character Sets

This section lists which character set you can use to specify the target character set. The coded character sets are enumerated in `kvtypes.h` and defined in the Filter class.

Code Character Sets

| Coded Character Set | Description | Can be set as target charset? |
|---------------------|---|-------------------------------|
| KVCS_UNKNOWN | Unknown character set | N |
| KVCS_SJIS | Japanese (uses multibyte encoding), cp932 | Y |
| KVCS_GB | Simplified Chinese (China, Singapore, Malaysia) cp936 | Y |
| KVCS_BIG5 | Traditional Chinese (Taiwan, Hong Kong, Macaw) cp950 | Y |
| KVCS_KSC | Korean, cp949 | Y |
| KVCS_1250 | Windows Latin 2 (Central Europe) | Y |
| KVCS_1251 | Windows Cyrillic (Slavic) | Y |

Code Character Sets, continued

| Coded Character Set | Description | Can be set as target charset? |
|----------------------------|--|--------------------------------------|
| KVCS_1252 | Windows Latin 1 (ANSI) | Y |
| KVCS_1253 | Windows Greek | Y |
| KVCS_1254 | Windows Latin 5 (Turkish) | Y |
| KVCS_1255 | Windows Hebrew | Y |
| KVCS_1256 | Windows Arabic | Y |
| KVCS_1257 | Windows Baltic Rim | Y |
| KVCS_1258 | Windows Vietnamese | Y |
| KVCS_8859_1 | ISO 8859-1 Latin 1 (Western Europe, Latin America) | Y |
| KVCS_8859_2 | ISO 8859-2 Latin 2 (Central Eastern Europe) | Y |
| KVCS_8859_3 | ISO 8859-3 Latin 3 (S.E. Europe) | Y |
| KVCS_8859_4 | ISO 8859-4 Latin 4 (Scandinavia/Baltic) | Y |
| KVCS_8859_5 | ISO 8859-5 Latin/Cyrillic | Y |
| KVCS_8859_6 | ISO 8859-6 Latin/Arabic | Y |
| KVCS_8859_7 | ISO 8859-7 Latin/Greek | Y |
| KVCS_8859_8 | ISO 8859-8 Latin/Hebrew | Y |
| KVCS_8859_9 | ISO 8859-9 Latin/Turkish | Y |
| KVCS_8859_14 | ISO 8859-14 | Y |
| KVCS_8859_15 | ISO 8859-15 | Y |
| KVCS_437 | DOS Latin US | Y |
| KVCS_737 | DOS Greek | Y |
| KVCS_775 | DOS Baltic Rim | Y |
| KVCS_850 | DOS Latin 1 | Y |
| KVCS_851 | DOS Greek | Y |
| KVCS_852 | DOS Latin 2 | Y |
| KVCS_855 | DOS Cyrillic | Y |

Code Character Sets, continued

| Coded Character Set | Description | Can be set as target charset? |
|----------------------------|---|--------------------------------------|
| KVCS_857 | DOS Turkish | Y |
| KVCS_860 | DOS Portuguese | Y |
| KVCS_861 | DOS Icelandic | Y |
| KVCS_862 | DOS Hebrew | Y |
| KVCS_863 | DOS Canadian French | Y |
| KVCS_864 | DOS Arabic | Y |
| KVCS_865 | DOS Nordic | Y |
| KVCS_866 | DOS Cyrillic Russian | Y |
| KVCS_869 | DOS Greek 2 | Y |
| KVCS_874 | Thai | Y |
| KVCS_PDFMACDOC | PDF MAC DOC | N |
| KVCS_PDFWINDOC | PDF WIN DOC | N |
| KVCS_STDENC | Adobe Standard Encoding | N |
| KVCS_PDFDOC | Adobe standard PDF character set | N |
| KVCS_037 | EBCDIC code page 037 | Y |
| KVCS_1026 | EBCDIC code page 1026 | Y |
| KVCS_500 | EBCDIC code page 500 | Y |
| KVCS_875 | EBCDIC code page 875 | Y |
| KVCS_LMBCS | Lotus multibyte character set Group 1 and Group 2 | N |
| KVCS_UNICODE | Unicode, UCS-2 | Y |
| KVCS_UTF16 | 16-bit Unicode transformation format | Y |
| KVCS_UTF8 | 8-bit Unicode transformation format | Y |
| KVCS_UTF7 | 7-bit Unicode transformation format | Y |
| KVCS_2022_JP | ISO 2022-JP, Japanese mail and news safe encoding (JIS-7) | N |

Code Character Sets, continued

| Coded Character Set | Description | Can be set as target charset? |
|----------------------------|---|--------------------------------------|
| KVCS_2022_CN | ISO 2022-CN, Chinese mail and news safe encoding | N |
| KVCS_2022_KR | ISO 2022-KR, Korean mail and news safe encoding | N |
| KVCS_WP6X | Word Perfect 6.x and higher character mapping | N |
| KVCS_10000 | Western European (Macintosh) | Y |
| KVCS_KSC5601 | Unified Hangul | Y |
| KVCS_GB2312 | Simplified Chinese (China, Singapore, Hong Kong) | Y |
| KVCS_GB12345 | Traditional Chinese (China) - analogue of GB2312 | Y |
| KVCS_CNS11643 | Traditional Chinese - Taiwan. Supplement to Big5 | Y |
| KVCS_JIS0201 | Japanese - contains ASCII character set (JIS-Roman) | N |
| KVCS_JIS0212 | Japanese. Supplement to JIS0208. | Y |
| KVCS_EUC_JP | Japanese Extended UNIX Code | Y |
| KVCS_EUC_GB | Simplified Chinese Extended UNIX Code | Y |
| KVCS_EUC_BIG5 | Traditional Chinese Extended UNIX Code | N |
| KVCS_EUC_KSC | Korean Extended UNIX Code | N |
| KVCS_424 | EBCDIC Hebrew | N |
| KVCS_856 | PC Hebrew (old) | N |
| KVCS_1006 | IBM AIX Pakistan (Urdu) | N |
| KVCS_KOI8R | Cyrillic (Russian) | Y |
| KVCS_PDF_JAPAN1 | Adobe-Japan1-2 character collection | N |
| KVCS_PDF_KOREA1 | Adobe-Korea1-0 character collection | N |
| KVCS_PDF_GB1 | Adobe-GB1-3 character collection | N |
| KVCS_PDF_ | Adobe-CNS1-2 character collection | N |

Code Character Sets, continued

| Coded Character Set | Description | Can be set as target charset? |
|----------------------------|--|--------------------------------------|
| CNS1 | | |
| KVCS_2022_JP_8 | ISO 2022-JP, Japanese mail and news safe encoding (JIS8) | N |
| KVCS_720 | Arabic DOS-720 | Y |
| KVCS_VISCII | Vietnamese VISCII | Y |
| KVCS_8859_10 | ISO 8859-10 (Latin 6 Nordic) | Y ¹ |
| KVCS_8859_13 | ISO 8859-13 (Latin 7 Baltic) | Y 1 |
| KVCS_57002 | ISCII Devanagari (x-iscii-de) | Y 1 |
| KVCS_57003 | ISCII Bengali (x-iscii-be) | Y 1 |
| KVCS_57004 | ISCII Tamil (x-iscii-ta) | Y1 |
| KVCS_57005 | ISCII Telugu (x-iscii-te) | Y1 |
| KVCS_57006 | ISCII Assamese (x-iscii-as) | Y1 |
| KVCS_57007 | ISCII Oriya (x-iscii-or) | Y1 |
| KVCS_57008 | ISCII Kannada (x-iscii-ka) | Y1 |
| KVCS_57009 | ISCII Malayalam (x-iscii-ma) | Y1 |
| KVCS_57010 | ISCII Gujarathi (x-iscii-gu) | Y1 |
| KVCS_57011 | ISCII Panjabi (x-iscii-pa) | Y 1 |
| KVCS_GB18030b2 | Reserved for internal use | n/a |
| KVCS_GB18030 | GB18030 (Chinese 4-byte character set) | Y |
| KVCS_8859_11 | ISO 8859-11 (Thai) | Y |
| KVCS_8859_16 | ISO 8859-16 (Latin-10 South-Eastern Europe) | Y |
| KVCS_ARABICMAC | Arabic Mac (x-mac-arabic) | Y |
| KVCS_KOI8U | Cyrillic (KOI8U Ukrainian) | Y |
| KVCS_HZGB2312 | The 7-bit representation of GB 2312 / RFC 1842 | n/a |

¹The character set cannot be forced as output in Export SDK and Viewing SDK because the character

set is not supported by the major browsers.

Appendix D: Extract and Format Lotus Notes Subfiles

This section describes how to create XML templates to alter the appearance of extracted Lotus mail note subfiles so that they maintain the look and feel of the original notes.

- [Overview](#) 190
- [Customize XML Templates](#) 190
- [Template Elements and Attributes](#) 192
- [Date and Time Formats](#) 197

Overview

KeyView uses the NSF reader, `nsfsr`, to extract Lotus database files, and places Lotus mail notes in subfiles. The NSF reader uses a set of default XML templates to extract the notes and apply formatting, thereby approximating the look and feel of the original notes.

In some cases, you might need to customize the XML templates, for instance if your notes contain custom data. In such cases, you can modify the existing XML templates or create your own.

During extraction, the NSF reader loads all XML files in the `NSFtemplates` directory and its subdirectories (except for the `NSFtemplates\images` directory, which is reserved for images). During initialization, the KeyView XML parser verifies the XML templates. If the templates contain any invalid XML, elements, or attributes, initialization fails and errors are recorded in the `nsfsr.log` file.

Customize XML Templates

XML templates are enabled by default. In most cases, the default templates should be sufficient; however, you can customize them or create your own as required.

To customize XML templates for Lotus note extraction

1. Modify the template files in the following directory.

`install\OS\bin\NSFtemplates`

The `main.xml` file must exist in the `NSFtemplates` directory. It is the top-level template file that extracts all subfiles, usually by calling other templates.

2. Make sure that any modifications or additional XML files conform to the supported elements and attributes described in [Template Elements and Attributes, on page 192](#).
3. Extract the Lotus database file.

Use Demo Templates

For testing purposes, you can extract notes by using a set of demo templates, which are provided to demonstrate the proper usage of all the XML elements and attributes, because the default templates do not use all the XML elements.

The demo templates are available at:

install\OS\bin\NSFtemplates

To use the demo XML templates

1. In the `formats.ini` file, set the following parameter.

```
[nsfsr]
UseDemoTemplate=1
```

2. In the `main.xml` file, uncomment the following section.

```
<ifini name="UseDemoTemplate" text="1">
  <call file="demo.xml"/>
  <quit/>
</ifini>
```

Use Old Templates

For testing purposes, you can extract notes by using legacy templates, which produce MHTML output. You can generate similar output by disabling the XML templates, but using the old templates enables you to see the XML code and compare it to the standard and demo templates.

To use the old XML templates

1. In the `formats.ini` file, set the following parameter.

```
[nsfsr]
UseOldTemplate=1
```

2. In the `main.xml` file, uncomment the following section.

```
<ifini name="UseOldTemplate" text="1">
  <call file="default_old.xml">
  <quit>
</ifini>
```

Disable XML Templates

For testing purposes, you can disable XML templates; KeyView extracts the notes in MHTML format. You can compare the MHTML output directly by the NSF reader with the MHTML output indirectly by the NSF reader through the XML templates.

To disable XML templates

- 1. In the `formats.ini` file, set the following parameter.

```
[nsfsr]  
ExtractByTemplate=0
```

Template Elements and Attributes

This section lists the valid XML elements and attributes that you can use when creating or modifying templates. See the demo templates for examples.

Conditional Elements

The following table lists the valid conditional elements.

Conditional elements

| Element | Description |
|--|---|
| <keyview> | The KeyView XML template container ("root") element |
| <if*> | <p>If the condition from the comparison is true, process the XML. Conditions can be nested up to 25 levels deep.</p> <p>Attributes</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• <code>name</code>. (Required) The name of the main item to compare to <code>item</code> or <code>text</code>.• <code>item</code>. (Required if no <code>text</code>) The name of the item to compare to the item specified by <code>name</code>.• <code>text</code>. (Required if no <code>item</code>) The text to compare to the item specified by <code>name</code>. |
| <ifex>, <ifnx> | <p>If <code>name</code> item exists and has a <code>text</code> value or not.</p> <p>The Notes item might have a value that cannot be converted to text, such as an image.</p> |
| <ifeq>, <ifne>, <iflt>, <ifle>, <ifgt>, <ifge> | <p>Respectively, if <code>text</code> ==, !=, <, >, <=, >, >=.</p> <p>Text comparison uses a case-insensitive string compare.</p> |
| <iftdeq>, <iftdne>, <iftdlt>, <iftdle>, <iftdgt>, <iftdge> | <p>Respectively, if time/date ==, !=, <, >, <=, >, >=.</p> <p>Time/date comparison converts dates to text in local time using the Notes default, <code>TZFMT_NEVER</code>, because Notes also sometimes converts fields to text internally. For example:</p> <p><code>text="06/30/2005 02:52:04 PM"</code></p> |

Conditional elements, continued

| Element | Description |
|--------------------|--|
| <iftzeq>, <iftzne> | Respectively, if the time zone equals or does not equal the comparison text, for example CDT, EST, and so on. |
| <ifini> | If the value of the INI option specified in name equals the text value. |
| <else> | If the condition from the last <if> or <switch> was false, process XML. |
| <switch> | <p>If a name value exists, process XML.</p> <p>Attributes</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> name. (Required) The name of the main item to compare in <case> subelements. |
| <case> | <p>If the comparison condition is true, process XML, then stop processing the rest of <switch>.</p> <p>Attributes</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> text. (Required) The text to compare to the name item of <switch>. |
| <default> | If all <case> conditions were false, process XML. This element must be the last element in <switch>, after all the <case> elements. Any <case> elements after the <default> element are ignored. |
| <for> | <p>If a name value exists, process XML. Process for each part of the name item.</p> <p>Attributes</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> name. (Required) The name of the main item. max. (Optional) The maximum index to process. By default, all are processed. |
| <index> | Output <for> loop index (1-based). <index> is only valid within a <for> element. |

Control Elements

The following table lists the valid control elements.

Control Elements

| Element | Description |
|---------|---|
| <call> | <p>Call another XML template. You can nest templates up to 10 levels deep.</p> <p>Attributes</p> |

Control Elements, continued

| Element | Description |
|---------|--|
| | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> file. (Required) The template file name. This name must be unique. |
| <log> | <p>Log message to the NSF log file.</p> <p>Attributes</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> text. (Required) The text to log. type. (Optional) The type of log message. The following values are valid: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ERROR WARN INFO DIAG (the default option) DEBUG DUMP |
| <quit> | <p>Stop processing the template. Exits without error.</p> <p>Attributes</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> text. (Optional) The text to log. type. (Optional) The type of log message. See <log>, above. |
| <stop> | <p>Stop processing the template. Exits with an ERROR log message.</p> <p>Attributes</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> text. (Required) The text to log. |

Data Elements

The following table lists the valid data elements.

Data elements

| Element | Description |
|---------|---|
| <text> | <p>Output text.</p> <p>Attributes</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> name. (Required if there is no parent) The name of the item to output. |
| <rich> | <p>Output rich text (MHTML). Images are output in the next part or parts of the MHTML, after the first <HTML> part.</p> |

Data elements, continued

| Element | Description |
|----------|--|
| | Attributes <ul style="list-style-type: none"> name. (Required if there is no parent) The name of the item to output. |
| <body> | Output the message body in rich text (MHTML). As with <rich> , on the previous page, images are output in the next part or parts of the MHTML. |
| <form> | Output the message form (usually \$Body field) in rich text (MHTML). Attributes <ul style="list-style-type: none"> name. (Required if there is no parent) The name of the item to output. |
| <addr> | Output an address. Attributes <ul style="list-style-type: none"> name. (Required if there is no parent) The name of the item to output. type. (Optional) The type of address to output. Set this attribute to CN (Common Name), which is the only supported type. |
| <name> | Output the name of the last name item, or in other words the current main item. The item must exist. |
| <format> | Set the default format for <date> and <date_kv>. This element does not set the <text> format. See Date and Time Formats, on page 197 for a list of all Notes and KeyView date and time formats and integer values. Attributes <ul style="list-style-type: none"> format. (Optional. Omit to reset to defaults) The Notes and KeyView date and time format. You can set the following formats: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> TD=int. The Time Date format (TDFMT_*) TS=int. The Time Show format (TSFMT_*) TT=int. The Time Time format (TTFMT_*) TZ=int. The Time Zone format (TZFMT_*) KV=int. The KeyView date and time format where int is an integer value that corresponds to the desired format. Separate multiple formats with commas. For example: format="TD=0,TS=2,TT=1,TZ=1,KV=55" |
| <date> | Output a Notes date. Attributes <ul style="list-style-type: none"> name. (Required if there is no parent) The name of the item to output. |

Data elements, continued

| Element | Description |
|-------------|---|
| | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> format. (Optional) See <format>, on the previous page. You can set the following values: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> TD TS TT TZ |
| <date_kv> | <p>Output a KeyView date.</p> <p>Attributes</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> name. (Required if there is no parent) The name of the item to output. format. (Optional) See <format>, on the previous page. You can set the following values: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> TZ KV |
| <time> | <p>Output a time range, for example 1 hour, 30 minutes.</p> <p>Attributes</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> name. (Required if there is no parent) The item name of the start date or time. item. (Required) The item name of the end date or time. |
| <zone> | <p>Output a Notes time zone mnemonic, for example MST.</p> <p>Attributes</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> name. (Required if there is no parent) The name of date item to output. |
| <zone_utc> | <p>Output a time zone as UTC, for example (UTC-06:00).</p> |
| <logo> | <p>Output the mail header logo.</p> <p>The image link is included in the output; the actual image is output to a different part of the MHTML subfile.</p> |
| <image> | <p>Output an image.</p> <p>The image link is included in the output; the actual image is output to the MHTML next part, as with <rich>, on page 194 and <body>, on the previous page.</p> |
| <image_uri> | <p>Output an image URI, in quotation marks. The actual image is output to a different part of the MHTML subfile.</p> <p>Attributes</p> |

Data elements, continued

| Element | Description |
|---------|--|
| | <ul style="list-style-type: none">• <code>link</code>. (Required if there is no <code>file</code>) The image link, such as a form or title name. For example:<ul style="list-style-type: none">• <code>link="StdNotesLtr0"</code>• <code>file</code>. (Required if there is no <code>link</code>) The name of the image file. The file must exist in the <code>.././templates/images</code> directory. For example:<ul style="list-style-type: none">• <code>file="boxcheck.gif"</code> |

Date and Time Formats

This section lists the supported Notes and KeyView date and time formats for use with `<format>`, `<date>`, and `<date_kv>`.

Lotus Notes Date and Time Formats

This section lists supported Lotus Notes date and time formats, and the integer values that specify each one.

Lotus Notes date and time formats

| Format | Integer Value | Description |
|-----------------|---------------|---|
| TDFMT_FULL | 0 | (The Notes default) Year, month, and day |
| TDFMT_CPARTIAL | 1 | Month and day, year if not this year |
| TDFMT_PARTIAL | 2 | Month and day |
| TDFMT_DPARTIAL | 3 | Year and month |
| TDFMT_FULL4 | 4 | Four-digit year, month, and day |
| TDFMT_CPARTIAL4 | 5 | Month and day, four-digit year if not this year |
| TDFMT_DPARTIAL4 | 6 | Four-digit year and month |
| TTFMT_FULL | 0 | (Notes default) Hour, minute, and second |
| TTFMT_PARTIAL | 1 | Hour and minute |
| TTFMT_HOUR | 2 | Hour |

Lotus Notes date and time formats, continued

| Format | Integer Value | Description |
|-----------------|---------------|---|
| TZFMT_NEVER | 0 | (Notes default) All time zones are converted to the current time zone |
| TZFMT_SOMETIMES | 1 | Show only when outside the current time zone |
| TZFMT_ALWAYS | 2 | Show for all time zones |
| TSFMT_DATE | 0 | Date |
| TSFMT_TIME | 1 | Time |
| TSFMT_DATETIME | 2 | (The Notes default) Date and time |
| TSFMT_CDATETIME | 4 | Date and time, or time today or time yesterday |

KeyView Date and Time Formats

This section lists KeyView date and time formats. The KeyView formats use the following syntax:

- Month

Month = full month name
Mon = abbreviated month name
m = month (number)
mm = two-digit month (leading 0)
- Weekday

Weekday = full weekday name
Wday = abbreviated weekday name
- Year

yy = two-digit year
yyyy = four-digit year
- >Day

d = day (number)
dd = two-digit day (leading 0)
- Time

h = 12-hour
H = 24-hour
m = minutes
s = seconds
P = AM/PM
p = am/pm

Separators _ = space
 c = comma
 s = slash
 a = dash
 o = dot

KeyView date and time formats

| Format | Output | Integer Value |
|--|------------|---------------|
| 12-Hour and 24-Hour Time Formats | | |
| KVDTF_P | P | 1 |
| KVDTF_P_hmm | P h:mm | 2 |
| KVDTF_hmm_P | h:mm P | 3 |
| KVDTF_P_hhmm | P hh:mm | 4 |
| KVDTF_hhmm_P | hh:mm P | 5 |
| KVDTF_P_hmmss | P h:mm:ss | 6 |
| KVDTF_hmmss_P | h:mm:ss P | 7 |
| KVDTF_P_hhmmss | P hh:mm:ss | 8 |
| KVDTF_hhmmss_P | hh:mm:ss P | 9 |
| KVDTF_Hmm | H:mm | 10 |
| KVDTF_HHmm | HH:mm | 11 |
| KVDTF_mmss | mm:ss | 12 |
| KVDTF_Hmmss | H:mm:ss | 13 |
| KVDTF_HHmmss | HH:mm:ss | 14 |
| Numerical Date Formats with Slashes | | |
| KVDTF_mmsdd | mm/dd | 15 |
| KVDTF_msdsyy | m/d/yy | 16 |
| KVDTF_mmsddsyy | mm/dd/yy | 17 |
| KVDTF_mmsddsyyyy | mm/dd/yyyy | 18 |
| KVDTF_ddsmm | dd/mm | 19 |

KeyView date and time formats, continued

| Format | Output | Integer Value |
|-------------------------|---------------------|---------------|
| KVDTF_ddsmsyy | dd/mm/yy | 20 |
| KVDTF_ddsmsyy_Hmm | dd/mm/yy H:mm | 21 |
| KVDTF_ddsmm_P_hmm | dd/mm P h:mm | 22 |
| KVDTF_ddsmm_hmm_P | dd/mm h:mm P | 23 |
| KVDTF_ddsmm_P_hhmm | dd/mm P hh:mm | 24 |
| KVDTF_ddsmm_hhmm_P | dd/mm hh:mm P | 25 |
| KVDTF_ddsmsyy_P_hmm | dd/mm/yy P h:mm | 26 |
| KVDTF_ddsmsyy_hmm_P | dd/mm/yy h:mm P | 27 |
| KVDTF_ddsmsyy_P_hmmss | dd/mm/yy P h:mm:ss | 28 |
| KVDTF_ddsmsyy_hmmss_P | dd/mm/yy h:mm:ss P | 29 |
| KVDTF_ddsmsyy_P_hhmmss | dd/mm/yy P hh:mm:ss | 30 |
| KVDTF_ddsmsyy_hhmmss_P | dd/mm/yy hh:mm:ss P | 31 |
| KVDTF_yysmmsdd_P_hhmmss | yy/mm/dd P hh:mm:ss | 32 |
| KVDTF_yysmmsdd_hhmmss_P | yy/mm/dd hh:mm:ss P | 33 |
| KVDTF_msdsyy_Hmm | m/d/yy H:mm | 34 |
| KVDTF_mmsddsyy_Hmm | mm/dd/yy H:mm | 35 |
| KVDTF_msdsyy_P_hmm | m/d/yy P h:mm | 36 |
| KVDTF_msdsyy_hmm_P | m/d/yy h:mm P | 37 |
| KVDTF_mmsddsyy_hmm_P | mm/dd/yy h:mm P | 38 |
| KVDTF_mmsdd_P_hhmm | mm/dd P hh:mm | 39 |
| KVDTF_mmsdd_hhmm_P | mm/dd hh:mm P | 40 |
| KVDTF_mmsddsyy_P_hhmmss | mm/dd/yy P hh:mm:ss | 41 |
| KVDTF_mmsddsyy_hhmmss_P | mm/dd/yy hh:mm:ss P | 42 |
| KVDTF_msd | m/d | 43 |
| KVDTF_yysm | yy/m | 44 |
| KVDTF_yysmm | yy/mm | 45 |

KeyView date and time formats, continued

| Format | Output | Integer Value |
|--|---------------------|---------------|
| KVDTF_ysmsd | yy/m/d | 46 |
| KVDTF_ysmmsdd | yy/mm/dd | 47 |
| KVDTF_yyyysmmsdd | yyyy/mm/dd | 48 |
| Numerical Date Formats with Dashes | | |
| KVDTF_ddammayy | dd-mm-yy | 49 |
| KVDTF_mmadd | mm-dd | 50 |
| KVDTF_mmayy | mm-yy | 51 |
| KVDTF_yyammadd | yy-mm-dd | 52 |
| KVDTF_yyyymmadd | yyyy-mm-dd | 53 |
| KVDTF_yyyymmaddaHHmmss | yyyy-mm-dd-HH:mm:ss | 54 |
| Numerical Date Formats with Dots | | |
| KVDTF_yyomod | yy.m.d | 55 |
| KVDTF_yyommodd | yy.mm.dd | 56 |
| KVDTF_mod | m.d | 57 |
| KVDTF_mmodd | mm.dd | 58 |
| Numerical and String Date Formats with Dashes, Commas, and Spaces | | |
| KVDTF_ddaMon | dd-Mon | 59 |
| KVDTF_daMonayy | d-Mon-yy | 60 |
| KVDTF_ddaMonayy | dd-Mon-yy | 61 |
| KVDTF_ddaMonayyyy | dd-Mon-yyyy | 62 |
| KVDTF_Mon | Mon | 63 |
| KVDTF_Monayy | Mon-yy | 64 |
| KVDTF_Monayyyy | Mon-yyyy | 65 |
| KVDTF_Monaddayy | Mon-dd-yy | 66 |
| KVDTF_yyammadd_P_hhmmss | yy-mm-dd P hh:mm:ss | 67 |
| KVDTF_mmadd_P_hhmm | mm-dd P hh:mm | 68 |

KeyView date and time formats, continued

| Format | Output | Integer Value |
|------------------------------|------------------------|---------------|
| KVDTF_Mon_yy | Mon yy | 69 |
| KVDTF_Monc_yy | Mon, yy | 70 |
| KVDTF_Month | Month | 71 |
| KVDTF_Monthayy | Month-yy | 72 |
| KVDTF_Month_yy | Month yy | 73 |
| KVDTF_Monthc_yy | Month, yy | 74 |
| KVDTF_Monthayyyy | Month-yyyy | 75 |
| KVDTF_Month_yyyy | Month yyyy | 76 |
| KVDTF_Monthc_yyyy | Month, yyyy | 77 |
| KVDTF_Mon_dc_yyyy | Mon d, yyyy | 78 |
| KVDTF_d_Monc_yyyy | d Mon, yyyy | 79 |
| KVDTF_yyyy_Mon_d | yyyy Mon d | 80 |
| KVDTF_Month_dc_yyyy | Month d, yyyy | 81 |
| KVDTF_d_Monthc_yyyy | d Month, yyyy | 82 |
| KVDTF_yyyy_Month_d | yyyy Month d | 83 |
| Weekday Date Formats | | |
| KVDTF_wday | wday | 84 |
| KVDTF_Weekday | Weekday | 85 |
| KVDTF_wdayc_Mon_dc_yyyy | wday, Mon d, yyyy | 86 |
| KVDTF_Weekdayc_Month_dc_yyyy | Weekday, Month d, yyyy | 87 |
| KVDTF_Weekdayc_d_Monthc_yyyy | Weekday, d Month, yyyy | 88 |

Appendix E: File Format Detection

This section describes how file formats are detected in Filter SDK.

| | |
|--|-----|
| • Introduction | 203 |
| • Extract Format Information | 203 |
| • Determine Format Support | 203 |
| • Translate Format Information | 206 |
| • Determine a Document Reader | 207 |
| • Category Values in formats.ini | 207 |

Introduction

The KeyView format detection module (`kwad`) detects a file's format, and reports the information to the API, which in turn reports the information to the developer's application. If the detected format is supported by the KeyView SDK, the detection module also loads the appropriate structured access layer and document reader for further processing. For a list of supported formats, see [Supported Formats, on page 86](#).

Extract Format Information

You can detect the format of a file by using the `detect` method. For example:

```
auto myinput = keyview::io::InputFile{ std::string("InputFile.docx") };
auto detection_info = KV.detect(myinput);

// Print out what we found
std::cout << "Format:\t" << static_cast<int>(detection_info.format()) << "\n";
std::cout << "Description:\t" << detection_info.description() << "\n";
std::cout << "Version:\t" << detection_info.version() << "\n";
std::cout << "Category:\t" << static_cast<int>(detection_info.category()) << "\n";
std::cout << "Category Name:\t" << detection_info.category_name() << "\n";
std::cout << "Encrypted:\t" << std::boolalpha << detection_info.encrypted() <<
"\n";
```

For information on how to translate the extracted format information, see [Translate Format Information, on page 206](#).

Determine Format Support

After the file format is extracted, the detection module uses the `formats.ini` file to determine whether the format is supported by KeyView, and the appropriate structured access layer and reader to load.

The `formats.ini` file is in the directory `install\OS\bin`, where `install` is the path name of the Filter installation directory and `OS` is the name of the operating system. It contains the following information:

- Coded format information. To translate this information, see [Translate Format Information, on page 206](#).
- The reader associated with each format. See [Determine a Document Reader, on page 207](#).
- Configuration parameters.
- Locale settings for internal use.

Example formats.ini file entries

```
123=mw
152=xyw
178=wp6
189=mw6
2=af
200=pdf
205=mb
210=htm
251=htm
```

NOTE:

The `formats.ini` file applies to all formats except graphics. Detection of graphics formats is handled by an internal module named KeyView Picture Interchange Format (KPIF).

Refine Detection of Text Files

During text detection, KeyView analyses the first 1 kB and last 1 kB of data in a document. If less than 10% of that data consists of non-ASCII characters, KeyView detects the document as a text file.

However, depending on the type of documents you are working with, the default settings might not provide the desired level of accuracy. Configuration flags enable you to change the amount of data to read at the end of a file, the percentage of non-ASCII characters permitted in a text file, and whether to use or ignore the file extension to determine the document format.

Change the Amount of File Data to Read

During file detection, KeyView reads characters from the beginning and end of a file—by default, it reads the first and last 1,024 bytes of data. Large text files might contain many irrelevant characters at the end of a file, so KeyView might not accurately detect the file format. You can set a configuration flag to increase the amount of data to read from the end of a file during detection.

To change the amount of data to read during detection

- In the `formats.ini` file, set the following flag in the `detection_flags` section:

```
[detection_flags]
non_ascii_chars_end_block_size=kB
```

where *kB* is the number of kilobytes to read from the end of the file, from 0 to 10. The default value is 1.

NOTE:

The file size must be greater than the value specified in the flag. If the flag value is greater than the file size, KeyView does not use the flag.

Change the Percentage of Allowed Non-ASCII Characters

By default, if less than 10% of the analyzed data in a document consists of non-ASCII characters, it is detected as a text file. Depending on the type of files that you are working with, changing the default percentage might increase detection accuracy.

To change the percentage of non-ASCII characters allowed in text files

- In the `formats.ini` file, set the following flag in the `detection_flags` section:

```
[detection_flags]
non_ascii_chars_in_text=N
```

where *N* is the percentage of non-ASCII characters to allow in text files. Files that contain a lower percentage of non-ASCII characters than *N* are detected as text files. The default value is 10.

Allow Consecutive NULL Bytes in a Text File

By default, if a document contains consecutive NULL bytes, it is not detected as text. Depending on the type of files that you are working with, changing the default might increase detection accuracy.

To allow consecutive NULL bytes of ASCII characters in text files

In the `formats.ini` file, set the following flag in the `detection_flags` section:

```
[detection_flags]
ascii_allow_null_bytes=1
```

The default value is 0 (do not allow consecutive NULL bytes).

Use the File Extension for Detection

Sometimes KeyView detects certain file formats, such as CSV, as ASCII because of the content of the documents. In such cases, you can configure KeyView to use the file extension to determine the document format. Using the file extension can improve detection of formats such as CSV, but might not detect text files successfully if they have incorrect file extensions.

To use the file extension for ASCII files during detection

- In the `formats.ini` file, set the following flag in the `detection_flags` section:

```
[detection_flags]
```

```
use_extension_for_ascii=1
```

The default is 0 (do not use the file extension).

Translate Format Information

Format information can include file attributes in the following categories:

- Major format
- File class
- Minor format
- Major version
- Minor version

Not all categories are required. Many formats only include major format and file class, or major format only.

The format information has the following structure:

MajorFormat.FileClass.MinorFormat.MajorVersion.MinorVersion

For example:

81.2.0.9.0

Each number in the format information represents a file attribute. The entry 81.2.0.9.0 represents a Lotus 1-2-3 Spreadsheet file version 9.0, where

81= Lotus 1-2-3 Spreadsheet (major format)

2 = Spreadsheet (file class)

0 = not defined (minor format)

9 = 9 (major version)

0 = 0 (minor version)

This example applies to the `formats.ini` file. When extracting format information using the , the same format is represented as 294.2.9.0.

NOTE:

The format values returned from differ from those in `formats.ini` because the former defines a unique ID for each major format, while the latter uses a major version, minor version, and minor format to distinguish between formats.

Distinguish Between Formats

The provides a unique ID for each major format. For example, a call to would return 351.1.0 for a Microsoft Word XML format. The major format 351 is unique to this format.

Unlike , the `formats.ini` file distinguishes between formats by using the major version number. For example, in the `formats.ini` file, a Microsoft Word 2003 XML format is defined as 285.1.0.100.0.

The major format 285 and file class 1 are the same values for generic XML. The major version 100 distinguishes the format as Microsoft Word 2003 XML.

The major version is used to specify the following formats:

- Microsoft Office 2003 XML. This format has the same major format and file class as generic XML (285.1). It is distinguished from generic XML by using the following major versions:
 - Word: 100
 - Excel: 101
 - Visio: 110
- The XHTML format has the same major format and file class as HTML (210.1). It is distinguished from HTML by using the major version 100.

Determine a Document Reader

The format detection module uses the `formats.ini` file to determine whether a format is supported, and to determine the reader to use to parse a format. The entries in the `formats.ini` file list each format's coded value, and an abbreviation for the format's reader.

The reader abbreviation is a truncated version of the reader's library name. Adding "sr" to the end of an abbreviation creates the name of the reader. For example, this example entry specifies that a Lotus 1-2-3 Spreadsheet file version 9.0 is parsed by the Lotus 1-2-3 filter, 1123sr:

81.2.0.9.0=1123

[List of Required Files for Redistribution, on page 251](#) lists the readers provided with KeyView.

Category Values in formats.ini

This section lists the possible category values for format information in the `formats.ini` file. The corresponding values for format information extracted by a call to are listed in the header file `adinfo.h`.

- [Major Formats](#)
- [File Classes](#)
- [Minor Formats](#)

Major Formats

| Number | Format | File Class |
|--------|----------------------------|-----------------|
| 1 | Multiplus (AES) | adWORDPROCESSOR |
| 2 | MS-DOS Batch File | adEXECUTABLE |
| 3 | APPLIX ASTERIX | adWORDPROCESSOR |
| 4 | Windows Bitmap Image (BMP) | adRASTERIMAGE |

Major Formats, continued

| Number | Format | File Class |
|--------|--|-----------------|
| 5 | Convergent Technologies DEF Comm. Format | adWORDPROCESSOR |
| 6 | Corel Draw | adVECTORGRAPHIC |
| 7 | Keyword COM.FILE (KSIF) | |
| 8 | Computer Graphics Metafile (CGM) | adVECTORGRAPHIC |
| 9 | Word Connection | adWORDPROCESSOR |
| 10 | COMET TOP | adWORDPROCESSOR |
| 11 | CEOwrite | adWORDPROCESSOR |
| 12 | DSA101 (Honeywell Bull) | adWORDPROCESSOR |
| 13 | DCA-RFT (IBM Revisable Form) | adWORDPROCESSOR |
| 14 | CDA / DDIF | adWORDPROCESSOR |
| 15 | Dummy File (Internal) | |
| 16 | DG Common Data Stream (CDS) | adWORDPROCESSOR |
| 17 | Dummy Print File (Internal) | |
| 18 | Windows Draw (Micrografx) | adVECTORGRAPHIC |
| 19 | Vistaword | adWORDPROCESSOR |
| 20 | DECdx | adWORDPROCESSOR |
| 21 | Enable Word Processing | adWORDPROCESSOR |
| 22 | Encapsulated PostScript | AutoDetNoFormat |
| 23 | MSDOS/Windows Program | adEXECUTABLE |
| 24 | CCITT G3 1D | adRASTERIMAGE |
| 25 | Graphics Interchange Format (GIF89a) | adRASTERIMAGE |
| 26 | HP Word PC | adWORDPROCESSOR |
| 27 | IBM 1403 Line Printer | adWORDPROCESSOR |
| 28 | DCF Script | adWORDPROCESSOR |
| 29 | DCA-FFT (IBM Final Form) | adWORDPROCESSOR |
| 30 | Interleaf | adWORDPROCESSOR |

Major Formats, continued

| Number | Format | File Class |
|--------|--|-----------------|
| 31 | GEM Bit Image | adRASTERIMAGE |
| 32 | Display Write | adWORDPROCESSOR |
| 33 | Sun Raster | adRASTERIMAGE |
| 34 | Keywords PICL | |
| 35 | Lotus Ami Pro Style Sheet | adWORDPROCESSOR |
| 36 | MORE Database MAC | adOUTLINE |
| 37 | Lyrix Word Processing | adWORDPROCESSOR |
| 38 | MASS-11 | adWORDPROCESSOR |
| 39 | MacPaint | adRASTERIMAGE |
| 40 | Microsoft Word Mac | adWORDPROCESSOR |
| 41 | SmartWare II | adCOMMUNICATION |
| 42 | Microsoft Word for Windows | adWORDPROCESSOR |
| 43 | MultiMate Advantage II Footnote File | adWORDPROCESSOR |
| 44 | Multiplan (Mac) | adSPREADSHEET |
| 45 | Microsoft Pocket Word | adWORDPROCESSOR |
| 46 | Microsoft Word for PC Miscellaneous File | adWORDPROCESSOR |
| 47 | NBI Async Archive Format | adWORDPROCESSOR |
| 48 | Navy DIF | adWORDPROCESSOR |
| 49 | NBI Net Archive Format | adWORDPROCESSOR |
| 50 | NIOS TOP | adWORDPROCESSOR |
| 51 | Filemaker MAC | adDATABASE |
| 52 | ODA / ODIF | adWORDPROCESSOR |
| 53 | OLIDIF (Olivetti) | adWORDPROCESSOR |
| 54 | Keyword OSM | |
| 55 | Office Writer | adWORDPROCESSOR |
| 56 | PC Paintbrush Graphics (PCX) | adRASTERIMAGE |

Major Formats, continued

| Number | Format | File Class |
|--------|------------------------------|-----------------|
| 57 | CPT | adWORDPROCESSOR |
| 58 | Lotus PIC | adVECTORGRAPHIC |
| 59 | QuickDraw Picture | AutoDetNoFormat |
| 60 | Philips Script | adWORDPROCESSOR |
| 61 | PostScript | adVECTORGRAPHIC |
| 62 | PRIMEWORD | adWORDPROCESSOR |
| 63 | Q-One V1.93J | adWORDPROCESSOR |
| 64 | Q-One V2.0 | adWORDPROCESSOR |
| 65 | SAMNA Word | adWORDPROCESSOR |
| 66 | Lotus Ami Pro Draw | adVECTORGRAPHIC |
| 67 | SYLK | adSPREADSHEET |
| 68 | SmartWare II | adWORDPROCESSOR |
| 69 | Symphony | adSPREADSHEET |
| 70 | Targa | adRASTERIMAGE |
| 71 | Tag Image File Format (TIFF) | AutoDetNoFormat |
| 72 | Targon Word | adWORDPROCESSOR |
| 73 | Uniplex Ucalc | adSPREADSHEET |
| 74 | Uniplex | adWORDPROCESSOR |
| 75 | Microsoft Word UNIX | adWORDPROCESSOR |
| 76 | WANG PC | adWORDPROCESSOR |
| 77 | WordERA | adWORDPROCESSOR |
| 78 | WANG WPS | adWORDPROCESSOR |
| 79 | WordPerfect MAC | adWORDPROCESSOR |
| 80 | WordPerfect 5.2 | adWORDPROCESSOR |
| 81 | Lotus 1-2-3 Release 9 | adSPREADSHEET |
| 82 | WordMARC | adWORDPROCESSOR |

Major Formats, continued

| Number | Format | File Class |
|--------|--|-----------------|
| 83 | Windows Metafile (no header) | adVECTORGRAPHIC |
| 84 | SmartWare II | adDATABASE |
| 85 | WordPerfect Graphics V1.0 (WPG) | adRASTERIMAGE |
| 86 | WordPerfect | adWORDPROCESSOR |
| 87 | WordStar | adWORDPROCESSOR |
| 88 | WANG WITA | adWORDPROCESSOR |
| 89 | Xerox 860 | adWORDPROCESSOR |
| 90 | Microsoft Excel | adSPREADSHEET |
| 91 | Xerox Writer | adWORDPROCESSOR |
| 92 | Data Interchange Format (DIF) | adSPREADSHEET |
| 93 | Enable Spreadsheet | adSPREADSHEET |
| 94 | Supercalc | adSPREADSHEET |
| 95 | UltraCalc | adSPREADSHEET |
| 96 | SmartWare II | adSPREADSHEET |
| 97 | Serialized Object Format (SOF) | adENCAPSULATION |
| 98 | Microsoft PowerPoint PC | adPRESENTATION |
| 99 | Microsoft PowerPoint MAC | adPRESENTATION |
| 100 | PageMaker for Macintosh | adDESKTOPPUBLSH |
| 101 | PageMaker for Windows | adDESKTOPPUBLSH |
| 103 | Microsoft Works Word Processor for MAC | adWORDPROCESSOR |
| 104 | Microsoft Works Database for MAC | adDATABASE |
| 105 | Microsoft Works Spreadsheet for MAC | adSPREADSHEET |
| 106 | Microsoft Works Communication for MAC | adCOMMUNICATION |
| 107 | Microsoft Works Word Processor for DOS | adWORDPROCESSOR |
| 108 | Microsoft Works Database for DOS | adDATABASE |
| 109 | Microsoft Works Spreadsheet for DOS | adSPREADSHEET |

Major Formats, continued

| Number | Format | File Class |
|--------|--------------------------------|-----------------|
| 111 | DOS/Windows Object Library | adLIBRARY |
| 112 | MacWrite | adWORDPROCESSOR |
| 113 | MacWrite II | adWORDPROCESSOR |
| 114 | Freehand MAC | adVECTORGRAPHIC |
| 115 | Disk Doubler | adENCAPSULATION |
| 116 | HP Graphics Language | adVECTORGRAPHIC |
| 117 | Maker Interchange Format (MIF) | adWORDPROCESSOR |
| 118 | JPEG Interchange Format | adRASTERIMAGE |
| 119 | Reflex | adDATABASE |
| 120 | Framework II | adMIXED |
| 121 | Paradox | adDATABASE |
| 123 | Microsoft Windows Write | adWORDPROCESSOR |
| 124 | Quattro Pro for DOS | adSPREADSHEET |
| 126 | Persuasion | adPRESENTATION |
| 127 | Corel Presentations | adPRESENTATION |
| 128 | Windows Icon Format | adRASTERIMAGE |
| 129 | Microsoft Project | adSCHEDULE |
| 131 | Harvard Graphics Palette | adVECTORGRAPHIC |
| 132 | ZIP Archive | AutoDetNoFormat |
| 133 | Windows Cursor | adRASTERIMAGE |
| 134 | Quark Xpress MAC | adDESKTOPPUBLSH |
| 135 | PAK/ARC Archive | adENCAPSULATION |
| 136 | FrameMaker | adDESKTOPPUBLSH |
| 137 | Microsoft Publisher | adDESKTOPPUBLSH |
| 138 | PlanPerfect | adSCHEDULE |
| 139 | WordPerfect auxiliary file | adMISC |

Major Formats, continued

| Number | Format | File Class |
|--------|------------------------------|-----------------|
| 140 | Lotus Freelance 97 | adPRESENTATION |
| 141 | Microsoft Wave | adSOUND |
| 142 | MIDI | adSOUND |
| 143 | AutoCAD DXF | adVECTORGRAPHIC |
| 144 | dBase | adDATABASE |
| 145 | OS/2 PM Metafile | adVECTORGRAPHIC |
| 146 | Lasergraphics Language | adVECTORGRAPHIC |
| 147 | AutoShade Rendering | adVECTORGRAPHIC |
| 148 | GEM VDI | adVECTORGRAPHIC |
| 149 | Windows Help File | adMISC |
| 150 | Volkswriter | adWORDPROCESSOR |
| 151 | Ability | adRASTERIMAGE |
| 152 | XYWrite / Nota Bene | adWORDPROCESSOR |
| 153 | CSV (Comma Separated Values) | adSPREADSHEET |
| 154 | IBM Writing Assistant | adWORDPROCESSOR |
| 155 | WordStar 2000 | adWORDPROCESSOR |
| 156 | WordStar 6.0 | adWORDPROCESSOR |
| 157 | HP Printer Control Language | adVECTORGRAPHIC |
| 158 | ELF Executable | adEXECUTABLE |
| 159 | ELF Relocatable | adOBJECTMODULE |
| 160 | ELF Dynamic Library | adLIBRARY |
| 161 | NeXT/Sun Audio Data | adSOUND |
| 162 | NeWS bitmap font | adFONT |
| 163 | cpio archive (CHR Header) | adENCAPSULATION |
| 164 | SUN PEX Binary Archive | adENCAPSULATION |
| 165 | SUN vfont Definition | adFONT |

Major Formats, continued

| Number | Format | File Class |
|--------|--------------------------------|-----------------|
| 166 | Curses Screen Image | adRASTERIMAGE |
| 167 | UU encoded | adENCAPSULATION |
| 168 | WriteNow MAC | adWORDPROCESSOR |
| 169 | DOS/Windows Object Module | adOBJECTMODULE |
| 170 | Windows Group | adMISC |
| 171 | TrueType Font | adFONT |
| 172 | Program Information File (PIF) | adMISC |
| 173 | PC (.COM) | adEXECUTABLE |
| 174 | Maker Markup Language | adDESKTOPPUBLSH |
| 175 | StuffIt (MAC) | adENCAPSULATION |
| 176 | PeachCalc | adSPREADSHEET |
| 177 | WANG Office GDL Header | adENCAPSULATION |
| 178 | WordPerfect 6.0 | adWORDPROCESSOR |
| 179 | Q & A for DOS | adWORDPROCESSOR |
| 180 | Q & A for Windows | adWORDPROCESSOR |
| 181 | WPS-PLUS | adWORDPROCESSOR |
| 182 | DCX FAX Format(PCX images) | adFAXFORMAT |
| 183 | OLE Compound Document | adENCAPSULATION |
| 184 | Quattro Pro for Windows | adSPREADSHEET |
| 185 | Keyword Viewer Markup Format | |
| 186 | EBCDIC Text | adWORDPROCESSOR |
| 187 | DCS | adWORDPROCESSOR |
| 188 | Microsoft Excel 2000 | adSPREADSHEET |
| 189 | Microsoft Word 95 | adWORDPROCESSOR |
| 190 | SHAR | adENCAPSULATION |
| 191 | Lotus Notes Bitmap | adRASTERIMAGE |

Major Formats, continued

| Number | Format | File Class |
|--------|----------------------------------|-----------------|
| 192 | Unix Compress | adENCAPSULATION |
| 193 | Lotus Notes CDF | adWORDPROCESSOR |
| 194 | TAR | adENCAPSULATION |
| 195 | WordPerfect Graphics V2.0 (WPG2) | adWORDPROCESSOR |
| 196 | ODA / ODIF | adWORDPROCESSOR |
| 197 | ALIS | adWORDPROCESSOR |
| 198 | GZ Compress | adENCAPSULATION |
| 199 | Envoy | adWORDPROCESSOR |
| 200 | Portable Document Format | adWORDPROCESSOR |
| 201 | KW ODA Internal Raw Bitmap (RBM) | adRASTERIMAGE |
| 202 | KW ODA G4 (G4) | adRASTERIMAGE |
| 203 | KW ODA G31D (G31) | adRASTERIMAGE |
| 204 | KW ODA Internal G32D (G32) | adRASTERIMAGE |
| 205 | Microsoft Word for Mac V 4.x/5.x | adWORDPROCESSOR |
| 206 | BinHex | adENCAPSULATION |
| 207 | SMTP | adENCAPSULATION |
| 208 | MIME | adENCAPSULATION |
| 209 | SGML | adWORDPROCESSOR |
| 210 | Netscape Bookmark File | adWORDPROCESSOR |
| 211 | ACT | adWORDPROCESSOR |
| 212 | Microsoft PowerPoint 95 | adPRESENTATION |
| 213 | Portable Network Graphics (PNG) | adRASTERIMAGE |
| 214 | Video for Windows (AVI) | adMOVIE |
| 215 | Windows Animated Cursor | adRASTERIMAGE |
| 216 | Windows C++ Object Storage | adMIXED |
| 217 | Windows Palette | adRASTERIMAGE |

Major Formats, continued

| Number | Format | File Class |
|--------|--|-----------------|
| 218 | RIFF Device Independent Bitmap | adRASTERIMAGE |
| 219 | RIFF MIDI | adSOUND |
| 220 | RIFF Multimedia Movie | adMOVIE |
| 221 | MPEG Movie | adMOVIE |
| 222 | QuickTime Movie | adMOVIE |
| 223 | Audio Interchange File Format (AIFF) | adSOUND |
| 224 | Amiga MOD | adSOUND |
| 225 | Amiga IFF (8SVX) Sound | adSOUND |
| 226 | Creative Voice (VOC) | adSOUND |
| 227 | Microsoft Works Word Processor for Windows | adWORDPROCESSOR |
| 228 | Microsoft Works Spreadsheet for Windows | adSPREADSHEET |
| 229 | AutoDesk Animator FLIC | adANIMATION |
| 230 | AutoDesk Animator Pro FLIC | adANIMATION |
| 231 | Microsoft Works Database for Windows | adDATABASE |
| 232 | Microsoft Works Communication (Windows) | adCOMMUNICATION |
| 233 | Compactor / Compact Pro | adENCAPSULATION |
| 234 | VRML | adVECTORGRAPHIC |
| 235 | QuickDraw 3D Metafile | adVECTORGRAPHIC |
| 236 | PGP Secret Keyring | adENCAPSULATION |
| 237 | PGP Public Keyring | adENCAPSULATION |
| 238 | PGP Encrypted Data | adENCAPSULATION |
| 239 | PGP Signed Data | adENCAPSULATION |
| 240 | PGP Signed and Encrypted Data | adENCAPSULATION |
| 241 | PGP Signature Certificate | adENCAPSULATION |
| 242 | ASCII-armored PGP Public Keyring | adENCAPSULATION |
| 243 | ASCII-armored PGP encoded | adENCAPSULATION |

Major Formats, continued

| Number | Format | File Class |
|--------|-----------------------------------|-----------------|
| 244 | ASCII-armored PGP signed | adENCAPSULATION |
| 245 | OLE DIB object | adRASTERIMAGE |
| 246 | PGP Compressed Data | adENCAPSULATION |
| 247 | SGL Image | adRASTERIMAGE |
| 248 | Lotus ScreenCam | adANIMATION |
| 249 | MPEG Audio | adSOUND |
| 250 | FTP Session Data | adCOMMUNICATION |
| 251 | Netscape Bookmark file | adWORDPROCESSOR |
| 252 | Corel CMX | adVECTORGRAPHIC |
| 253 | AutoDesk Drawing (DWG) | adVECTORGRAPHIC |
| 254 | AutoDesk WHIP | adVECTORGRAPHIC |
| 255 | Macromedia Director | adANIMATION |
| 256 | Real Audio | adSOUND |
| 257 | MSDOS Device Driver | adEXECUTABLE |
| 258 | Micrografx Designer | adVECTORGRAPHIC |
| 259 | Simple Vector Format (SVF) | adVECTORGRAPHIC |
| 260 | WordPerfect Office document (WPD) | |
| 261 | Applix Words | adWORDPROCESSOR |
| 262 | Applix Graphics | adPRESENTATION |
| 263 | Microsoft Access 2000 | adDATABASE |
| 264 | USENET | adWORDPROCESSOR |
| 265 | MacBinary | adENCAPSULATION |
| 266 | Apple Single | adENCAPSULATION |
| 267 | Apple Double | adENCAPSULATION |
| 268 | Lotus Word Pro 97 | adWORDPROCESSOR |
| 269 | Microsoft Word 2000 | adWORDPROCESSOR |

Major Formats, continued

| Number | Format | File Class |
|--------|--|-----------------|
| 270 | Enhanced Metafile | adVECTORGRAPHIC |
| 271 | Microsoft Office Drawing | adVECTORGRAPHIC |
| 272 | Microsoft PowerPoint 2000 | adPRESENTATION |
| 273 | Extended or Custom XML | adWORDPROCESSOR |
| 274 | DeVice Independent file (DVI) | adVECTORGRAPHIC |
| 275 | Unicode | adWORDPROCESSOR |
| 276 | Framework | adMIXED |
| 277 | KPIF Chart Stream | |
| 278 | Applix Spreadsheets | adSPREADSHEET |
| 279 | Microsoft Device Independent Bitmap | adRASTERIMAGE |
| 280 | KeyView GPF Filter | |
| 281 | Microsoft Project 2000 | adSCHEDULE |
| 282 | Folio Flat File | adWORDPROCESSOR |
| 283 | HWP(Arae-Ah Hangul) | adWORDPROCESSOR |
| 284 | ICHITARO | adWORDPROCESSOR |
| 285 | Microsoft Visio 2003 XML | adWORDPROCESSOR |
| 286 | Oasys | adWORDPROCESSOR |
| 287 | Portable Bitmap Utilities BINARY format (PBM) | adRASTERIMAGE |
| 288 | Portable Greymap Utilities BINARY format (PGM) | adRASTERIMAGE |
| 289 | Portable Pixmap Utilities BINARY format (PPM) | adRASTERIMAGE |
| 290 | X Bitmap format (XBM) | adRASTERIMAGE |
| 291 | X Pixmap format (XPM) | adRASTERIMAGE |
| 292 | FlashPix FPX Image format | adRASTERIMAGE |
| 293 | PCD Image format | adRASTERIMAGE |
| 294 | Microsoft Visio | adPRESENTATION |
| 295 | Microsoft Outlook | adENCAPSULATION |

Major Formats, continued

| Number | Format | File Class |
|--------|---|-----------------|
| 296 | XHTML | adWORDPROCESSOR |
| 297 | Microsoft Outlook Personal Folders File (.pst) | adENCAPSULATION |
| 298 | RAR | adENCAPSULATION |
| 299 | IBM Lotus Notes Database NSF/NTF | adENCAPSULATION |
| 300 | Macromedia Flash (.swf) | adWORDPROCESSOR |
| 301 | Microsoft Word 2007 XML - Flat xml | adWORDPROCESSOR |
| 302 | Microsoft Excel 2007 XML | adSPREADSHEET |
| 303 | Microsoft PowerPoint 2007 XML | adPRESENTATION |
| 304 | OpenPGP Message Format (with new packet format) | adENCAPSULATION |
| 305 | Intergraph Standard File Format (ISFF) V7 DGN (non-OLE) | adVECTORGRAPHIC |
| 306 | MicroStation V8 DGN (OLE) | adVECTORGRAPHIC |
| 307 | Microsoft Word Macro 2007 XML | adWORDPROCESSOR |
| 308 | Microsoft Excel Macro 2007 XML | adSPREADSHEET |
| 309 | Microsoft PPT Macro 2007 XML | adPRESENTATION |
| 310 | LZH Archive | adENCAPSULATION |
| 311 | Office 2007 document | adMISC |
| 312 | Microsoft XML Paper Specification (XPS) | adWORDPROCESSOR |
| 313 | IBM Domino Data in XML format (.dxi) | adENCAPSULATION |
| 314 | ODF Text Template | adWORDPROCESSOR |
| 315 | ODF Spreadsheet Template | adSPREADSHEET |
| 316 | ODF Presentation Template | adPRESENTATION |
| 317 | Legato Extender Native Message ONM | adENCAPSULATION |
| 318 | Bin unknown format (.xxx) | adWORDPROCESSOR |
| 319 | Transport Neutral Encapsulation Format (TNEF) | adENCAPSULATION |
| 320 | CADAM Drawing | adVECTORGRAPHIC |
| 321 | CADAM Drawing Overlay | adVECTORGRAPHIC |

Major Formats, continued

| Number | Format | File Class |
|--------|---|-----------------|
| 322 | NURSTOR Drawing | adVECTORGRAPHIC |
| 323 | HP Graphics Language (Plotter) | adVECTORGRAPHIC |
| 324 | Advanced Systems Format (ASF) | adMISC |
| 325 | Windows Media Audio Format (WMA) | adSOUND |
| 326 | Windows Media Video Format (WMV) | adMOVIE |
| 327 | Legato EMailXtender Archives Format (EMX) | adENCAPSULATION |
| 328 | 7 Zip Format (7z) | adENCAPSULATION |
| 329 | Microsoft Excel Binary 2007 | adSPREADSHEET |
| 330 | Microsoft Cabinet File (CAB) | adENCAPSULATION |
| 331 | CATIA Formats (CAT*) | adVECTORGRAPHIC |
| 332 | Yahoo Instant Messenger History | adWORDPROCESSOR |
| 333 | Founder Chinese E-paper Basic (ceb) | adWORDPROCESSOR |
| 334 | Corel Quattro Pro 9+ for Windows | adSPREADSHEET |
| 335 | MHTML format (MHT) | adWORDPROCESSOR |
| 336 | Microsoft Document Imaging Format | adRASTERIMAGE |
| 337 | Microsoft Office Groove Format | adWORDPROCESSOR |
| 338 | Apple iWork Pages format | adWORDPROCESSOR |
| 339 | Apple iWork Numbers format | adSPREADSHEET |
| 340 | Apple iWork Keynote format | adPRESENTATION |
| 341 | Windows Backup File | adENCAPSULATION |
| 342 | Microsoft Access 2007 | adDATABASE |
| 343 | Microsoft Entourage Database Format | adENCAPSULATION |
| 344 | Mac Disk Copy Disk Image File | adENCAPSULATION |
| 345 | AppleWorks File | adWORDPROCESSOR |
| 346 | Omni Outliner V3 File | adWORDPROCESSOR |
| 347 | Omni Outliner OPML File | adWORDPROCESSOR |

Major Formats, continued

| Number | Format | File Class |
|--------|--|-----------------|
| 348 | Omni Graffle XML File | adVECTORGRAPHIC |
| 349 | Photoshop Document | adRASTERIMAGE |
| 350 | Apple Binary Property List format | adMISC |
| 351 | Apple iChat format | adWORDPROCESSOR |
| 352 | OOutliner File | adWORDPROCESSOR |
| 353 | Bzip 2 Compressed File | adENCAPSULATION |
| 354 | ISO-9660 CD Disc Image Format | adENCAPSULATION |
| 355 | DocuWorks Format | adWORDPROCESSOR |
| 356 | RealMedia Streaming Media | adMOVIE |
| 357 | AC3 Audio File Format | adSOUND |
| 358 | Nero Encrypted File | adENCAPSULATION |
| 359 | SolidWorks Format Files | adVECTORGRAPHIC |
| 360 | I-DEAS Format | adVECTORGRAPHIC |
| 361 | I-DEAS Drawing Format | adVECTORGRAPHIC |
| 362 | Unigraphics (UG) NX CAD Format | adVECTORGRAPHIC |
| 363 | UGS Jupiter Tessellation file | adCAD |
| 364 | 3D Systems STL ASCII format | adMISC |
| 365 | Parasolid XT | adVECTORGRAPHIC |
| 366 | Extensible Forms Description Language | adPRESENTATION |
| 367 | Apple XML Property List format | adMISC |
| 368 | OneNote Note Format | adPRESENTATION |
| 369 | iFilter | adWORDPROCESSOR |
| 370 | Digital Imaging and Communications in Medicine (Dicom) | adRASTERIMAGE |
| 371 | Expert Witness Compression Format (EnCase) | adENCAPSULATION |
| 372 | Shell Scrap Object File | adENCAPSULATION |
| 373 | Microsoft Project 2007 | adSCHEDULE |

Major Formats, continued

| Number | Format | File Class |
|--------|--|-----------------|
| 374 | Microsoft Publisher from version 98 | adDESKTOPPUBLSH |
| 375 | Skype Log File | adWORDPROCESSOR |
| 376 | Lotus Notes Bitmap Format (DXL embedded images) | adRASTERIMAGE |
| 377 | Health level7 message | adWORDPROCESSOR |
| 378 | Microsoft Outlook Offline Folders File (OST) | adENCAPSULATION |
| 379 | Electronic Publication | adWORDPROCESSOR |
| 380 | Microsoft Outlook Express DBX Message Database | adENCAPSULATION |
| 381 | BlackBerry Activation File | adWORDPROCESSOR |
| 382 | Disk Image | adENCAPSULATION |
| 383 | Milestone Document | adRASTERIMAGE |
| 384 | RealLegal E-Transcript File | adWORDPROCESSOR |
| 385 | PostScript Type 1 Font | adFONT |
| 386 | Ghost Disk Image File | adENCAPSULATION |
| 387 | JPEG-2000 JP2 File Format Syntax (ISO/IEC 15444-1) | adRASTERIMAGE |
| 388 | Unicode HTML | adWORDPROCESSOR |
| 389 | Microsoft Compiled HTML Help | adENCAPSULATION |
| 390 | Documentum EMCME format | adENCAPSULATION |
| 391 | Microsoft Access 2007 Template | adDATABASE |
| 392 | Samsung Electronics Jungum Global document | adWORDPROCESSOR |
| 393 | JBIG2 File Format | adRASTERIMAGE |
| 394 | eFax file | adRASTERIMAGE |
| 395 | AD1 Evidence file | adENCAPSULATION |
| 396 | Google SketchUp | adVECTORGRAPHIC |
| 397 | Group Wise File Surf email | adENCAPSULATION |
| 398 | Windows Journal format | adWORDPROCESSOR |
| 399 | Yahoo! Messenger chat log | adWORDPROCESSOR |

Major Formats, continued

| Number | Format | File Class |
|--------|---|-----------------|
| 400 | PaperPort MAX image file | adRASTERIMAGE |
| 402 | ARJ (Archive by Robert Jung) file format | adENCAPSULATION |
| 403 | Microsoft Outlook Restricted Permission Message | adENCAPSULATION |
| 404 | MATLAB file format | adWORDPROCESSOR |
| 405 | SEG-Y Seismic Data format | adWORDPROCESSOR |
| 406 | MPEG-PS container with CDXA stream | adMOVIE |
| 407 | Microsoft Windows NT Event Log | adMISC |
| 408 | Microsoft Windows Vista Event Log | adMISC |
| 409 | Microsoft Outlook for Macintosh format | adENCAPSULATION |
| 410 | Web ARChive | adENCAPSULATION |
| 411 | Java Class format | adWORDPROCESSOR |
| 412 | Microsoft Outlook vCard file format | adWORDPROCESSOR |
| 413 | Microsoft Exchange Server Database file format | adENCAPSULATION |
| 414 | Microsoft Outlook iCalendar file format | adENCAPSULATION |
| 415 | MS Visio 2013 template Macro format | adPRESENTATION |
| 417 | ICHITARO Compressed format | adWORDPROCESSOR |
| 418 | Apple iWork 2013 Pages format | adWORDPROCESSOR |
| 419 | Apple iWork 2013 Numbers format | adSPREADSHEET |
| 420 | Apple iWork 2013 Keynote format | adPRESENTATION |
| 421 | XZ archive format | adENCAPSULATION |
| 422 | Sony Wave64 format | adSOUND |
| 423 | Conifer Wavpack format | adSOUND |
| 424 | Xiph Ogg Vorbis format | adSOUND |
| 425 | Borland Reflex 2 format | adDATABASE |
| 426 | PKCS #12 (p12) format | adWORDPROCESSOR |
| 427 | B1 format | adENCAPSULATION |

Major Formats, continued

| Number | Format | File Class |
|--------|-----------------------------------|-----------------|
| 428 | ISO/IEC MPEG-4 (ISO 14496) format | adMOVIE |
| 429 | RAR5 Format | adENCAPSULATION |
| 430 | PTC Creo CAD Format | adVECTORGRAPHIC |
| 431 | Keyhole Markup Language | adWORDPROCESSOR |
| 432 | Zippered Keyhole Markup Language | adWORDPROCESSOR |
| 433 | Wireless Markup Language | adWORDPROCESSOR |
| 434 | ODF Formula | adWORDPROCESSOR |
| 435 | Star Office Writer Text | adWORDPROCESSOR |
| 436 | Star Office Calc Spreadsheet | adSPREADSHEET |
| 437 | Star Office Impress Presentation | adPRESENTATION |
| 438 | Star Office Math | adMISC |
| 439 | ISO 10303-21 STEP format | adMISC |
| 440 | AppleScript Source Code | adSOURCECODE |
| 441 | Assembly Code | adSOURCECODE |
| 442 | C Source Code | adSOURCECODE |
| 443 | C# Source Code | adSOURCECODE |
| 444 | C++ Source Code | adSOURCECODE |
| 445 | Cascading Style Sheet | adSOURCECODE |
| 446 | Clojure Source Code | adSOURCECODE |
| 447 | CoffeeScript Source Code | adSOURCECODE |
| 448 | Common Lisp Source Code | adSOURCECODE |
| 449 | Dockerfile | adSOURCECODE |
| 450 | Eiffel Source Code | adSOURCECODE |
| 451 | Erlang Source Code | adSOURCECODE |
| 452 | F# Source Code | adSOURCECODE |
| 453 | Fortran Source Code | adSOURCECODE |

Major Formats, continued

| Number | Format | File Class |
|--------|---------------------------------|--------------|
| 454 | Go Source Code | adSOURCECODE |
| 455 | Groovy Source Code | adSOURCECODE |
| 456 | Haskell Source Code | adSOURCECODE |
| 457 | Initialization (INI) file | adSOURCECODE |
| 458 | Java Source Code | adSOURCECODE |
| 459 | Javascript Source Code | adSOURCECODE |
| 460 | Lua Source Code | adSOURCECODE |
| 461 | Makefile | adSOURCECODE |
| 462 | Wolfram Mathematica Source Code | adSOURCECODE |
| 463 | Matlab Source Code | adSOURCECODE |
| 464 | Objective-C Source Code | adSOURCECODE |
| 465 | Objective-C++ Source Code | adSOURCECODE |
| 466 | Objective-J Source Code | adSOURCECODE |
| 467 | PHP Source Code | adSOURCECODE |
| 468 | PLSQL Source Code | adSOURCECODE |
| 469 | Pascal Source Code | adSOURCECODE |
| 470 | Perl Source Code | adSOURCECODE |
| 471 | PowerShell Source Code | adSOURCECODE |
| 472 | Prolog Source Code | adSOURCECODE |
| 473 | Puppet Source Code | adSOURCECODE |
| 474 | Python Source Code | adSOURCECODE |
| 475 | R Source Code | adSOURCECODE |
| 476 | Ruby Source Code | adSOURCECODE |
| 477 | Rust Source Code | adSOURCECODE |
| 478 | Scala Source Code | adSOURCECODE |
| 479 | Shell Script | adSOURCECODE |

Major Formats, continued

| Number | Format | File Class |
|--------|---|-----------------|
| 480 | Smalltalk Source Code | adSOURCECODE |
| 481 | Standard ML Source Code | adSOURCECODE |
| 482 | Swift Source Code | adSOURCECODE |
| 483 | Tool Command Language (Tcl) Source Code | adSOURCECODE |
| 484 | TeX Typesetting File | adSOURCECODE |
| 485 | TypeScript Source Code | adSOURCECODE |
| 486 | Verilog Source Code | adSOURCECODE |
| 487 | YAML File | adSOURCECODE |
| 488 | MediaWiki File | adWORDPROCESSOR |
| 489 | Matroska video File | adMOVIE |
| 490 | Scalable Vector Graphics image | adVECTORGRAPHIC |
| 491 | Shapefile | adMISC |
| 492 | Flash video File | adMOVIE |
| 493 | Embedded OpenType font | adFONT |
| 494 | Web Open Font Format | adFONT |
| 495 | OpenType Font | adFONT |
| 496 | Multiple-image Network Graphics | adANIMATION |
| 497 | JPEG Network Graphics | adRASTERIMAGE |
| 498 | AppleScript Binary Source Code | adSOURCECODE |
| 499 | Autodesk Maya binary file | adCAD |
| 500 | Ogg Theora Video format | adMOVIE |
| 501 | General Ogg Container format | adMISC |
| 502 | GNU Message Catalog format | adMISC |
| 503 | Windows shortcut file | adMISC |
| 504 | Apple/NeXT typedstream data format | adMISC |
| 505 | GIMP XCF image | adRASTERIMAGE |

Major Formats, continued

| Number | Format | File Class |
|--------|--|-----------------|
| 506 | PaintShop Pro image | adRASTERIMAGE |
| 507 | SQLite database format | adDATABASE |
| 508 | MySQL table definition file | adDATABASE |
| 509 | Microsoft Program Database format | adDATABASE |
| 510 | OpenEXR image format | adRASTERIMAGE |
| 511 | 4X Movie File | adMOVIE |
| 512 | AMV video file | adMOVIE |
| 513 | Notation Interchange File Format | adSOUND |
| 514 | Steinberg CuBase file | adSOUND |
| 515 | SoundFont file | adSOUND |
| 516 | WebP image | adRASTERIMAGE |
| 517 | International Color Consortium files | adMISC |
| 518 | X11 Portable Compiled Font file | adFONT |
| 519 | WebM video file | adMOVIE |
| 520 | Amiga Metafile | adVECTORGRAPHIC |
| 521 | IFF Animated Bitmap | adRASTERIMAGE |
| 522 | IFF Amiga animated raster graphics format | adRASTERIMAGE |
| 523 | IFF-DEEP TVPaint image | adRASTERIMAGE |
| 524 | IFF-FAXX Facsimile image | adRASTERIMAGE |
| 525 | IFF Glow Icon image | adRASTERIMAGE |
| 526 | Interleaved BitMap image | adRASTERIMAGE |
| 527 | LightWave Object format | adMISC |
| 528 | IFF-MAUD MacroSystem audio format | adSOUND |
| 529 | IFF Planar BitMap | adRASTERIMAGE |
| 530 | IFF TDDD and Imagine Object animation format | adRASTERIMAGE |
| 531 | AT&T DjVu format | adWORDPROCESSOR |

Major Formats, continued

| Number | Format | File Class |
|--------|--|-----------------|
| 532 | Adobe InDesign document | adDESKTOPPUBLSH |
| 533 | Calamus Desktop Publishing | adDESKTOPPUBLSH |
| 534 | Adaptive Multi-Rate audio format | adSOUND |
| 535 | Free Lossless Audio Codec format | adSOUND |
| 536 | Ogg Container FLAC audio format | adSOUND |
| 537 | SAS7BDAT database storage format | adDATABASE |
| 538 | Autodesk Design Web Format | adCAD |
| 539 | Adobe Flash Player audio book | adSOUND |
| 540 | Adobe Flash Player audio | adSOUND |
| 541 | Adobe Flash Player protected video | adMOVIE |
| 542 | Adobe Flash Player video | adMOVIE |
| 543 | Audible Enhanced Audiobook | adSOUND |
| 544 | Canon Digital Camera image | adRASTERIMAGE |
| 545 | Canon Raw image | adRASTERIMAGE |
| 546 | Casio Digital Camera image | adRASTERIMAGE |
| 547 | Convergent Design file | adRASTERIMAGE |
| 548 | DMB MAF audio | adSOUND |
| 549 | DMB MAF video | adMOVIE |
| 550 | Digital Media Project Content Format | adMISC |
| 551 | Digital Video Broadcast format | adMOVIE |
| 552 | ISO-BMFF Dirac Wavelet compression | adMISC |
| 553 | High Efficiency Image Format HEVC image sequence | adRASTERIMAGE |
| 554 | High Efficiency Image Format HEVC image | adRASTERIMAGE |
| 555 | High Efficiency Image Format image sequence | adRASTERIMAGE |
| 556 | High Efficiency Image Format image | adRASTERIMAGE |
| 557 | ISMACryp 2.0 Encrypted format | adENCAPSULATION |

Major Formats, continued

| Number | Format | File Class |
|--------|--|---------------|
| 558 | 3GPP2 video file | adMOVIE |
| 559 | 3GPP video file | adMOVIE |
| 560 | ISO-BMFF JPEG 2000 image | adRASTERIMAGE |
| 561 | ISO-BMFF JPEG 2000 compound image | adRASTERIMAGE |
| 562 | ISO-BMFF JPEG 2000 with extensions | adRASTERIMAGE |
| 563 | Apple ISO-BMFF QuickTime video | adMOVIE |
| 564 | KDDI Video file | adMOVIE |
| 565 | MAF Photo Player | adMISC |
| 566 | ISO-BMFF MPEG-4 with AVC extension | adMOVIE |
| 567 | Apple MPEG-4 Part 14 audio | adSOUND |
| 568 | Apple MPEG-4 Part 14 audio book | adSOUND |
| 569 | Apple MPEG-4 Part 14 protected audio | adSOUND |
| 570 | Apple MPEG-4 Part 14 video | adMOVIE |
| 571 | Sony PSP MPEG-4 | adSOUND |
| 572 | MPEG-21 | adMISC |
| 573 | Mobile QuickTime video | adMOVIE |
| 574 | Motion JPEG 2000 | adMOVIE |
| 575 | NTT MPEG-4 | adMOVIE |
| 576 | Nero MPEG-4 profile with AVC extension | adMOVIE |
| 577 | Nero AAC audio | adSOUND |
| 578 | Nero MPEG-4 profile | adMOVIE |
| 579 | OMA DRM Format | adMISC |
| 580 | Panasonic Digital Camera image | adRASTERIMAGE |
| 581 | Ross video | adMOVIE |
| 582 | SDA SD Memory Card video | adMOVIE |
| 583 | Samsung stereoscopic stream | adMISC |

Major Formats, continued

| Number | Format | File Class |
|--------|--|---------------|
| 584 | Sony XAVC video | adMOVIE |
| 585 | JPEG 2000 PGX Verification Model image | adRASTERIMAGE |
| 586 | Apple Desktop Services Store file | adMISC |
| 587 | Apple Core Audio Format | adSOUND |
| 588 | VICAR image format | adRASTERIMAGE |
| 589 | Flexible Image Transport System FITS image | adRASTERIMAGE |
| 590 | Digital Interface Format (DIF) DV video | adMOVIE |
| 591 | MPEG Transport Stream data | adMISC |
| 592 | MPEG Sequence format | adMISC |
| 593 | Ogg OGM video format | adMOVIE |
| 594 | Ogg Speex audio format | adSOUND |
| 595 | Ogg Opus audio format | adSOUND |
| 596 | Musepack audio format | adSOUND |
| 597 | ART image format | adRASTERIMAGE |
| 598 | Vivo audio-video format | adMOVIE |
| 599 | Qualcomm QCP audio | adSOUND |
| 600 | Creative Signal Processor codec | adMISC |
| 601 | NTT TwinVQ audio format | adSOUND |
| 602 | Interplay MVE video format | adMOVIE |
| 603 | IRIX Silicon Graphics moviemaker video file | adMOVIE |
| 604 | Sega FILM video format | adMOVIE |
| 605 | Synthetic music Mobile Application Format | adSOUND |
| 606 | NIST SPeech HEader Resources format | adSOUND |
| 607 | Chinese AVS video format | adMOVIE |
| 608 | Westwood Studios Vector Quantized Animation video file | adANIMATION |
| 609 | Wildfire YAFA animation | adANIMATION |

Major Formats, continued

| Number | Format | File Class |
|--------|--|-----------------|
| 610 | Origin Wing Commander III MVE movie format | adMOVIE |
| 611 | BBC Dirac video format | adMOVIE |
| 612 | Autodesk Maya ASCII file format | adCAD |
| 613 | Pixar RenderMan Interface Bytestream file | adVECTORGRAPHIC |
| 614 | NOFF 3D Object File Format | adVECTORGRAPHIC |
| 615 | Visualization Toolkit VTK ASCII format | adVECTORGRAPHIC |
| 616 | Visualization Toolkit VTK Binary format | adVECTORGRAPHIC |
| 617 | Wolfram Mathematica Computable Document Format | adMISC |
| 618 | Wolfram Mathematica Notebook Format | adMISC |
| 619 | Hierarchical Data Format HDF4 | adMISC |
| 620 | Hierarchical Data Format HDF5 | adMISC |
| 621 | Acorn RISC ARMovie video format | adMOVIE |
| 622 | Windows Television DVR format | adMOVIE |
| 623 | InstallShield Z archive format | adENCAPSULATION |
| 624 | Microsoft DirectDraw Surface container format | adENCAPSULATION |
| 625 | Bink audio-video container format | adMOVIE |
| 626 | LZMA compressed data format | adENCAPSULATION |
| 627 | True Audio format | adSOUND |
| 628 | Keepass Password file | adMISC |
| 629 | RPM Package Manager file | adENCAPSULATION |
| 630 | Adobe Printer Font Metrics format | adFONT |
| 631 | Adobe Font Metrics ASCII format | adFONT |
| 632 | Adobe Printer Font ASCII format | adFONT |
| 633 | Netware Loadable Module format | adMISC |
| 634 | TCPdump packet stream capture savefile format | adMISC |
| 635 | Adobe Multiple master font format | adFONT |

Major Formats, continued

| Number | Format | File Class |
|--------|--|-----------------|
| 636 | TrueType font collection format | adFONT |
| 637 | Shapefile binary spatial index format | adMISC |
| 638 | Java Key Store format | adMISC |
| 639 | Java JCE Key Store format | adMISC |
| 640 | QuarkXPress Intel format | adDESKTOPPUBLSH |
| 641 | Microsoft Windows Imaging Format WIM | adMISC |
| 642 | VMware Virtual Disk Format 5.0 | adMISC |
| 643 | XPCConnect Typelib Format | adMISC |
| 644 | Microsoft MS-DOS installation compression | adENCAPSULATION |
| 645 | DLS Downloadable Sounds format | adSOUND |
| 646 | Microsoft Windows Registry format | adMISC |
| 647 | Microsoft Help 2.0 format | adENCAPSULATION |
| 648 | Qt binary translation file format | adMISC |
| 649 | PEM-encoded SSL certificate | adENCAPSULATION |
| 650 | Adobe PostScript Printer Description file | adMISC |
| 651 | Speedo Font format | adFONT |
| 652 | InstallShield Cabinet Archive format | adENCAPSULATION |
| 653 | InstallShield Uninstall format | adENCAPSULATION |
| 654 | Outlook Express DBX folder database format | adENCAPSULATION |
| 655 | National Instruments LabVIEW file format | adMISC |
| 656 | SAP compression archive SAR format | adENCAPSULATION |
| 657 | Netscape Address Book format | adMISC |
| 658 | Universal 3D file format | adVECTORGRAPHIC |
| 659 | Open Inventor ASCII format | adVECTORGRAPHIC |
| 660 | Open Inventor Binary format | adVECTORGRAPHIC |
| 661 | X Window Dump image | adRASTERIMAGE |

Major Formats, continued

| Number | Format | File Class |
|--------|---|-----------------|
| 662 | Git Packfile format | adENCAPSULATION |
| 663 | Xara X Xar image format | adVECTORGRAPHIC |
| 664 | Internet Archive ARC format | adENCAPSULATION |
| 665 | Applix Builder format | adMISC |
| 666 | Applix Bitmap image format | adRASTERIMAGE |
| 667 | PEM-encoded RSA private key | adENCAPSULATION |
| 668 | Magick Image File Format | adRASTERIMAGE |
| 669 | Subversion Dump format | adENCAPSULATION |
| 670 | Microsoft Virtual Hard Disk format | adENCAPSULATION |
| 671 | PowerISO Direct Access Archive format | adENCAPSULATION |
| 672 | Debian binary package format | adENCAPSULATION |
| 673 | Mozilla XUL Fastload format | adMISC |
| 674 | Nastran OP2 format | adCAD |
| 675 | CAD Binary Logging Format | adCAD |
| 676 | CAD Measurement Data Format | adCAD |
| 677 | Abaqus ODB Format | adCAD |
| 678 | Vector Open Diagnostic Data Exchange format | adCAD |
| 679 | Vector CAD ASCII ASC format | adCAD |
| 680 | LS-DYNA State Database format | adCAD |
| 681 | LS-DYNA binary output (binout) format | adCAD |
| 682 | Microsoft Power BI Desktop format | adANALYTICS |
| 683 | Tableau Workbook format | adANALYTICS |
| 684 | Tableau Packaged Workbook format | adANALYTICS |
| 685 | Tableau Extract format | adANALYTICS |
| 686 | Tableau Data Source format | adANALYTICS |
| 687 | Tableau Packaged Data Source format | adANALYTICS |

Major Formats, continued

| Number | Format | File Class |
|--------|----------------------------|--------------|
| 688 | Tableau Preferences format | adANALYTICS |
| 689 | Tableau Map Source format | adANALYTICS |
| 690 | ABAP Source Code | adSOURCECODE |
| 691 | AMPL Source Code | adSOURCECODE |
| 692 | APL Source Code | adSOURCECODE |
| 693 | ASN.1 Source Code | adSOURCECODE |
| 694 | ATS Source Code | adSOURCECODE |
| 695 | Agda Source Code | adSOURCECODE |
| 696 | Alloy Source Code | adSOURCECODE |
| 697 | Apex Source Code | adSOURCECODE |
| 698 | Arduino Source Code | adSOURCECODE |
| 699 | AsciiDoc Source Code | adSOURCECODE |
| 700 | AspectJ Source Code | adSOURCECODE |
| 701 | Awk Source Code | adSOURCECODE |
| 702 | BlitzMax Source Code | adSOURCECODE |
| 703 | Bluespec Source Code | adSOURCECODE |
| 704 | Brainfuck Source Code | adSOURCECODE |
| 705 | Brightscript Source Code | adSOURCECODE |
| 706 | CLIPS Source Code | adSOURCECODE |
| 707 | CMake Source Code | adSOURCECODE |
| 708 | COBOL Source Code | adSOURCECODE |
| 709 | CWeb Source Code | adSOURCECODE |
| 710 | CartoCSS Source Code | adSOURCECODE |
| 711 | Ceylon Source Code | adSOURCECODE |
| 712 | Chapel Source Code | adSOURCECODE |
| 713 | Clarion Source Code | adSOURCECODE |

Major Formats, continued

| Number | Format | File Class |
|--------|--------------------------------------|--------------|
| 714 | Clean Source Code | adSOURCECODE |
| 715 | Component Pascal Source Code | adSOURCECODE |
| 716 | Cool Source Code | adSOURCECODE |
| 717 | Coq Source Code | adSOURCECODE |
| 718 | Creole Source Code | adSOURCECODE |
| 719 | Crystal Source Code | adSOURCECODE |
| 720 | Csound Source Code | adSOURCECODE |
| 721 | Csound Document Source Code | adSOURCECODE |
| 722 | Cuda Source Code | adSOURCECODE |
| 723 | D Source Code | adSOURCECODE |
| 724 | DIGITAL Command Language Source Code | adSOURCECODE |
| 725 | DTrace Source Code | adSOURCECODE |
| 726 | Dart Source Code | adSOURCECODE |
| 727 | E Source Code | adSOURCECODE |
| 728 | ECL Source Code | adSOURCECODE |
| 729 | Elm Source Code | adSOURCECODE |
| 730 | Emacs Lisp Source Code | adSOURCECODE |
| 731 | EmberScript Source Code | adSOURCECODE |
| 732 | Fantom Source Code | adSOURCECODE |
| 733 | Forth Source Code | adSOURCECODE |
| 734 | FreeMarker Source Code | adSOURCECODE |
| 735 | Frege Source Code | adSOURCECODE |
| 736 | G-code Source Code | adSOURCECODE |
| 737 | GAMS Source Code | adSOURCECODE |
| 738 | GAP Source Code | adSOURCECODE |
| 739 | GDScript Source Code | adSOURCECODE |

Major Formats, continued

| Number | Format | File Class |
|--------|---------------------------------|--------------|
| 740 | GLSL Source Code | adSOURCECODE |
| 741 | Game Maker Language Source Code | adSOURCECODE |
| 742 | Gnuplot Source Code | adSOURCECODE |
| 743 | Golo Source Code | adSOURCECODE |
| 744 | Gosu Source Code | adSOURCECODE |
| 745 | Gradle Source Code | adSOURCECODE |
| 746 | GraphQL Source Code | adSOURCECODE |
| 747 | Graphviz (DOT) Source Code | adSOURCECODE |
| 748 | HLSL Source Code | adSOURCECODE |
| 749 | Hack Source Code | adSOURCECODE |
| 750 | Haml Source Code | adSOURCECODE |
| 751 | Handlebars Source Code | adSOURCECODE |
| 752 | Hy Source Code | adSOURCECODE |
| 753 | IDL Source Code | adSOURCECODE |
| 754 | IGOR Pro Source Code | adSOURCECODE |
| 755 | Idris Source Code | adSOURCECODE |
| 756 | Inform 7 Source Code | adSOURCECODE |
| 757 | Ioke Source Code | adSOURCECODE |
| 758 | Isabelle Source Code | adSOURCECODE |
| 759 | J Source Code | adSOURCECODE |
| 760 | JSONiq Source Code | adSOURCECODE |
| 761 | JSX Source Code | adSOURCECODE |
| 762 | Jasmin Source Code | adSOURCECODE |
| 763 | Jolie Source Code | adSOURCECODE |
| 764 | Julia Source Code | adSOURCECODE |
| 765 | KiCad Layout Source Code | adSOURCECODE |

Major Formats, continued

| Number | Format | File Class |
|--------|-----------------------------|--------------|
| 766 | KiCad Schematic Source Code | adSOURCECODE |
| 767 | Kotlin Source Code | adSOURCECODE |
| 768 | LFE Source Code | adSOURCECODE |
| 769 | LOLCODE Source Code | adSOURCECODE |
| 770 | Lasso Source Code | adSOURCECODE |
| 771 | Limbo Source Code | adSOURCECODE |
| 772 | LiveScript Source Code | adSOURCECODE |
| 773 | M Source Code | adSOURCECODE |
| 774 | MAXScript Source Code | adSOURCECODE |
| 775 | Markdown Source Code | adSOURCECODE |
| 776 | Max Source Code | adSOURCECODE |
| 777 | Mercury Source Code | adSOURCECODE |
| 778 | Modelica Source Code | adSOURCECODE |
| 779 | Modula-2 Source Code | adSOURCECODE |
| 780 | Monkey Source Code | adSOURCECODE |
| 781 | Moocode Source Code | adSOURCECODE |
| 782 | NL Source Code | adSOURCECODE |
| 783 | NSIS Source Code | adSOURCECODE |
| 784 | NetLogo Source Code | adSOURCECODE |
| 785 | NewLisp Source Code | adSOURCECODE |
| 786 | Nginx Source Code | adSOURCECODE |
| 787 | Nix Source Code | adSOURCECODE |
| 788 | Nu Source Code | adSOURCECODE |
| 789 | OCaml Source Code | adSOURCECODE |
| 790 | OpenCL Source Code | adSOURCECODE |
| 791 | OpenEdge ABL Source Code | adSOURCECODE |

Major Formats, continued

| Number | Format | File Class |
|--------|-----------------------------|--------------|
| 792 | OpenSCAD Source Code | adSOURCECODE |
| 793 | Ox Source Code | adSOURCECODE |
| 794 | Oxygene Source Code | adSOURCECODE |
| 795 | Oz Source Code | adSOURCECODE |
| 796 | PAWN Source Code | adSOURCECODE |
| 797 | PLpgSQL Source Code | adSOURCECODE |
| 798 | Pan Source Code | adSOURCECODE |
| 799 | Parrot Assembly Source Code | adSOURCECODE |
| 800 | PicoLisp Source Code | adSOURCECODE |
| 801 | Pike Source Code | adSOURCECODE |
| 802 | Pony Source Code | adSOURCECODE |
| 803 | Processing Source Code | adSOURCECODE |
| 804 | PureBasic Source Code | adSOURCECODE |
| 805 | QMake File | adSOURCECODE |
| 806 | RAML Source Code | adSOURCECODE |
| 807 | RDoc Source Code | adSOURCECODE |
| 808 | REXX Source Code | adSOURCECODE |
| 809 | Racket Source Code | adSOURCECODE |
| 810 | Ragel Source Code | adSOURCECODE |
| 811 | Rascal Source Code | adSOURCECODE |
| 812 | Rebol Source Code | adSOURCECODE |
| 813 | Red Source Code | adSOURCECODE |
| 814 | Ren'Py Source Code | adSOURCECODE |
| 815 | RenderScript Source Code | adSOURCECODE |
| 816 | Ring Source Code | adSOURCECODE |
| 817 | RobotFramework Source Code | adSOURCECODE |

Major Formats, continued

| Number | Format | File Class |
|--------|---------------------------|--------------|
| 818 | SAS Source Code | adSOURCECODE |
| 819 | SPARQL Source Code | adSOURCECODE |
| 820 | SQL Source Code | adSOURCECODE |
| 821 | SQLPL Source Code | adSOURCECODE |
| 822 | SaltStack Source Code | adSOURCECODE |
| 823 | Scheme Source Code | adSOURCECODE |
| 824 | Scilab Source Code | adSOURCECODE |
| 825 | Squirrel Source Code | adSOURCECODE |
| 826 | Stan Source Code | adSOURCECODE |
| 827 | Stata Source Code | adSOURCECODE |
| 828 | Stylus Source Code | adSOURCECODE |
| 829 | SuperCollider Source Code | adSOURCECODE |
| 830 | SystemVerilog Source Code | adSOURCECODE |
| 831 | TXL Source Code | adSOURCECODE |
| 832 | Turing Source Code | adSOURCECODE |
| 833 | Turtle Source Code | adSOURCECODE |
| 834 | UrWeb Source Code | adSOURCECODE |
| 835 | Vim script File | adSOURCECODE |
| 836 | Visual Basic Source Code | adSOURCECODE |
| 837 | WebAssembly Source Code | adSOURCECODE |
| 838 | WebIDL Source Code | adSOURCECODE |
| 839 | X10 Source Code | adSOURCECODE |
| 840 | XQuery Source Code | adSOURCECODE |
| 841 | Xojo Source Code | adSOURCECODE |
| 842 | Xtend Source Code | adSOURCECODE |
| 843 | YANG Source Code | adSOURCECODE |

Major Formats, continued

| Number | Format | File Class |
|--------|--|-----------------|
| 844 | Zephir Source Code | adSOURCECODE |
| 845 | eC Source Code | adSOURCECODE |
| 846 | reStructuredText Source Code | adSOURCECODE |
| 847 | xBase Source Code | adSOURCECODE |
| 848 | MSI Windows Installer format | adENCAPSULATION |
| 849 | Autodesk 3ds Max format | adCAD |
| 850 | PhotoDraw MIX image | adRASTERIMAGE |
| 851 | Softimage Scene SCN format | adCAD |
| 852 | Parasolid ascii XT format | adCAD |
| 853 | Parasolid binary XB format | adCAD |
| 854 | Initial Graphics Exchange Specification format | adCAD |
| 855 | ACE archive format | adENCAPSULATION |
| 856 | Grasshopper GHX format | adCAD |
| 857 | Microsoft FrontPage macro file format | adWORDPROCESSOR |
| 858 | Microsoft AtWork Fax format | adFAXFORMAT |
| 859 | Microsoft Image Composer format | adRASTERIMAGE |
| 860 | Microsoft Visual InterDev web project items file | adMISC |
| 861 | Macromedia Flash FLA Project File OLE format | adWORDPROCESSOR |
| 862 | CorelDRAW version X4 onwards | adVECTORGRAPHIC |
| 863 | Ogg Daala video format | adMOVIE |
| 864 | Ogg BBC Dirac video format | adMOVIE |
| 865 | PKCS #7 cryptographic format | adWORDPROCESSOR |
| 866 | Time-stamped data format | adENCAPSULATION |
| 867 | Sereal data serialization format | adMISC |
| 868 | Associated Signature Container Simple format | adENCAPSULATION |
| 869 | Associated Signature Container Extended format | adENCAPSULATION |

Major Formats, continued

| Number | Format | File Class |
|--------|--|-----------------|
| 870 | Apple iBooks format | adWORDPROCESSOR |
| 871 | PDF Forms Data Format | adWORDPROCESSOR |
| 872 | PDF XML Forms Data Format | adWORDPROCESSOR |
| 873 | AxCrypt encrypted document | adENCAPSULATION |
| 874 | Unix Archive ar format | adENCAPSULATION |
| 875 | Berkeley DB btree database format | adDATABASE |
| 876 | Berkeley DB hash database format | adDATABASE |
| 877 | Berkeley DB log database format | adDATABASE |
| 878 | Berkeley DB queue database format | adDATABASE |
| 879 | BitTorrent file format | adMISC |
| 880 | Google Chrome Extension format | adENCAPSULATION |
| 881 | Dalvik Executable dex format | adEXECUTABLE |
| 882 | Foxmail email format | adWORDPROCESSOR |
| 883 | General Regularly-distributed Information in Binary form GRIB format | adMISC |
| 884 | Zstandard compression format | adENCAPSULATION |
| 885 | LZ4 compressed file | adENCAPSULATION |
| 886 | Microsoft Money format | adSPREADSHEET |
| 887 | Network Common Data Form NetCDF format | adMISC |
| 888 | SAS 6 Data storage format | adDATABASE |
| 889 | SAS Transport File XPORT format | adDATABASE |
| 890 | Snappy Framed compression format | adENCAPSULATION |
| 891 | Stata Data Format | adDATABASE |
| 892 | SPSS Statistics Data File Format | adDATABASE |
| 893 | Zoo Compressed Archive Format | adENCAPSULATION |
| 894 | ChemDraw CDX format | adMISC |

Major Formats, continued

| Number | Format | File Class |
|--------|---|-----------------|
| 895 | ChemDraw CDXML format | adMISC |
| 896 | Better Portable Graphics BPG format | adRASTERIMAGE |
| 897 | Apple Icon image format | adRASTERIMAGE |
| 898 | National Imagery Transmission Format NITF image | adRASTERIMAGE |
| 899 | ERDAS Imagine image format | adRASTERIMAGE |
| 900 | Microsoft Office temporary owner file | adMISC |
| 901 | Enhanced-AC3 (EAC3) Audio File format | adSOUND |
| 902 | Common Object File Format (COFF) relocatable object | adOBJECTMODULE |
| 903 | Common Object File Format (COFF) executable | adEXECUTABLE |
| 904 | Common Object File Format (COFF) dynamic library | adLIBRARY |
| 905 | ELF Core file | adMISC |
| 906 | Rational Purify data file | adMISC |
| 907 | Kryptel encrypted file | adENCAPSULATION |
| 908 | Windows heap or mini core dump file | adMISC |
| 909 | Qt Prerendered Font format | adFONT |
| 910 | AIX/RISC COFF relocatable object | adOBJECTMODULE |
| 911 | AIX/RISC COFF executable | adEXECUTABLE |
| 912 | AIX/RISC COFF dynamic library | adLIBRARY |
| 913 | HPUX/PA-RISC COFF relocatable object | adOBJECTMODULE |
| 914 | HPUX/PA-RISC COFF executable | adEXECUTABLE |
| 915 | HPUX/PA-RISC COFF dynamic library | adLIBRARY |
| 916 | EBCDIC-encoded XML file | adWORDPROCESSOR |
| 917 | MPEG JVT-NAL sequence H264 video | adMOVIE |
| 918 | Material Exchange Format audio-video container format | adMOVIE |
| 919 | Microsoft Agent Character file | adMOVIE |
| 920 | Quicken data file | adMISC |

Major Formats, continued

| Number | Format | File Class |
|--------|--|-----------------|
| 921 | Microsoft Outlook address file | adMISC |
| 922 | Microsoft Answer Wizard file | adMISC |
| 923 | ADX audio file | adSOUND |
| 924 | Microsoft System Deployment Image SDI format | adMISC |
| 925 | Free Lossless Image Format (FLIF) | adRASTERIMAGE |
| 926 | Digital Picture Exchange (DPX) image format | adRASTERIMAGE |
| 927 | Apache Avro binary format | adMISC |
| 928 | InstallShield archive (early versions) format | adENCAPSULATION |
| 929 | Mac OS-X (Mach-O) executable format | adEXECUTABLE |
| 930 | GDSII data format | adMISC |
| 931 | Microsoft ActiveMime (mso) documents | adMISC |
| 932 | BizInt SmartCharts data format | adMISC |
| 933 | Webex advanced network ARF recordings | adMOVIE |
| 934 | Webex local WRF recordings | adMOVIE |
| 935 | Symantec PGP NetShare encrypted file | adENCAPSULATION |
| 936 | Ability Write later versions format | adWORDPROCESSOR |
| 937 | Ability Spreadsheet later versions format | adSPREADSHEET |
| 938 | Adobe InDesign IDML format | adDESKTOPPUBLSH |
| 939 | Executable Java Archive (jar) file | adENCAPSULATION |
| 940 | IDOL Server IDX file | adENCAPSULATION |
| 941 | Android Package Kit (APK) format | adEXECUTABLE |
| 942 | Android Binary XML (compressed by aapt) format | adWORDPROCESSOR |
| 943 | Java WAR file format | adENCAPSULATION |
| 944 | Java EAR file format | adENCAPSULATION |
| 945 | Atom Syndication Format | adWORDPROCESSOR |
| 946 | RSS syndication XML format | adWORDPROCESSOR |

Major Formats, continued

| Number | Format | File Class |
|--------|--|-----------------|
| 947 | Synchronized Multimedia Integration Language (SMIL) XML format | adWORDPROCESSOR |
| 948 | Extensible Stylesheet Language Transformations (XSLT) format | adWORDPROCESSOR |
| 949 | XML Shareable Playlist Format (XSPF) | adWORDPROCESSOR |
| 950 | FictionBook e-book XML format | adWORDPROCESSOR |
| 951 | Adobe Premiere project format | adMISC |
| 952 | RDF/XML format | adWORDPROCESSOR |
| 953 | Really Simple Discovery (RSD) XML format | adWORDPROCESSOR |
| 954 | Systems Biology Markup Language (SBML) XML format | adWORDPROCESSOR |
| 955 | Search/Retrieve via URL (SRU) XML format | adWORDPROCESSOR |
| 956 | Speech Synthesis Markup Language (SSML) XML format | adWORDPROCESSOR |
| 957 | Pronunciation Lexicon Specification (PLS) XML format | adWORDPROCESSOR |
| 958 | Text Encoding Initiative (TEI) XML format | adWORDPROCESSOR |
| 959 | Metadata Encoding and Transmission Standard (METS) XML format | adWORDPROCESSOR |
| 960 | Metadata Object Description Schema (MODS) XML format | adWORDPROCESSOR |
| 961 | Metalink XML format | adWORDPROCESSOR |
| 962 | Open eBook (OEBPS) XML format | adWORDPROCESSOR |
| 963 | Speech Recognition Grammar Specification (SRGS) XML format | adWORDPROCESSOR |
| 964 | SPARQL Query Results XML format | adWORDPROCESSOR |
| 965 | Adobe XML Data Package format | adWORDPROCESSOR |
| 966 | e-Szigno signed xml document | adWORDPROCESSOR |
| 967 | Mozilla XML User Interface Language (XUL) XML format | adWORDPROCESSOR |
| 968 | Synchronization Markup Language (SyncML) XML format | adWORDPROCESSOR |
| 969 | VoiceXML (VXML) XML format | adWORDPROCESSOR |

Major Formats, continued

| Number | Format | File Class |
|--------|--|-----------------|
| 970 | Texas Instruments CCXML target configuration XML format | adWORDPROCESSOR |
| 971 | Lempel-Ziv Finite State Entropy (LZFSE) compression format | adENCAPSULATION |
| 972 | Amazon Kindle or Mobipocket eBook format | adWORDPROCESSOR |
| 973 | Open Artwork System Interchange Standard (OASIS) format | adMISC |
| 974 | Amazon KFX eBook format | adWORDPROCESSOR |
| 975 | KTX image format | adRASTERIMAGE |
| 976 | GMSH Mesh polygon format | adCAD |
| 977 | Collada Digital Asset Exchange (DAE) format | adCAD |
| 978 | YIN XML format | adWORDPROCESSOR |
| 979 | MPEG audio playlist format | adSOUND |
| 980 | Windows Audio playlist format | adSOUND |
| 981 | DTS Coherent Acoustics audio format | adSOUND |
| 982 | Chemical Markup Language (CML) XML format | adWORDPROCESSOR |
| 983 | CrystalMaker chemical format | adMISC |
| 984 | Visualization Toolkit VTK XML format | adVECTORGRAPHIC |
| 985 | IP Flow Information Export (IPFIX) format | adMISC |
| 986 | Portable Font Resource font format | adFONT |
| 987 | Machine-Readable Cataloging (MARC21) format | adDATABASE |
| 988 | Machine-Readable Cataloging (MARC) XML format | adWORDPROCESSOR |
| 989 | Extensible Archive (XAR) format | adENCAPSULATION |
| 990 | Symbian installer format | adENCAPSULATION |
| 991 | OpenDocument format (OpenOffice 1/StarOffice 6.7) Writer Master document XML | adWORDPROCESSOR |
| 992 | ODF Chart | adVECTORGRAPHIC |
| 993 | ODF Database | adDATABASE |
| 994 | ODF Image | adRASTERIMAGE |

Major Formats, continued

| Number | Format | File Class |
|--------|--|-----------------|
| 995 | ODF Text Master | adWORDPROCESSOR |
| 996 | ODF Text Web | adWORDPROCESSOR |
| 997 | ODF Chart Template | adVECTORGRAPHIC |
| 998 | ODF Formula Template | adWORDPROCESSOR |
| 999 | ODF Image Template | adRASTERIMAGE |
| 1000 | ODF Chart flat XML format | adVECTORGRAPHIC |
| 1001 | ODF Drawing/Graphics flat XML format | adWORDPROCESSOR |
| 1002 | ODF Formula flat XML format | adVECTORGRAPHIC |
| 1003 | ODF Image flat XML format | adRASTERIMAGE |
| 1004 | ODF Presentation flat XML format | adPRESENTATION |
| 1005 | ODF Spreadsheet flat XML format | adSPREADSHEET |
| 1006 | ODF Text flat XML format | adWORDPROCESSOR |
| 1007 | ODF Extension format | adMISC |
| 1008 | OpenOffice StarView MetaFile format | adRASTERIMAGE |
| 1009 | Broad Band eBook (BBEB) in LRF format | adWORDPROCESSOR |
| 1010 | GPG trust database format | adMISC |
| 1011 | VICE (Versatile Commodore Emulator) format | adMISC |
| 1012 | Portable Game Notation chess format | adWORDPROCESSOR |
| 1013 | Doom IWAD/PWAD format | adMISC |
| 1014 | Linux Device Tree Blob format | adMISC |
| 1015 | Glyph Bitmap Distribution Format | adFONT |
| 1016 | PC Screen Font format | adFONT |
| 1017 | Java Network Launching Protocol | adWORDPROCESSOR |
| 1018 | XAML Browser Application (XBAP) format | adWORDPROCESSOR |
| 1019 | Microsoft Office Binder format | adENCAPSULATION |
| 1020 | Microsoft Silverlight application (XAP) format | adENCAPSULATION |

Major Formats, continued

| Number | Format | File Class |
|--------|---|-----------------|
| 1021 | StuffIt X (SITX) archive format | adENCAPSULATION |
| 1022 | Facility for Interactive Generation of figures (FIG) image format | adVECTORGRAPHIC |
| 1023 | XPIInstall Cross-Platform Installer Module (XPI) format | adENCAPSULATION |
| 1024 | Extensible Data Format (XDF) XML format | adWORDPROCESSOR |
| 1025 | MXML UI markup language XML format | adWORDPROCESSOR |
| 1026 | MusicXML format | adENCAPSULATION |
| 1027 | Finale audio format | adSOUND |
| 1028 | TIBCO Spotfire DXP data format | adANALYTICS |
| 1029 | Microsoft Office theme format | adMISC |
| 1030 | Adobe AIR application installer package | adENCAPSULATION |
| 1031 | Adobe Flash Flex project file format | adENCAPSULATION |
| 1032 | FoxPro compiled source format | adLIBRARY |
| 1033 | Virtual Studio Technology (VST) preset format | adSOUND |
| 1034 | Mischief vector graphics image format | adVECTORGRAPHIC |
| 1035 | FreeArc archive format | adENCAPSULATION |
| 1036 | Autodesk 3ds format | adCAD |
| 1037 | Monkey's Audio format | adSOUND |
| 1038 | CALS raster image format | adRASTERIMAGE |
| 1039 | Dr Halo raster image PAL file format | adRASTERIMAGE |
| 1040 | Nintendo DS DPG video format | adMOVIE |
| 1041 | JPEG XR (extended range) image format | adRASTERIMAGE |
| 1042 | TCR (Text Compression for Reader) eBook format | adWORDPROCESSOR |

File Classes

| Attribute Number | Description | File class |
|------------------|-----------------------|-----------------|
| 0 | No file class | AutoDetNoFormat |
| 01 | Word processor | adWORDPROCESSOR |
| 02 | Spreadsheet | adSPREADSHEET |
| 03 | Database | adDATABASE |
| 04 | Raster image | adRASTERIMAGE |
| 05 | Vector graphic | adVECTORGRAPHIC |
| 06 | Presentation | adPRESENTATION |
| 07 | Executable | adEXECUTABLE |
| 08 | Encapsulation | adENCAPSULATION |
| 09 | Sound | adSOUND |
| 10 | Desktop publishing | adDESKTOPPUBLSH |
| 11 | Outline/planning | adOUTLINE |
| 12 | Miscellaneous | adMISC |
| 13 | Mixed format | adMIXED |
| 14 | Font | adFONT |
| 15 | Time scheduling | adSCHEDULE |
| 16 | Communications | adCOMMUNICATION |
| 17 | Object module | adOBJECTMODULE |
| 18 | Library module | adLIBRARY |
| 19 | Fax | adFAXFORMAT |
| 20 | Movie | adMOVIE |
| 21 | Animation | adANIMATION |
| 22 | Source Code | adSOURCECODE |
| 23 | Computer-Aided Design | adCAD |
| 24 | BI and analysis tools | adANALYTICS |

Minor Formats

| Attribute Number | Minor Format |
|------------------|--------------------------|
| 00 | Minor format not defined |
| 01 | Standard |
| 02 | Book |
| 03 | Chart |
| 04 | Macro |
| 05 | Text |
| 06 | Binary |
| 07 | PC |
| 08 | Windows |
| 09 | DOS |
| 10 | Macintosh |
| 11 | RGB |
| 12 | TIFF |
| 13 | IFF |
| 14 | Experimental |
| 15 | Format Information |
| 16 | RLE |
| 17 | Symbol |
| 18 | Old |
| 19 | Footnote |
| 20 | Style |
| 21 | Palette |
| 22 | Configuration |
| 23 | Activity |
| 24 | Resource |
| 25 | Calculation |

Minor Formats, continued

| Attribute Number | Minor Format |
|------------------|---------------|
| 26 | Glossary |
| 27 | Spelling |
| 28 | Thesaurus |
| 29 | Hyphenation |
| 30 | Miscellaneous |
| 31 | UNIX |
| 32 | VAX |
| 33 | Driver |
| 34 | Archive |

Appendix F: List of Required Files for Redistribution

This section lists the Filter files that can be redistributed in your applications under the licensing agreement. Unless noted, these files are in the directory *install\OS\bin*, where *install* is the path of the Filter installation directory and *OS* is the operating system platform.

NOTE:

On Windows systems, the libraries are .dll files. On UNIX systems, the libraries are .so, .a, or .sl files.

Core Files

The following core files can be redistributed with your application.

| File | Description |
|---------------------|---|
| formats.ini | Initialization file. For more information on this file, see Determine Format Support, on page 203 . |
| FilterDotNet.* | The .NET API. |
| filterfordotnet.dll | Required by the .NET API. |
| KeyView.jar | The Java API. NOTE: This file can be found at the path <i>install/javaapi/KeyView.jar</i> where <i>install</i> is the Filter SDK installation directory. |
| *KeyViewFilter.* | Required by the Java API. |
| kpifcvt.* | For presentation graphics, converts from one picture format to another. |
| kpifutil.* | Utility for handling the internal picture interchange format for presentation graphics. |
| kvfilter_nsl.* | (AIX platforms only.) Alternative Filter API implementation using POSIX standards for starting new processes. |
| kvxtract.* | File Extraction API. |
| kvfilter.* | Filter API. |
| kvolefio.* | Embedded OLE object writer. |
| kvutil.* | Internal KeyView utility functions. |
| kvxpgsa.* | Interface between presentation readers and kvfilter. Required to extract |

| File | Description |
|-----------|---|
| | metadata from AutoCAD files. |
| kvxssa.* | Interface between spreadsheet readers and kvfilter. |
| kvxwpsa.* | Interface between word processing readers and kvfilter. |
| kvzip.* | Zip writer. |
| kwad.* | File auto-recognition module. |
| txtcnv.* | Converter for document token stream. |
| vcredist\ | (Windows platforms only) Microsoft Visual C++ Redistributable Packages. NOTE: This folder can be found in the Filter SDK installation directory. |

Support Files

The following support files can be redistributed with your application.

| File | Description |
|------------------------|--|
| datafiles\ | (Folder) Required by kvlangdetect |
| NSFtemplates\ | (Folder) Templates used by nsfsr to format Lotus mail notes |
| 7z.* | Required by z7zsr and multiarcsr |
| bentofio.* | Required by l123sr and kpprzrdr. |
| cbmap.map | Character mappings for Adobe Portable Document Format (PDF). |
| CEBDLL.dll | Required by cebsr |
| chartbls.ux | Character mappings. |
| chmdll.* | Required by chmsr. |
| codeidentifierplugin.* | Required for source code identification |
| DFECORE.dll | Required by cebsr |
| Filter.dll | Required by cebsr |
| kpbmpwrt.* | Required for processing bmp files |
| kppng.* | Required for ZLIB decompression. |
| kvdecrypt.* | Decryption utility functions |

| File | Description |
|---------------------|--|
| kvlangdetect.* | Utility functions for language and character set detection. |
| kvxconfig.ini | Contains element extraction settings for XML files. |
| kvoop.* | Required for out-of-process filtering. |
| kvthread.* | Required for multithreaded out-of-process filtering. |
| kv.lic | Contains license information for KeyView products. This file is opened and validated when a KeyView API is used. |
| *langdetectext.* | Required by kvlangdetect.* |
| libeay32.dll | (Windows platforms only) SSL utility functions used by KeyView mail format readers |
| libpff.* | Required by pffsr |
| lib/libstlport.so.1 | (Solaris platforms only) Solaris Studio Redistributable |
| tabledata.dat | Required for table detection |
| unzipjpg.* | Required for JPEG decompression. |
| wpmap.* | Extended character mapping for WordPerfect and Corel Presentation. |
| xmlsh.* | Contains a library of content handlers for each XML file type. Required by the Expat XML parser. |

Document Readers

The following readers can be redistributed with your application.

| File | Description |
|----------|---|
| ad1sr.* | AD1 Evidence file reader |
| afsr.* | ASCII reader |
| aiffsr.* | Audio Interchange Format File (AIFF) reader |
| asfsr.* | Advanced Systems Format reader |
| assr.* | Applix Spreadsheet reader |
| awsr.* | Applix Word reader |
| b1sr.* | B1 archive reader |
| bkfsr.* | Microsoft Backup File reader |

| File | Description |
|-------------|---|
| bmpsr.* | Windows bitmap (BMP) reader |
| bzip2sr.* | Bzip2 reader |
| cabsr.* | Microsoft Cabinet format reader |
| cebsr.* | Founder Chinese E-paper Basic reader |
| chmsr.* | Microsoft Compiled HTML Help reader |
| csvsr.* | Comma-Separated Values reader |
| dbfsr.* | dBase Database reader |
| dbxsr.* | Microsoft Outlook Express DBX reader |
| dcasr.* | Document Content Architecture/Revisable Form Text (DCA/RFT) reader |
| dcmsr.* | Digital Imaging and Communications in Medicine (DICOM) reader |
| difsr.* | Data Interchange Format reader |
| dmgsr.* | Mac Disk Copy Disk Image File reader |
| dw4sr.* | DisplayWrite reader |
| dxlsr.* | Domino XML Language reader |
| emlsr.* | Microsoft Outlook Express (EML) reader. This is used to filter EML files when the MBX reader is not licensed. |
| emxsr.* | Legato EMailXtender (EMX) reader |
| encasesr.* | Expert Witness Compression Format (EnCase) v6 reader |
| encase2sr.* | Expert Witness Compression Format (EnCase) v7 reader |
| entsr.* | Microsoft Entourage Database Format reader |
| epubsr.* | Open Publication Structure eBook reader |
| foliosr.* | Folio Flat File reader |
| gifsr.* | Graphics Interchange Format (GIF) reader |
| gwfssr.* | GroupWise FileSurf reader |
| hl7sr.* | Health level7 reader (metadata only) |
| htmsr.* | HTML and XHTML reader |
| hwpsr.* | Hangul 97 reader |
| hwposr.* | Hangul 2002, 2005, 2007 reader |

| File | Description |
|---------------|---|
| ichatsr.* | Apple iChat Log reader |
| icssr.* | Microsoft Outlook iCalendar reader |
| isosr.* | ISO-9660 CD Disc Image Format reader |
| iwss13sr.* | iWork 13 Numbers reader |
| iwwp13sr.* | iWork 13 Pages reader |
| iwwpsr.* | Apple iWork Pages reader |
| iwsssr.* | Apple iWork Numbers reader |
| jp2000sr.* | JPEG 2000 metadata reader |
| jpgsr.* | JPEG metadata reader |
| jtdsr.* | JustSystems Ichitaro reader |
| kpagrdr.* | Applix Presentations reader |
| kpCATrdr.* | CATIA format reader |
| kpcgmrdr.* | Computer Graphics Metafile reader |
| kpDWGrdr.* | AutoCAD Drawing format reader |
| kpDXFrdr.* | AutoCAD Drawing Exchange format reader |
| kpemfrdr.* | Enhanced Metafile reader |
| kpGFLrdr.* | Omni Graffle reader |
| kpgifrdr.* | Graphic Interchange Format (GIF) reader |
| kpiwpg13rdr.* | iWork 13 keynote reader |
| kpIWPGrdr.* | Apple iWork Keynote reader |
| kpjp2000rdr.* | JPEG 2000 reader |
| kpmsordr.* | Microsoft Office Drawing Objects (office 97, 2000, and XP) reader |
| kpnbmprdr.* | Notes Bitmap reader (for embedded images in DXL files) |
| kpODArdr.* | AutoCAD reader (Windows only) |
| kpodfrdr.* | Oasis Open Document Format presentation (ODP) reader |
| kpONErdr.* | Microsoft OneNote reader |
| kpoxdrdr.* | Open Office XML Diagram Graphics reader. |

| File | Description |
|--------------|---|
| kpp40rdr.* | Microsoft PowerPoint PC 4.0 and PowerPoint Mac reader |
| kpp95rdr.* | Microsoft PowerPoint 95 reader |
| kpp97rdr.* | Microsoft PowerPoint 97 and higher reader |
| kppctrdr.* | Macintosh Quick Draw Picture (PICT) reader |
| kppicrdr.* | Pictor PC Paint (PIC) reader |
| kpppxrdr.* | Microsoft PowerPoint XML reader 2007 |
| kpprerdr.* | Lotus Freelance Graphics for Windows V2.0 reader |
| kpprzrdr.* | Lotus Freelance Graphics 96/97/98 reader |
| kpsddrdr.* | StarOffice Impress reader |
| kpsdwrdr.* | Lotus Ami Pro Graphics reader |
| kpshwrdr.* | Corel Presentations reader |
| kpugrdr.* | Unigraphics (UG) NX reader |
| kpvsd2rdr.* | Microsoft Visio reader |
| kpvsdxrdr.* | Microsoft Visio 2013 reader |
| kpwg2rdr.* | WordPerfect Graphics 2 reader |
| kpwmfrdr.* | Windows Metafile reader |
| kpwpgrdr.* | WordPerfect Graphics 1 reader |
| kpXFDLrdr.* | Extensible Forms Description Language reader |
| kvgzsr.* | GZIP reader |
| kvhqxsr.* | BinHex reader |
| kvzeesr.* | UNIX Compress reader |
| l123sr.* | Lotus 123 v96/97/98 reader |
| lasr.* | Lotus AMI Pro reader |
| 1tbenn30.dll | Lotus Word Pro support (supported on Windows x86 platform only) |
| 1tscsn10.dll | Lotus Word Pro support (supported on Windows x86 platform only) |
| 1wpapin.dll | Lotus Word Pro support (supported on Windows x86 platform only) |
| 1wppann.dll | Lotus Word Pro support (supported on Windows x86 platform only) |

| File | Description |
|------------|---|
| lwpsr.dll | Lotus Word Pro reader (supported on Windows x86 platform only) |
| lzhsr.* | Microsoft Compression Folder reader |
| macbinsr.* | MacBinary reader |
| mbsr.* | Microsoft Word Macintosh reader |
| mbxsr.* | Mailbox (MBX) and Microsoft Outlook Express (EML) reader ¹ |
| mdbsr.* | Microsoft Access reader |
| mhtsr.* | MIME HTML reader |
| mifsr.* | Adobe Maker Interchange reader |
| misr.* | Microsoft Word 2 reader |
| mp3sr.* | MP3 reader for metadata extraction reader |
| mpeg4sr.* | MPEG-4 Audio file reader |
| mppsр.* | Microsoft Project reader |
| msgsr.* | Microsoft Outlook (MSG) reader |
| mspubsr.* | Microsoft Publisher reader |
| msw6sr.* | Microsoft Works 6 and 2000 reader |
| mswsr.* | Microsoft Works V1 and 2 reader |
| multiarcsr | ARJ Reader |
| mw6sr.* | Microsoft Word 95 reader |
| mw8sr.* | Microsoft Word 97, 2000, and XP reader |
| mwsr.* | Microsoft Word for DOS and Microsoft Write reader |
| mwssr.* | Microsoft Works Spreadsheet reader |
| mwxsr.* | Microsoft Word 2007 XML reader |
| nsfsr.* | Lotus Notes database reader 1 |
| oa2sr.* | Fujitsu Oasys reader |
| odfssr.* | Oasis Open Document Format spreadsheets (ODS) reader |

¹This reader is an advanced feature and is sold and licensed separately from KeyView Filter SDK. See [License Information, on page 18](#)

| File | Description |
|------------|---|
| odfwpsr.* | Oasis Open Document Format word processing (ODS) reader |
| olesr.* | Embedded OLE object reader |
| olmsr.* | Microsoft Outlook for Macintosh reader |
| onmsr.* | Legato EMailXtender Native Message reader |
| oo3sr.* | Omni Outliner reader |
| pdf2sr.* | Alternative Adobe Portable Document Format file (PDF) reader |
| pdfsr.* | Adobe Portable Document Format file (PDF) reader |
| pffsr.* | Microsoft Outlook Offline Storage File reader |
| pngsr.* | Portable Network Graphics (PNG) reader |
| pstsr.dll | Microsoft Outlook Personal Folders file MAPI-based reader (supported on Windows platform only) ¹ |
| pstnsr.* | Microsoft Outlook Personal Folders file native reader ¹ |
| qpssr.* | Corel Quattro Pro spreadsheet reader |
| qpwsr.* | Corel Quattro Pro version X4 spreadsheet reader |
| rarsr.* | RAR Archive reader |
| riffsr.* | Microsoft WAVE reader |
| rtfsr.* | Microsoft Rich Text reader |
| skypesr.* | Skype log file reader |
| sosr.* | StarOffice/OpenOffice reader |
| starcsr.* | StarOffice Calc reader |
| starwsr.* | StarOffice Writer reader |
| sunadsr.* | Sun Audio Data reader |
| swfsr.* | Macromedia Flash reader |
| tarsr.* | Tape archive reader |
| tifsr.* | TIFF reader (metadata only) |
| tnefsr.* | Transfer Neutral Encapsulation Format |
| unihtmsr.* | Unicode HTML reader |
| unisr.* | Unicode reader |

| File | Description |
|----------|--|
| unzip.* | Zip file reader |
| utf8sr.* | UTF-8 reader |
| uudsr.* | UUEncoding reader |
| vcfsr.* | Microsoft Outlook vCard Contact reader |
| vsdsr.* | Microsoft Visio reader |
| wkssr.* | Lotus 123 v2.0 through 5.0 reader |
| wosr.* | WordPerfect 5.x reader |
| wp6sr.* | WordPerfect 6.0 through 10.0 reader |
| wpmsr.* | WordPerfect for Macintosh reader |
| xlsbsr.* | Microsoft Office 2007 Excel Binary Format reader |
| xlssr.* | Microsoft Excel reader |
| xlsxsr.* | Microsoft Excel 2007 XML reader |
| xmlsr.* | Generic XML reader |
| xpssr.* | XML Paper Specification reader |
| xywsr.* | XYWrite reader |
| yimsr.* | Yahoo! Instant Messenger reader |
| z7zsr.* | 7-Zip reader |

Appendix G: Develop a Custom Reader

This section describes how to develop a reader for a format not supported by KeyView.

| | |
|--|-----|
| • Introduction | 260 |
| • How to Write a Custom Reader | 261 |
| • Development Tips | 271 |
| • Functions | 272 |

Introduction

The Filter SDK enables you to write custom readers for formats not directly supported by KeyView. A reader is required to parse the file format and generate a KeyView token stream, which represents the content and format of the document. Filter can then use this token stream to generate a text version of the original document. The readers interact with a structured access layer and a writer to generate a text file in Filter, an HTML file in HTML Export, an XML file in XML Export, and a near-to-original view of the document in the Viewing SDK.

The complexity of a custom reader depends on the file format used by the source document type. A simple reader extracts only the textual content, but ignores formatting and all other non-textual content. Readers of increasing complexity must address one or more of the following:

- formatting (including fonts, foreground and background colors, paragraph borders and shading, character and paragraph styles)
- tables
- lists
- headers
- footers
- footnotes
- endnotes
- graphics
- bookmarks to internal links
- hyperlinks to external documents or webpages
- other structures, such as a table of contents or index

Even a simple reader might have to parse the following components of a document:

- word processing commands or tags
- encrypted or encoded text
- multiple character sets

- text modified, but retained within the file
- text displayed in an order other than its physical occurrence within the source file

It is very important to fully understand the file specification for the file format used by the document. This is essential in determining how to parse the source file and generate a token stream that accurately and effectively represents the original document.

Within Filter, the custom reader must interact with a structured access layer and the format detection API, which in turn interacts with the top-level API. For a description of the Filter architecture, see .

The custom reader must have a module definition file (*.def) that defines the exported API function calls. In addition, the `formats.ini` file must be modified to identify the custom reader and its associated format detection function.

See the source code for the sample custom reader (`utf8sr`), which parses plain text files encoded in UTF-8. The source code is in the directory `install/samples/utf8sr`, where `install` is the path name of the Filter installation directory.

How to Write a Custom Reader

Two include files define the requirements for a custom reader: `kvcfsr.h` and `kvtoken.h`. The definitions of the KeyView tokens are in `kvtoken.h`. For more information on tokens, see [Token Buffer, on the next page](#). The file `kvcfsr.h` defines two structures: `TPReaderInterface` and `adTPDocInfo`.

The `TPReaderInterface` structure defines the API functions implemented by the custom reader. For basic readers, only the first four functions must be implemented. These functions are called by the structured access layer to parse the source file and generate the token stream.

All readers must be threadsafe. This means that global variables must not be used. To pass information between functions, it is necessary to define a "global" context structure that stores all information required throughout the life of the DLL. The initial parameter of all but one of the `TPReaderInterface` functions is a pointer to a global context structure defined for the custom reader.

The `adTPDocInfo` structure defines the information required for the format detection API, which associates the custom reader with the required file format.

Naming Conventions

Use the following naming conventions for functions and files:

- The initial letters of the custom reader file name should identify the file format being parsed. For example, `pdf` for Adobe PDF files, `rtf` for RTF files, and `xls` for Microsoft Excel files. In the examples in this appendix, this is represented by `xxx`.
- The name of the shared library must end with the letters `sr`.
- The name of the exported functions in the module definition file must be `xxxGetReaderInterface` and `xxxsrAutoDet`.

NOTE:

The letters `sr` are excluded from `xxxGetReaderInterface`, but are included in `xxxsrAutoDet`.

Basic Steps

The basic steps for developing a custom reader are as follows.

To develop a custom reader

1. Design the global context structure.
2. Write the basic API functions:

- `xxxAllocateContext()`
- `xxxInitDoc()`
- `xxxFillBuffer()`
- `xxxFreeContext()`
- `xxxCharSet()`
- `xxxsrAutoDet()`

From within the `xxxFillBuffer()` function, it is necessary to call other functions that repeatedly read a chunk of a source file, parse the chunk, and generate a token stream until the entire source file is processed.

3. Map all but the last function to the `TPReaderInterface` structure.
4. Write the module definition file (*.def), exporting the reader interface and format detection functions.
5. Modify the `formats.ini` file to identify the custom reader and its associated format detection function. See `xxxsrAutoDet()`, on page 272. For example, the following lines would be added to the `[Formats]` section of the `formats.ini` file for the UTF-8 reader:

```
456.1.0.0=utf8
[CustomFilters]
1=utf8sr
```

Token Buffer

Filter technology parses the native file structure to generate an intermediate stream called a *token buffer*. The token buffer consists of multiple sequences of tokens, which are defined in `kvtoken.h` and listed below.

```
#define KVT_TEXT          0x00 /* PutText() */
#define KVT_PARAINFO      0x01 /* SetParaInfo() */
#define KVT_SETTABS       0x02 /* SetTabs() */
#define KVT_TAB           0x03 /* Tab() */
#define KVT_MODE          0x04 /* SetMode() */
#define KVT_PARASPACE     0x05 /* SetParaSpace() */
#define KVT_ROWDEFN       0x06 /* DefineRow(), EndTable() */
#define KVT_COLUMNS       0x07 /* StartColumns(), etc. */
```

```
#define KVT_CELLSTART      0x08 /* NextCell() */
#define KVT_BITMAP         0x09 /* Reserved for annotations. */
#define KVT_PAGEOBJ       0x0A /* PutHeader(), PrintPage(), etc.*/
#define KVT_NOOP           0x0B /* Just skip a BYTE. */
#define KVT_PAGE_BREAK    0x0C /* PageBreak() */
#define KVT_PARA_BREAK    0x0D /* ParaEnd() */
#define KVT_LINE_BREAK    0x0E /* LineBreak() */
#define KVT_SET_FONT      0x0F /* SetFont() */
#define KVT_PAGE          0x10 /* SetPageInfo() */
#define KVT_HOTSPOT       0x11 /* StartHotSpot() */
#define KVT_LINESPACE     0x12 /* SetLineSpacing() */
#define KVT_COLOR         0x13 /* VESetTextColor(),VESetBkColor()*/
#define KVT_PICTURE       0x14 /* PutPicture() */
#define KVT_CELLMERGE     0x15 /* MergeCells() */
#define KVT_RULE          0x16 /* HorzRule() */
#define KVT_PATTERN       0x17 /* StartPattern(), etc. */
#define KVT_BORDER        0x18 /* StartParaBorder(), etc. */
#define KVT_HEADING       0x19 /* PutParaHeading() */
#define KVT_LISTING       0x1A /* StartList(), etc. */
#define KVT_CHARSET       0x1B /* SetCharSet() */
#define KVT_STYLE         0x1C /* PutCharStyle(), PutParaStyle()*/
#define KVT_BIDI          0x1D /* Set Bidirectional text */
#define KVT_LOCALE        0x1E /* Set locale of a document */
#define KVT_ZONE          0x1F /* StartZone(), EndZone() */
#define KVT_POSITION      0x20 /* SetPosition(), etc. */
#define KVT_AUTOREC       0x21 /* Reserved for Internal Use */
#define KVT_METADATA      0x22 /* Rsserved for Internal Use */
#define KVT_BYTEORDER     0x23 /* SetByteOrder() */
#define KVT_PARASPACEAUTO 0x24 /* SetParaSpaceAuto() */
#define KVT_ATTACH        0x25 /* PutAttachment() */
#define KVT_TOCPrintIMAGE 0x26 /* StartTOCPrintImage(), etc. */
#define KVT_STREAM        0x27 /* PutStream(),Reserved */
#define KVT_REVISIONMARK  0x28 /* StartRevisionMark(),
EndRevisionMark(), SetRMAuthor(), SetRMDateTime() */
#define KVT_DOCXTRINFO    0x29 /* SetDocXtrInfo() */
#define KVT_PCTEMDFT      0x30 /* SetPctEmdFt() */
```

A token is a single-byte identifier that corresponds to attributes in a document. Each token has one or more associated macros that provide detailed information about an attribute. Many of these tokens define components of the document, such as page margins, line indentation, and foreground and background color. Collectively, these are referred to as the *state* of the document. This state changes as the document is parsed.

Macros

Some of the macros are simple while others are complicated. An example of a simple macro is `ParaEnd (pcBuf)` which terminates the current paragraph.

```
#define ParaEnd(pcBuf) \
{ \
    *pcBuf++ = KVT_PARA_BREAK; \
    KVT_PUTINT(pcBuf, KVTSIZE_PARA_BREAK); \
}
```

In Filter SDK, this generates an `0x0d, 0x0a` pair of bytes on a Windows machine. In HTML Export this can generate a `<p style="...">` element, depending on the value of other paragraph attributes.

One of the more complicated macros is `PutPictureEx()`.

```
#define PutPictureEx(pcBuf, lpszKey, cx, cy, flags, \
    scaleHeight, scaleWidth, \
    cropFromL, cropFromT, cropFromR, cropFromB, \
    anchorHorizontal, anchorVertical, offsetX, offsetY) \
{ \
    PutPic(pcBuf, lpszKey, cx, cy, flags, \
    scaleHeight, scaleWidth, \
    cropFromL, cropFromT, cropFromR, cropFromB, \
    anchorHorizontal, anchorVertical, offsetX, offsetY, \
    180, 0, 180, 0, -1, 0, 0, 0, 0) \
}
```

You can generate a representation of the token stream by running `filtertest.exe` with the `-d` command-line option. This stream does not include the tokens generated for headers or footers. The `filtertest.exe` is in the directory `install\samples\utf8\bin`, where `install` is the path name of the Filter installation directory.

Reader Interface

All custom readers use the reader interface defined in `kvcfsr.h`. The members of this structure are:

```
fpAllocateContext()
fpInitDoc()
fpFillBuffer()
fpFreeContext()
fpHotSpothit()
fpGetSummaryInfo()
fpOpenStream()
fpCloseStream()
fpGetURL()
fpGetCharSet()
```

NOTE:

`fpHotSpothit()` and `fpGetURL()` are currently reserved and must be `NULL`.

Function Flow

The structured access layer calls the functions as follows:

1. `fpAllocateContext()` is called and returns a pointer to the global context structure.
2. After further processing within the structured access layer, `fpInitDoc()` is called. This function performs all required initialization for the global context structure and then returns control to the structured access layer.
3. After further processing within the structured access layer, the `fpFillBuffer()` function is called repeatedly until the document is completely parsed.
4. Finally, `fpFreeContext()` is called. This function frees all memory allocated within the custom reader and then returns control to the structured access layer.

Related Topics

- [Functions, on page 272](#)

Example Development of `fffFillBuffer()`

The following is an example of how the `fpFillBuffer()` function in `foliosr` could be developed. The example demonstrates how the code changes as limitations of the implementation are identified. With each implementation, code revisions are shown in bold.

Implementation 1—`fpFillBuffer()` Function

```
/******  
*Function: fffFillBuffer()  
*Summary: Read fff input from stream and parse into kvtoken.h codes  
*****/  
int pascal _export fffFillBuffer(  
    void      *pCFContext,  
    BYTE      *pcBuf,  
    UINT      *pnBufOut,  
    int       *pnPercentDone,  
    UINT      cbBufOutMax )  
{  
    BOOL bRetVal;  
    TPfffGlobals *pContext = (TPfffGlobals *)pCFContext;  
    pContext->pcBufOut = pcBuf;  
    fffReadSourceFile(pContext);  
    bRetVal = fffProcessBuffer(pContext, pcBuf);  
    *pnPercentDone = (int)(pContext->unTotalBytesProcessed *  
        (UINT)100 / pContext->unFileSize);  
    *pnBufOut = (UINT)(pContext->pcBufOut - pcBuf);  
    return (bRetVal ? KVERR_Success : KVERR_General);  
}
```

The parameters in `fffFillBuffer()` are as follows:

| Parameter | In/Out | Description |
|---------------|--------|--|
| pCFContext | In | A pointer to the context structure of the custom reader. |
| pcBuf | In/Out | A pointer to the token output buffer. |
| pnBufOut | Out | A pointer to the number of bytes written to the output buffer. |
| pnPercentDone | Out | A pointer to the percentage complete. |
| cbBufOutMax | In | The maximum number of bytes that the token output buffer can hold. |

Structure of Implementation 1

1. The local variable `pContext` is set to the address of the `pCFContext` void pointer, cast to a pointer to the global context structure for the reader. This provides access to all members of this structure.
2. After setting the `pContext` variable, a call is made to read the source file.
3. Next, a call is made to `fffProcessBuffer()`. The second parameter in the call is a pointer to the token output buffer. If this call fails, usually because of memory allocation errors, it returns `FALSE`.
4. The percentage complete is calculated.
5. The number of `BYTES` written to the token output buffer is calculated. This is based on the value of `pContext->pcBufOut`, which is increased each time a token is written to the buffer.
6. The function returns to the structured access layer.
7. Subsequent calls to `fffFillBuffer()` are made by the structured access layer until the percentage complete is 100.

Problems with Implementation 1

- There is a limit to the size of the token output buffer, typically 4 KB. If `fffProcessBuffer()` generates a token stream larger than this, there is a memory overflow. If `fffProcessBuffer()` generates a small token stream and the entire file has not been read, the output token buffer is underutilized.
- It might not be possible to process the entire input buffer from the source file because of boundary conditions. An example of a "boundary condition" is when the input buffer terminates part way through a control sequence in the original document. Another file read operation is required before the complete control sequence can be parsed.
- This function might be interrupted by other calls from the structured access layer to process headers, footers, footnotes, and endnotes, or to retrieve the document summary information. This can cause values of variables in the global context to change, and the source file to be repositioned.

Implementation 2—Processing a Large Token Stream

Implementation 2 addresses the problem of processing a token stream that is larger than the output buffer size limit.

```

/*****
* Function:   fffFillBuffer()
* Summary:    Read fff input from stream and parse into kvtoken.h codes
*****/
int pascal _export fffFillBuffer(
    void      *pCfContext,
    BYTE      *pcBuf,
    UINT      *pnBufOut,
    int       *pnPercentDone,
    UINT      cbBufOutMax )
{
    BOOL bRetVal = TRUE;
    TPfffGlobals *pContext = (TPfffGlobals *)pCfContext;
    pContext->pcBufOut = pcBuf;
    pContext->cbBufOutMax = 9 * cbBufOutMax / 10; /* Process the portion of the
    fff file that is in the input buffer but do * not return from the fffFillBuffer()
    function unless the output buffer is * at least 90% full. If any of the memory
    allocations fail during the * execution of fffProcessBuffer(), bRetVal will be
    set to FALSE, resulting * in this conversion failing "gracefully".
        */
    do
    {
        if( pContext->bBufOutFull )
        {
            pContext->bBufOutFull = FALSE;
        }
        else
        {
            fffReadSourceFile(pContext);
        }
        bRetVal = fffProcessBuffer(pContext, pcBuf);
        *pnPercentDone = (int)(pContext->unTotalBytesProcessed *
            (UINT)100 / pContext->unFileSize);
    }while( bRetVal && !pContext->bBufOutFull && *pnPercentDone < 100 );
    *pnBufOut = (UINT)(pContext->pcBufOut - pcBuf);
    return (bRetVal ? KVERR_Success : KVERR_General);
}

```

Structure of Implementation 2

1. cbBufOutMax is used to set pContext->cbBufOutMax. This is used in fffProcessBuffer() to monitor how full the token output buffer becomes as the source file is processed.
2. When the source file input buffer has been processed, fffProcessBuffer() returns, and the percentage complete is calculated.

3. If the token output buffer is not filled to a value greater than `pContext->cbBufOutMax`, `pContext->bBufOutFull` remains set to `FALSE`, and if the percentage complete is less than 100, the `do-while` loop is re-entered without returning from this function to the structured access layer. There is another call to `fffReadSourceFile()`, followed by `fffProcessBuffer()`.
4. When the token output buffer is filled to a value greater than `pContext->cbBufOutMax`, `pContext->bBufOutFull` is set to `TRUE`. In this case, the `do-while` loop ends, the number of bytes written to the token output buffer is calculated, and control returns to the structured access layer.
5. The structured access layer continues to make calls to `fffFillBuffer()` until the entire source file is processed.
6. Each time the structured access layer calls `fffFillBuffer()`, another empty token output buffer is provided for the custom reader to use.
7. If the previous call to `fffFillBuffer()` exited because the previous token output buffer exceeded allowable capacity, `pContext->bBufOutFull` is reset to `FALSE` and no call is made to read the next buffer from the input source file.

Problems with Implementation 2

- It might not be possible to process the entire input buffer from the source file because of boundary conditions.
- This function might be interrupted by other calls from the structured access layer to process headers, footers, footnotes, or endnotes, or to retrieve the document summary information. This can cause values of variables in the global context to change, and the source file to be repositioned.

Boundary Conditions

A boundary condition can result from many situations arising from input file processing. For example, the input buffer might end with an incomplete command. In Folio flat files, this could be an incomplete element. In other word processing documents, a boundary condition might result from an incomplete control sequence, a split double-byte character, or a partial UTF-7 or UTF-8 sequence. These can be handled jointly by `fffProcessBuffer()`, which must detect the boundary condition, and `fffReadSourceFile()`.

The following example shows partial code used in `fffReadSourceFile()`:

```
/* *****  
 *  
 * Function:    fffReadSourceFile()  
 *  
 * ***** */  
int pascal fffReadSourceFile(TPfffGlobals *pContext)  
{  
    int nBytes;  
    /* Transfer remaining data to beginning of buffer prior to next read */  
    if( pContext->nResidualBytes )  
    {  
        memcpy(pContext->cInputBuf, pContext->pcBufIn, pContext->nResidualBytes);  
    }  
}
```

```

/* Read from file, without over-writing any text from the previous buffer */
nBytes = (*pContext->pIO->kwReadFunc)(pContext->pIO,
    pContext->cInputBuf + pContext->nResidualBytes,
    BUFFERSIZE - pContext->nResidualBytes);
/* Update input buffer control parameters */
pContext->unTotalBytesRead += (UINT)nBytes;
pContext->pcBufIn = pContext->cInputBuf;
pContext->pcBufInMax = pContext->pcBufIn + pContext->nResidualBytes + nBytes;
pContext->nResidualBytes = 0;
return nBytes;
}

```

If `fffProcessBuffer()` is unable to process the entire input source file buffer, it sets the value for `pContext->nResidualBytes`. When the next call to `fffReadSourceFile()` is made, any residual bytes are copied to the beginning of the input source file buffer, and the number of bytes to be read is reduced to make sure that this buffer does not overflow.

A good way to test the code for boundary conditions is to vary the size of `BUFFERSIZE` and make sure that the results remain consistent.

NOTE:

With `ReadSourceFile()`, the source file can be read by calls to retrieve header or footer information. If this occurs, the value for `pContext->unTotalBytesRead` is incorrect.

Implementation 3—Interrupting Structured Access Layer Calls

Implementation 3 addresses the problem of boundary conditions and interrupting calls from the structured access layer.

```

/*****
* Function:   fffFillBuffer()
* Summary:    Read fff input from stream and parse into kvtoken.h codes
*****/
int pascal _export fffFillBuffer(
    void      *pCFContext,
    BYTE      *pcBuf,
    UINT      *pnBufOut,
    int       *pnPercentDone,
    UINT      cbBufOutMax )
{
    double dTotalBytesProcessed, dFileSize;
    BOOL bRetVal = TRUE;
    TPfffGlobals *pContext = (TPfffGlobals *)pCFContext;
    pContext->pcBufOut = pcBuf;
    pContext->cbBufOutMax = 9 * cbBufOutMax / 10;
    /* Process the portion of the fff file that is in the input buffer but do
    * not return from the fffFillBuffer() function unless the output buffer is
    * at least 90% full. If any of the memory allocations fail during the
    * execution of fffProcessBuffer(), bRetVal will be set to FALSE, resulting
    * in this conversion failing "gracefully". */

```

```
do
{
    if( pContext->bBufOutFull )
    {
        pContext->bBufOutFull = FALSE;
    }
    else
    {
        fffReadSourceFile(pContext);
    }
    bRetVal = fffProcessBuffer(pContext, pcBuf);
    if( pContext->bHeaderCompleted )

{
    *pnPercentDone = 100;
    pContext->bHeaderCompleted = FALSE;
}
    else if( pContext->bFooterCompleted )

{
    *pnPercentDone = 100;
    pContext->bFooterCompleted = FALSE;
}
    else

{
        if( pContext->unTotalBytesProcessed >= pContext->unFileSize )
        {
            *pnPercentDone = 100;
        }
        else if( pContext->unFileSize < FFF_MAX_ULONG )
        {
            *pnPercentDone = (int)(pContext->unTotalBytesProcessed *
(UINT)100 / pContext->unFileSize);
        }
        else

{
            dTotalBytesProcessed = pContext->unTotalBytesProcessed;
            dFileSize = pContext->unFileSize;
            *pnPercentDone = (int)(dTotalBytesProcessed * 100 / dFileSize);
        }
    }
}while( bRetVal && !pContext->bBufOutFull && *pnPercentDone < 100 );
*pnBufOut = (UINT)(pContext->pcBufOut - pcBuf);
return (bRetVal ? KVERR_Success : KVERR_General);
}
```

Structure of Implementation 3

- The most significant change in Implementation 3 is the addition of the code that checks whether the processing of the header or footer is complete. The variables for `pContext->bHeaderCompleted` and `pContext->bFooterCompleted` are set to `TRUE` in `fffProcessBuffer()` when a header or footer is processed and the end of that portion of the document is reached.
- The other piece of code added in Implementation 3 is unique to `foliosr`. Folio files can be 50 MB or larger. Therefore, an unsigned integer is too small to accurately calculate the percentage complete. If the file size exceeds `FFF_MAX_ULONG`, which is defined as `(UINT)(0xFFFFFFFF / 0x64)`, the doubles are used for that calculation.
- Prior to returning, the token output buffer is as full as possible and never overflows. The minimum number of calls is made.

Development Tips

- Avoid unnecessary initialization.

The context variable is allocated in `fpAllocateContext()`. This structure must be immediately `memset()` to zero. This sets all `BOOL` values to `FALSE`, all pointers to `NULL`, and all integers to 0. Only non-zero, non-`NULL` and `BOOL`s that must be `TRUE` need to be initialized. This is best done in `fpInitDoc()`.

- Know where you are in the input source file.

If you are processing headers, footers, notes, or (in the case of `rtfsr`) tables, you must be able to reposition the file pointer as required.

- Check buffer boundaries continuously.

Whenever you advance through the buffer, you need to know whether there is enough of the input stream to completely process the current command. If not, you need to append the next section of the input file before continuing.

- Strive for a "clean" token stream.

Use `filtertest` with the `-d` command-line option to generate a *token* version of the document. If there are redundant tokens, the reader is producing an inefficient token stream. You can keep the token stream free from redundancies by storing the state of the document and then applying the changes only when content is encountered. Content can be text, tabs, or picture objects. The `filtertest.exe` is in the directory `install\samples\utf8\bin`, where `install` is the path name of the Filter installation directory.

- Avoid large `switch()` statements whenever possible. They make both development and debugging more complicated than necessary. If there is a fixed set of commands, consider using a hash table that enables you to quickly identify a pointer to the function that handles that command.
- Filtering document metadata is a separate process.

Remember that `fpGetSummaryInfo()` is a completely separate process from the rest of your code. It creates its own context variable structure. It does not have to call `fpFillBuffer()`.

- Use caution when processing headers, footers, and notes.

If you need to process these items, the structured access layer calls `fpOpenStream()` and `fpCloseStream()`. It is critical that you save the state of your document and the file pointer position prior to returning from `fpOpenStream()`. Prior to returning from `fpCloseStream()`, you must restore the file pointer and the previous state of your document.

- Test your code.

The structured access layer for each SDK is unique. Test your code in Filter SDK, Export SDK, and Viewing SDK.

Functions

This section describes the functions used by custom readers to manage the source file and generate token streams required to convert a document.

xxxxsrAutoDetO

This function analyzes the source document and determines whether the detected file format requires the custom reader. It is called only when the `[CustomFilters]` section of the `formats.ini` file contains an entry identifying the complete file name of the custom reader. For more information on the `formats.ini` file, see [File Format Detection, on page 203](#).

Syntax

```
Bool pascal _export xxxxsrAutoDet(  
    adTPDocInfo    *pTPDocInfo,  
    KPTPIOobj      *pIO)
```

Arguments

`pTPDocInfo` A pointer to the `adTPDocInfo` structure provided by the structured access layer.

`pIO` A pointer to the I/O stream object for the document processed.

Returns

- TRUE if the file format matches that of the custom reader.
- FALSE if the file format does not match that of the custom reader.

Discussion

- Typically, only the first 1 KB of the file is read into a buffer and analyzed to determine if it matches the file format of the custom reader. If a match is determined, the following four members of the `adTPDocInfo` structure must be assigned before returning TRUE:

| | |
|------------------------|---|
| <code>adClass</code> | Must be set to 1. |
| <code>adFormat</code> | A numerical value assigned to this reader in the <code>[Formats]</code> section of the <code>formats.ini</code> file. |
| <code>descStr</code> | A string describing the file format. |
| <code>mMnmemStr</code> | The initial part of the custom reader file name with the "sr" excluded. |

- If the return value is `TRUE`, the custom reader is used to parse the file and generate the token stream.
- If the return value is `FALSE`, all other readers in the `[CustomFilters]` section of the `formats.ini` file are tried. If no match is found, the file detection process continues checking for the formats supported by Filter SDK.
- The entry in the `[Formats]` section of the `formats.ini` file should be of the form `aaa.bbb.ccc.ddd`, where `aaa` is the value used for the `adFormat` parameter, `bbb` is the value of the file class, `ccc` is the value of the minor format, and `ddd` is the value of the major version.

xxxAllocateContext()

This function allocates a global memory block for a data context. A handle to this memory is returned to the structured access layer. The structured access layer passes this handle back to all reader entry points.

Syntax

```
void * pascal _export xxxAllocateContext(
    void                *pSALContext,
    LPARAM (pascal *fp)(void *,
    UINT                LPARAM),
    Bool                *pbOpenDoc,
    TPVAPIServices      *pVapi,
    DWORD               dwFlags)
```

Arguments

| | |
|--------------------------|---|
| <code>pSALContext</code> | A pointer to the global data context structure of the structured access layer. |
| <code>fp</code> | A pointer to a structure of callback functions supported by the structured access layer. |
| <code>pbOpenDoc</code> | You must set this <code>BOOL</code> value to <code>TRUE</code> if the allocation of memory for the global data context structure is successful. |
| <code>pVapi</code> | A pointer to a structure providing memory management and character conversion functions. Because this functionality is proprietary to Micro Focus, <code>TPVAPIServices</code> is redefined as <code>void</code> in <code>kvcfsr.h</code> . |
| <code>dwFlags</code> | Run-time flags controlled by the structured access layer. |

Returns

- Upon success, a pointer to the global data context structure for the custom reader. This pointer is passed back to all other custom reader entry points.
- Upon error, a NULL pointer. This causes the structured access layer to shut down the process.

Discussion

The global context structure should be `memset()` to zero in this function.

xxxFreeContext()

This function terminates an instance of the custom reader.

Syntax

```
int pascal _export xxxFreeContext(void *pCFContext)
```

Arguments

`pCFContext` A pointer to the global context structure for the custom reader.

Returns

- Upon success, `KVERR_Success`.
- Upon error, a non-zero error code.

Discussion

All memory that still remains allocated within the custom reader must be freed within this function.

xxxInitDoc()

This function initializes non-zero, non-null members of `pContext`.

Syntax

```
int pascal _export xxxInitDoc(  
    void                *pCFContext,  
    adDocDesc           *pAutoInfo,  
    long                lcbFileSize,  
    KPTPIOobj           *pIO )
```

Arguments

| | |
|--------------------------|---|
| <code>pCfContext</code> | A pointer to the global context structure for the custom reader. |
| <code>pAutoInfo</code> | A pointer to an <code>adDocDesc</code> structure defined in <code>kwautdef</code> . |
| <code>lcbFileSize</code> | The length of the source file in bytes. |
| <code>pIo</code> | A pointer to a <code>KPTPIOobj</code> structure defined in <code>kvioobj.h</code> . |

Returns

- Upon success, `KVERR_Success`.
- Upon error, a non-zero error code. This causes the structured access layer to shut down the process.

Discussion

- For custom readers, the `pAutoInfo` variable can be ignored.
- If the structured access layer has determined the length of the source file, that value is provided by the `lcbFileSize` parameter. If it is zero, the file size must be determined in this function.
- The pointer `pIO` provides access to file management functions defined in `kvioobj.h`.
- In this function, all non-zero, non-NULL members of the global context structure should be initialized.

xxxFillBuffer()

This function controls parsing of the source file and generation of tokens defined in `kvtoken.h`.

Syntax

```
int  pascal _export xxxFillBuffer(  
    void      *pCfContext,  
    BYTE      *pcBuf,  
    UINT      *pnBufOut,  
    int       *pnPercentDone,  
    UINT      cbBufOutMax)
```

Arguments

| | |
|-------------------------|--|
| <code>pCfContext</code> | A pointer to the global context structure for the custom reader. |
| <code>pcBuf</code> | A pointer to a memory buffer to which the tokens are written. |
| <code>pnBufOut</code> | A pointer to a variable that specifies the actual number of bytes written to the token |

buffer.

pnPercentDone A pointer to a variable that specifies the percentage completed of the file parsing.

cbBufOutMax A pointer to a variable that specifies the maximum number of bytes written to the token buffer.

Returns

- Upon success, `KVERR_Success`.
- Upon error, a non-zero error code. This causes the structured access layer to shut down the process.

Discussion

- Calls are made to read and parse the source file within this function.
- This function is called repeatedly by the structured access layer until either the return value is `FALSE` or the percentage complete is 100.
- The actual number of bytes written to the token buffer must not exceed the value of `cbBufOutMax`.

xxxGetSummaryInfo()

This function is required to extract document summary information.

Syntax

```
int  pascal _export xxxGetSummaryInfo(  
    void          *pCfContext,  
    KVSummaryInfoEx *pInfo,  
    BOOL          bFreeInfo)
```

Arguments

pCfContext A pointer to the global context structure for the custom reader.

pInfo A pointer to a `KVSummaryInfoEx` structure defined in `kvtypes.h`.

bFreeInfo A `BOOL` value indicating whether to free memory allocated for summary information.

Returns

- Upon success, `KVERR_Success`.
- Upon error, a non-zero error code.

Discussion

This function uses an instance of the global context structure that is different from the one used by all other reader interface functions.

This function can call the same functions used by `xxxFillBuffer()` or can be completely independent.

For more information, see .

xxxOpenStream()

This function is required when initiating processing of peripheral elements such as document headers, footers, footnotes, and endnotes.

Syntax

```
int pascal _export xxxOpenStream(  
    void      *pCfContext,  
    int       type,  
    int       nOrdinal)
```

Arguments

- | | |
|-------------------------|---|
| <code>pCfContext</code> | A pointer to the global context structure for the custom reader. |
| <code>type</code> | An integer identifying a specific header, footer, footnote, or endnote. Options are defined in <code>kvcfsr.h</code> . |
| <code>nOrdinal</code> | An integer identifying a specific header, footer, footnote, or endnote. See the associated macros in <code>kvtoken.h</code> . |

Returns

- Upon success, `KVERR_Success`.
- Upon error, a non-zero error code.

Discussion

A call to this function results in a call to `xxxFillBuffer()`. The function `xxxFillBuffer()` provides a new empty output buffer and a new token stream input buffer to process the alternate stream for peripheral elements. In this alternate stream, paragraph and character style properties are likely different from the main body. Therefore, as the document is parsed, the existing values from the main body must be saved. When the processing of the alternate stream is completed and processing of the main body resumes, these values must be restored in `xxxCloseStream()`.

xxxCloseStream()

This function is required when terminating processing for document headers, footers, footnotes, and endnotes.

Syntax

```
int pascal _export xxxCloseStream(  
    void      *pCFContext,  
    int       type)
```

Arguments

pCFContext A pointer to the global context structure for the custom reader.

type An integer identifying a specific header, footer, footnote, or endnote. Options are defined in `kvcfsr.h`.

Returns

- Upon success, `KVERR_Success`.
- Upon error, a non-zero error code.

Discussion

Prior to exiting this function, the previously saved values in the global context structure must be restored. This ensures that processing of the main body resumes with the correct document state.

xxxCharSet()

This function identifies the character encoding used within the source document.

Syntax

```
KVCharSet pascal _export xxxCharSet(  
    void      *pCFContext,  
    BOOL      *bMSBLSB)
```

Arguments

pCFContext A pointer to the global context structure for the custom reader.

bMSBLSB The `BOOL` value required for Unicode text. Set this argument to `TRUE` for Big Endian and `FALSE` for Little Endian.

Returns

One of the enumerated values defined in the `KVCharSet` structure of `kvtypes.h`.

Discussion

If the custom reader can determine the character encoding of the document, the corresponding enumerated value is returned. If the character encoding cannot be determined, `KVCS_UNKNOWN` is returned.

Appendix H: Password Protected Files

This section lists supported password-protected container and non-container files and describes how to open them.

- [Supported Password Protected File Types](#)280

Supported Password Protected File Types

The following table lists the password-protected file types that KeyView supports.

Key to support table

| Symbol | Description |
|--------|--|
| Y | Format is supported. |
| N | Format is not supported. |
| S | Support for viewing subfiles. |
| V | Support for viewing content. |
| P | Password required. |
| C | Password and certificate or User ID file required. |

Supported password-protected file types

| File Type | Version | Filter | Export | Extract | View | Credentials |
|--------------------------------|---------|--------|--------|---------|------|-------------|
| PST (Windows) | n/a | N | N | Y | S | P |
| PST (non-Windows) ¹ | n/a | N | N | Y | S | N |
| ZIP | n/a | N | N | Y | S | P |
| 7-Zip | n/a | N | N | Y | S | P |
| RAR | n/a | N | N | Y | S | P |
| SMIME in MSG, EML, MBX | n/a | N | N | Y | N | C |
| Lotus Notes NSF | n/a | N | N | Y | N | C |

¹The native PST reader, `pstnsr`, does not require credentials to open password-protected PST files that use compressible encryption.

Supported password-protected file types, continued

| File Type | Version | Filter | Export | Extract | View | Credentials |
|------------------|-------------------------|--------|--------|---------|------|-------------|
| Adobe PDF | n/a | Y | Y | Y | V | P |
| Microsoft Office | 97-2003 2007 2010 | Y | Y | Y | V | P |

Send documentation feedback

If you have comments about this document, you can [contact the documentation team](#) by email. If an email client is configured on this system, click the link above and an email window opens with the following information in the subject line:

Feedback on Filter SDK C++ Programming Guide (Micro Focus KeyView 12.1)

Add your feedback to the email and click **Send**.

If no email client is available, copy the information above to a new message in a web mail client, and send your feedback to swpdl.idoldocsfeedback@microfocus.com.

We appreciate your feedback!